

Ozone Notes

Ozone Quadrangle, Ark Sections

Spadra Creek 1-6 ✓

Rock Creek 1-12 ✓

Narrows Fault block 1-50

Hagerville Mountain 1-5 ✓

Atoka Base 1-30

Steep Ozone 1-20 ✓

Strawberry II 1-5 ✓

Narrows West 1-3 ✓

Sections

Monday
Oct 5, 1959

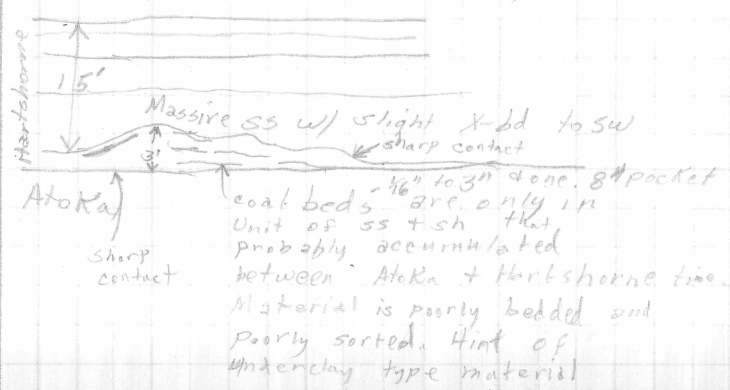
Colony Mtn - NW edge

Ozone - Knoxville quad boundary
T10N R22W - NE corner Sec 26

Sample Hartsborne 1-G

Sandstone may be 75' thick
Contact with Atoka shale sharp
and well exposed. May be a
sandstone dike in Atoka
Hartsborne cross bedding in
lower 15' of unit averages
S 30° W. Samples from this
lower 15'. Sandstone seems
to have abundant white chips
and other non-quartz minerals
At no place is sandstone
weathered to white, pink, or
brown -- it is all gray

G-2-59 - Photo by Merewether - HP-1
NE Corner of Colony Mtn, Ozone quad



G-3-59

Merewether photo HP-2

NE corner of Colony Mtn. South
of G-2-59. Much the same
relationship as described. About
2 to 4 feet of coal-bearing
shale, sandstone, and siltstone between
Atoka Shale and massive Hartshorne.
Loading has bent the coal beds
slightly to conform to the
massive ss bottom. This is
a zone of coal lenses - here
and elsewhere, no coal can be
traced more than 10' before it
pinches out. See sketch on following
page

Thin to massive beds

X-bed in part

3' coal bed - ends abruptly



poorly developed conglomerate

Atoka Silty shale
Definite angular unconformity

Tuesday, Oct 6, 1959

G-4-59 West side of Colony Mtn, Ozark Quad

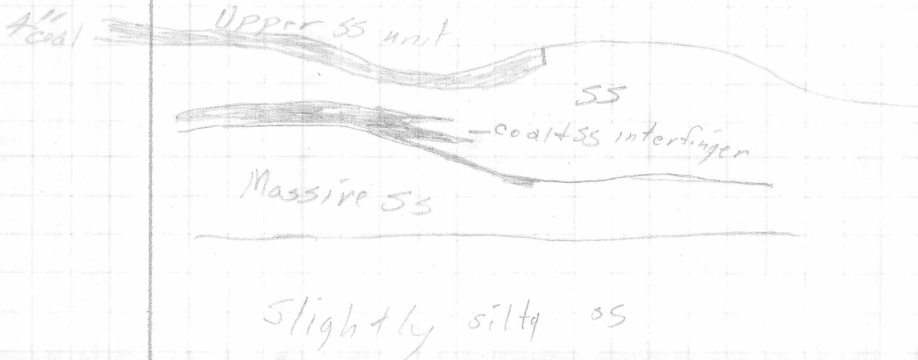
Hartshorne sandstone

Lower 40'± of unit holds up a bench around edge of mountain. On point (G-4-59) beds are more massive than usual. Lower 30' at least is in beds 5' to 10' thick. These form cliff. They show cross bedding where weathered and dip is mostly southwest. Sand is well sorted and v.f. to f. gr.

G-5-59

Colony Mtn

Coal in lower part of Hartshorne. Here the coal bearing lower unit is 6' thick. It contains sandstone beds 2' thick and probably is separated from overlying sandstone unit, but separation is not as obvious as at G-3-59



Wed Oct 7, 1959

See p. 31, NF 45 & 46

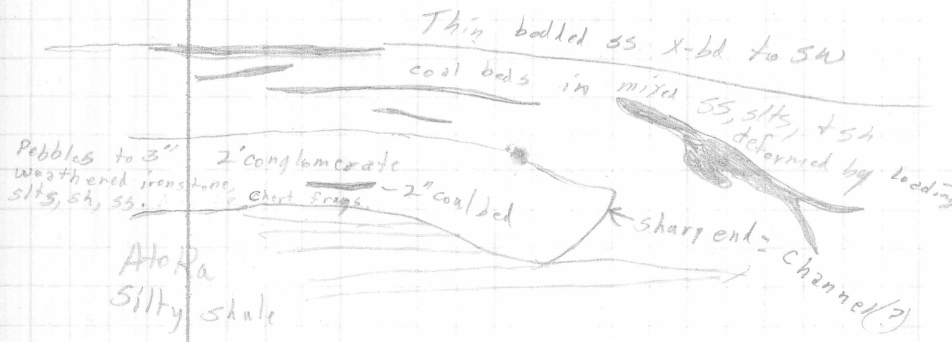
G-6-59

West side of Soul Mtn., Ozark quad

Massive sandstone with base @ 670 channels into underlying silty shale. It cuts down at least 15' in 100 yards and contact clearly shows the cutting out of the underlying shale.

The massive sandstone of the channel is not cross bedded. Farther north along the outcrop, faint cross bedding to fair cross bedding develops in thinner bedded ss. Some of the sandstone is shaly even 20' above the base. Lower part of unit (2'-3') contains some thin coal streaks, up to 1/4" thick.

Good photo about center of west side of Soul Mtn.



Good spot for photo
G-7-59 1 Mile east of Hagarville on east bank
of Little Piney Creek south of
489 elevation

Upper Atoka sandstone is about 20'
thick here. X-f. gr, thin-bedded, med
gray. Grain size rather even and
sandstone is fairly clean. Weathers
to irregular slabs 4" thick with
unconform, upper and lower surfaces.
Top of unit makes bench along
stream and appears to be separated from
overlying sandy unit.

~~Hartsburg~~
200' dark gray
clay shale that
may grade into silty shale

10' silty shale to siltstone

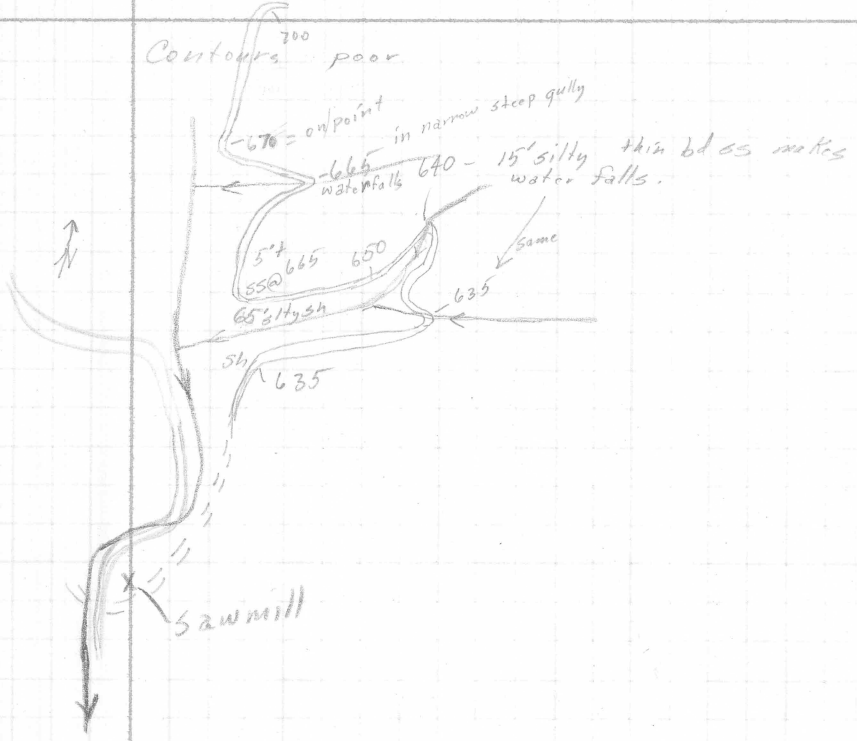
1" to 2" coal bed
↑ siltstone
2' transitional
↓ soft sandstone

20' sandstone

Lower part X-bd sw

Thursday, Oct 8, 1959

East side of Little Grand Creek, Ozark geol



(8)
Saturday, Oct 9, 1959

Spadra Creek section

Center NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec 31, T. 11N, R. 23W.
Starts on tributary to Spadra creek.

Measured by Haly, recorded by Glick

SC-1
19' 7"

Shale, dark gray, slightly silty; fine to medium grains of mica; beds $\frac{1}{16}$ " to $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick; upper 11" is not silty; Contact between this shale and overlying unit is sharp - channel type contact

Spadra creek- tributary junction

SC-2
24' 6"

Sandstone, light-gray (limonite stained), fine to medium grained; coarse mica; abundant red ironstone nodules to $\frac{1}{2}$ " in diameter by 1" long, ovoid; Unit is massive and is about all one bed but has trace of loading structures and hint of cross bedding; forms overhanging cliff on west side of creek and up west side of tributary; 3' 0" ^(8 1/2" above base) zone ironstone and dark-gray shale layers to $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick. Shows cross bedding - current from N 75° E. Some features on base of beds look like aligned flute casts, but may be load structures. Unit may be stream deposit

SC-3
4' 6"

Sandstone, weathers to olive-gray, medium-grained; abundant coarse to very coarse sand grains; also silt and very fine sand; abundant ironstone pebbles $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick and as much as 2" long; cross bedding shows current from NE. This is part of cliff forming unit starting with SC-2 -- grains of SC-3 are larger. Both units show poorly developed ripple marks.

SC-4
5' 6"

Sandstone, olive-gray, fine to medium-grained, silty; abundant ironstone concretions in layers $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick and as much as 6' long. Thin layers to $\frac{1}{2}$ " dark gray to gray shale; contains thin carbonaceous streaks, almost coal, with coarse plates of mica. Top of unit undulates and is slightly ripple marked. Sharply separated from SC-5.

(About 85' from top of this sandstone to base of overlying sandstone)

54' 1"

(10)

5C-5

5' 6"

Sandstone, siltstone, and shale interbedded

60% Sandstone, medium-gray, fine-grained; irregular beds $\frac{1}{2}$ " to 8" thick. Top of beds are ripple marked. Bottoms are in part poorly fluted and one prod mark blind N-S

15% Siltstone, medium-gray in irregular beds $\frac{1}{8}$ " to $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick

25% Shale is dark-gray in beds to $\frac{1}{8}$ "

Top of unit is 9" bed of clean quartzose sandstone with grains that range from coarse silt to very fine sand

5C-6
28' 9"

Shale, siltstone, and sandstone, interbedded

Sandstone, medium-gray, silty, very fine to fine grained, quartzose; irregular beds to 3" thick. Sandstone in lower 3' of unit

Siltstone, medium-gray, beds irregular up to $\frac{1}{2}$ " thick

Shale, dark-gray, beds to $\frac{1}{4}$ "

SC-6 (cont)

Lower 3'0" = 20% ss, 30% slts,
and 50% shale

Next 4'0" = 60% shale, 40% slts

Entire unit grades upward from
coarser grains to finer grains

End of section

(12)

Oct 11, 1959

Rock Creek section -- upper
Atoka shale and lower Hartshorne
sandstone. Measured by Haley & Glick

SW Corner NW $\frac{1}{4}$, sec 5, T10N, R23W
From first Atoka sandstone top to
Hartshorne base is about 240'. This
section, therefore, starts 160' \pm above ~~Atoka~~ ^{base}

RC-1
17' 7"

Shale, weathers yellowish-brown
and light gray; beds as much
as $\frac{1}{4}$ " thick; contains plant
fragments; upper 4" is weathered
ironstone band with ostracods,
gastropods, pelecypods? and
brachiopods?

RC-2
23' 0"

Shale as RC-1; dark gray where
fresh. Weathers to a "splintery"
mass that stands 20' high
in the road cut.

RC-3
11' 6"

Siltstone, weathers to light olive gray;
beds $\frac{1}{8}$ " to $\frac{3}{4}$ "; coarse-grained
silt that may be in part
v.f. sandstone; 20% of unit
may be silty shale, weathered
light gray;

