

UNITED STATES
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
WATER RESOURCES DIVISION

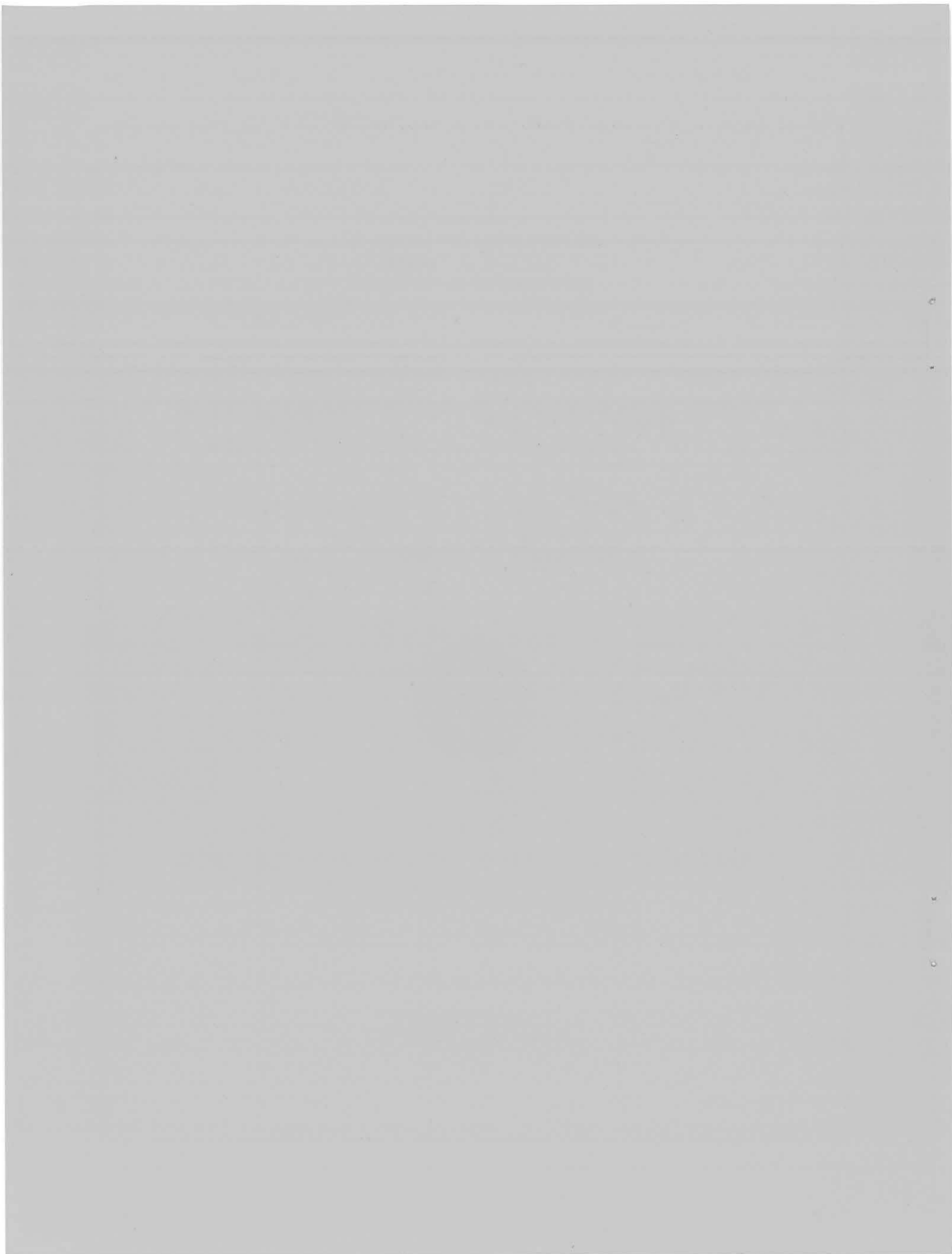
DIGITAL-COMPUTER PROGRAMS FOR ANALYSIS OF GROUND-WATER FLOW

By M. S. Bedinger, J. E. Reed,
and J. D. Griffin



Prepared by the U.S. Geological Survey in cooperation with the
Arkansas Geological Commission

Open-File Report
Little Rock, Arkansas
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INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this report is to describe for hydrologic application three digital computer programs—GROUND-WATER FLOW, RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS, and EVAPOTRANSPIRATION. The programs apply digital-computer solutions to previously described mathematical and hydrologic techniques. Before using the programs, the reader should be familiar with the background references given under the description of each program.

The GROUND-WATER FLOW program computes the head response in an aquifer to various boundary conditions. The EVAPOTRANSPIRATION program computes the steady-state relation between evapotranspiration and depth to water as a function of thickness and layering of fine-grained material overlying the aquifer. The output from EVAPOTRANSPIRATION is applicable in some problems as boundary criteria in the GROUND-WATER FLOW program. The relation between the EVAPOTRANSPIRATION program and the GROUND-WATER FLOW program is shown in figure 1.

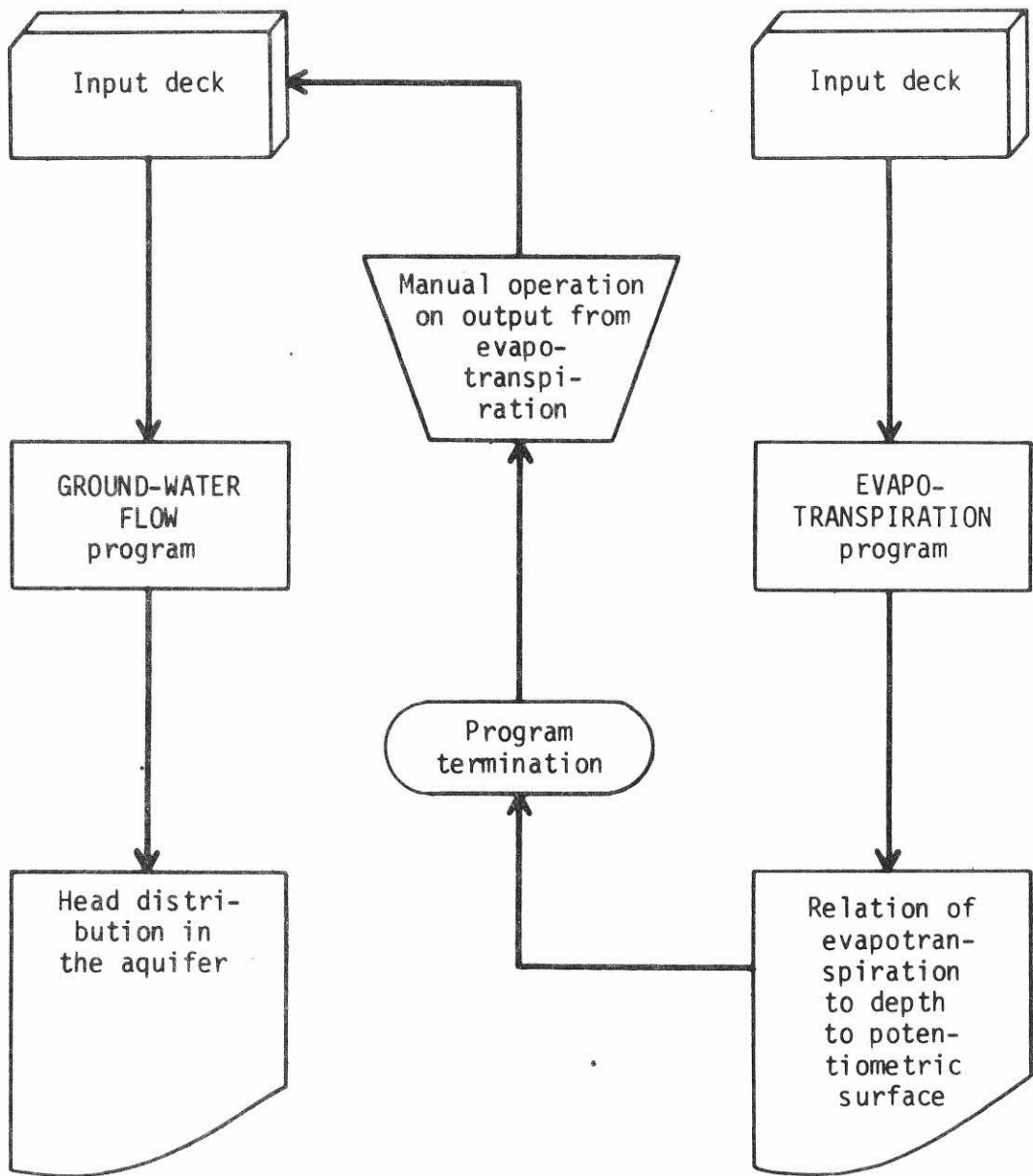


Figure 1.—Flow chart showing relation between EVAPOTRANSPIRATION program and GROUND-WATER FLOW program.

The RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program accepts as input the unit change in stream stage computed by GROUND-WATER FLOW. Using the unit response of the aquifer and a hydrograph of the stream, RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS computes the head fluctuations in the aquifer induced by the changes in river stage (fig. 2).

Each program is compatible for use with the dimensional units of feet and days. Any set of consistent units could be used with GROUND-WATER FLOW and EVAPOTRANSPIRATION; however, program output is written to accommodate feet and days. RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS is written for use with units of feet and days only.

PROGRAMS

GROUND-WATER FLOW

General Features

The GROUND-WATER FLOW program provides for reading input data on the properties of the aquifer and boundary conditions at intersection points (nodes) in a rectangular matrix. The program computes head response in the aquifer to the specified changes in boundary conditions. A program listing is given in table 4.

The program permits modeling (1) irregular aquifer configurations; (2) nonhomogeneous transmissivity and storage coefficient of the aquifer; (3) areal variations in thickness and hydraulic

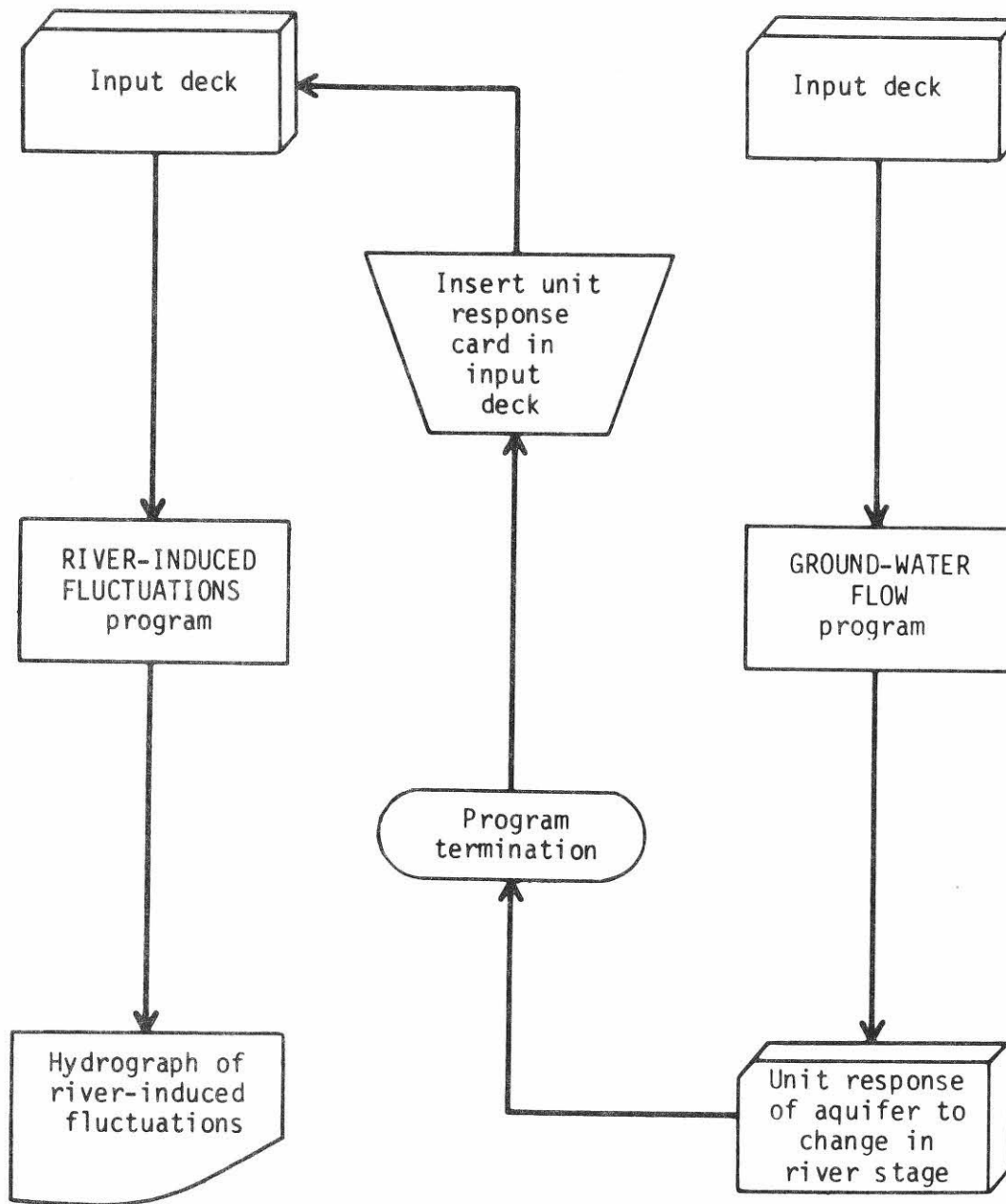


Figure 2.—Flow chart showing relation between RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program and GROUND-WATER FLOW program.

conductivity of confining beds, streambeds, and lakebeds; and (4) various boundary conditions, including bed leakage, accretion, evapotranspiration, discharging or recharging wells, and changes in stream and lake stage.

Accretion to or from the aquifer is modeled as either dependent upon or independent of the head in the aquifer. Change in accretion, as a function of the head in the aquifer, can be used to simulate an increase or decrease in evapotranspiration with change in depth to potentiometric surface. Leakage across confining beds to the aquifer is modeled as a function of the head difference across the confining bed. The effects of streams or lakes having partial hydraulic connection with aquifers are simulated by modeling the variations in permeability and thickness of streambed or lakebed material. Variations in stage of streams or lakes and variations in pumping rates of wells tapping the aquifer are modeled as step changes in head and recharge-discharge rates of wells, respectively.

The finite-difference matrix is a rectangular array of nodes superposed on a plan view of the aquifer. Data on properties of the aquifer and boundaries are specified for each node, the location of which is designated by the intersection of a row and a column in the network. According to the convention adopted for this report, rows are numbered from the top to the bottom; columns are numbered from left to right. The matrix size for

GROUND-WATER FLOW is specified by the user. The matrix is limited to 80 columns by format statements of the program; the number of rows is not limited.

The nodes spacing is designated separately in the x- and y-directions. Node spacing can be increased (or decreased) parallel to each coordinate axis to enlarge (or reduce) the model of the aquifer, depending on the detail desired along each side. Experience has shown that the grid spacing must not be increased more than 1.5 times without incurring noticeable truncation error.

A numerical method, the ADIP (alternating-direction implicit procedure) method, is used in the GROUND-WATER FLOW program for solving the finite-difference approximations of the differential equation for ground-water flow. This method is described in detail by Peaceman and Rachford (1955). Application of the method to the solution of ground-water flow problems has been used also by Pinder and Bredehoeft (1968) and Pinder (1970).

As the name implies, ADIP uses an alternating-direction procedure in solving the finite-difference equations of ground-water flow. The GROUND-WATER FLOW program computes the head change at all nodes in the aquifer at successive specified increments of time. At each time step the equations are solved in the matrix by alternately cycling through the matrix by row

and then cycling through the matrix by column. For example, when cycling through the matrix by rows, an equation is set up for each point, incorporating three unknown heads in the direction of the rows and three known heads in the direction of the columns. When cycling through the matrix by columns, the known and unknown heads are interchanged from the previous cycle.

The mass-balance residual affords a measure of the accuracy of the solution of the finite-difference equations. Errors are introduced by (1) representing the continuous time and space fields by discrete elements and (2) inaccuracies in the method of solving the finite-difference equations. The program user can reduce the errors due to discretization of time and space by his selection of computation times, node spacing, transmissivity, and storage coefficient.

The initial time increment should be small; subsequent time increments should become progressively larger. The following computation times have been used with satisfactory results.

.00130	.00200	.00500	.00760	.01080	.01490	.02010	.02650	.03470	.04500
.05800	.07400	.09500	.12100	.15300	.19400	.24600	.31000	.39200	.49500
.62500	.78500	.99500	1.2500	1.5700	1.9800	2.2500	3.1400	4.0000	5.0000
6.2900	7.8900	10.000	12.600	15.800	20.000	25.000	31.500	40.000	50.000
63.000	79.000	100.00	126.00	158.00	200.00	250.00	315.00	400.00	500.00
630.00	790.00	1000.0	1260.0	1580.0	2000.0	2500.0	3150.0	4000.0	5000.0
6300.0	7900.0	10000.	12600.	15800.	20000.	25000.	31500.	40000.	50000.

These times are cumulative times relative to time zero for a given boundary set. The time increments, Δt , for each step are computed within the program from the computation times. Generally,

discretization error can be reduced by reducing the magnitude of head change per time increment. This can be effected by reducing the magnitude of the time increments or the node spacing. A similar effect could be achieved by reducing the magnitude of the transmissivity or storage coefficient of the aquifer. But, obviously, transmissivity and storage cannot be changed without altering the representation of the aquifer. However, the manner in which nonuniform transmissivity and storage are mapped can introduce computational error in the program. That is, abrupt changes in transmissivity and storage may introduce error. From experience, it is recommended that the change in transmissivity or storage between adjacent points within the aquifer not exceed 10 percent.

Outputs from GROUND-WATER FLOW are tabulations of head at specified points for each computation time, and tabular and map printouts of head at all points in the array at specified times. The printout for each computer run contains information on the transmissivity and storage coefficient of the aquifer, node spacing, and thickness and hydraulic conductivity of confining beds, streambed, and lakebed materials. An alphameric contour is included for each parameter that varies throughout the aquifer. The mass-balance residual—the cumulative difference between net inflow and the change in storage—is printed with each head printout.

In addition, output can be specified as punch cards in the format for use with the RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program, which is described elsewhere in this report. Samples of output from the GROUND-WATER FLOW program are given in figures 3 and 4.

Preparation of Input Data

An outline of the input-data deck is given below. The outline is keyed to table 1, which contains information for coding input data. The components of the input deck are illustrated in figure 5.

1. PARAMETERS

One card—contains values for each of the following parameters that is uniform: Node spacing in x- and y-directions, number of rows and columns in matrix, transmissivity, and storage coefficient. Each parameter that is modeled as nonuniform is coded blank on this card.

2. NODE LEVEL

A group of cards—forms a matrix indicating the status of each node in the matrix. The following codes are used: 1—inside the aquifer at a point where the head is not specified, 2—inside the aquifer at a point where the head is specified (head specification may consist of stage on a stream or lake that is in full

NODE LEVEL MAP OF FLOW SYSTEM

EXPLANATION

- 1 -- INSIDE FLOW SYSTEM WITH HEAD NOT SPECIFIED
- 2 -- INSIDE FLOW SYSTEM WITH HEAD SPECIFIED
- 3 -- OUTSIDE FLOW SYSTEM

```

3333333333333333333333333333333333
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
31111111111111111111111111111113
32222222222222222222222222222223
33333333333333333333333333333333
    
```

TRANSMISSIVITY -- 5000.0

COEFFICIENT OF STORAGE -- 0.020000

INITIAL ELEVATION OF POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE -- 0.

NUMBER OF ROWS -- 20 NUMBER OF COLUMNS -- 30

NODE SPACING -- 500.0FEET

FIGURE 3, SHEET I OF 3.—SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.

NUMBER OF BOUNDARY SETS -- 1
 BOUNDARY SET DURATION
 1 100.00

BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR SET 1

NUMBER OF WITHDRAWAL RATES -- 1

WITHDRAWAL RATE, CUBIC FEET PER DAY -- 20000.00
 ROW COL ROW COL ROW COL ROW COL
 10 15

NUMBER OF STREAM STAGES -- 1
 STREAM STAGE -- 0.000000
 ROW COL ROW COL ROW COL ROW COL
 19 2 19 3 19 4 19 5
 19 6 19 7 19 8 19 9
 19 10 19 11 19 12 19 13
 19 14 19 15 19 16 19 17
 19 18 19 19 19 20 19 21
 19 22 19 23 19 24 19 25
 19 26 19 27 19 28 19 29

FIGURE 3, SHEET 2 OF 3.—SAMPLE OUTPUT
 FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.

MAP OF HEAD DISTRIBUTION IN AQUIFER

TIME -- 1.00

\$ -- FULLY PENETRATING STREAM OR LAKE

= -- PARTIALLY PENETRATING STREAM OR LAKE

* -- PUMPING WELL

CUMULATIVE MASS BALANCE RESIDUAL, PERCENT OF TOTAL FLUX -- -0.108E-01

SYMBOL HEAD, IN FEET

A	-1.24-	-1.18
B	-1.18-	-1.11
C	-1.11-	-1.05
D	-1.05-	-0.99
E	-0.99-	-0.93
F	-0.93-	-0.87
G	-0.87-	-0.80
H	-0.80-	-0.74
I	-0.74-	-0.68
J	-0.68-	-0.62
K	-0.62-	-0.56
L	-0.56-	-0.50
M	-0.50-	-0.43
N	-0.43-	-0.37
O	-0.37-	-0.31
P	-0.31-	-0.25
Q	-0.25-	-0.19
R	-0.19-	-0.12
S	-0.12-	-0.06
T	-0.06-	0.00
U	0.00	

```

123456789012345678901234567890
2UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU2
3UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU3
4UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU4
5UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU5
6UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU6
7UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU7
8UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU8
9UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU9
0UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU0
1UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU1
2UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU2
3UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU3
4UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU4
5UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU5
6UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU6
7UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU7
8UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUU8
9$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$$9
123456789012345678901234567890
    
```

FIGURE 3, SHEET 3 OF 3.-SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.


```

123456789012345678901234567890
2****BBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDD****2
3**BBBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD**3
4*BBBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*4
5BBBBAAABBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*5
6BBAAAAABBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*6
7AAAAAAABBBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*7
8AAAAAAAABBBBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*8
9AAAAAAAABBBBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*9
0*AAAAAAAABEEEBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*0
1*AAAAAAAABAAAEBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*1
2**AAAAAAAABBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*2
3**AAAAAAAABBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD*3
4*AAAAAAAABEEEBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD**4
5AAAAAAAABBBBBBCCCCDDDDDDDDDD**5
6AAAAAAAABBBBCCCCCCCCDDDDDD**6
7AAAAAAAABBBBCCCCCCCCDDDDDD**7
8AAAAAABBBBCCCCCCCCDDDDDD**8
9AAAAAABBBBCCCCCCCCDDDDDD**9
023456789012345678901234567890

```

TRANSMISSIVITY MAP OF AQUIFER
EXPLANATION

SYMBOL	TRANSMISSIVITY
4	0.0
5	0.0
6	0.0
7	0.0
8	0.0
9	0.0
0	0.0
*	0.0
A	3500.0
B	3000.0
C	2000.0
D	100.0
E	50.0
1	0.0
2	0.0
3	0.0

FIGURE 4, SHEET 2 OF 7.—SAMPLE OUTPUT
FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.

```

123456789012345678901234567890
2***WWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****2
3***WWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****3
4*WWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****4
5WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****5
6WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****6
7WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****7
8WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****8
9WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****9
0*WWWWWWWWWWAAAWWWWWAAAAAA*****0
1*WWWWWWWWAWWWAWWWWWAAAAAA*****1
2*WWWWWWWWWWAWWWAAAAAA*****2
3*WWWWWWWWWWAWWWAAAAAA*****3
4*WWWWWWWWAAAWWWWWAAAAAA*****4
5WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****5
6WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****6
7WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****7
8WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****8
9WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWAAAAAA*****9
023456789012345678901234567890

```

COEFFICIENT OF STORAGE MAP OF AQUIFER

SYMBOL	COEFFICIENT OF STORAGE
A	0.00200000
W	0.19999990
1	0.00000000
2	0.00000000
3	0.00000000
4	0.00000000
5	0.00000000
6	0.00000000
7	0.00000000
8	0.00000000
9	0.00000000
0	0.00000000
*	0.00000000
	0.00000000

FIGURE 4, SHEET 3 OF 7.—SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.

```

123456789012345678901234567890
2****                *****2
3**                  ***3
4*                   *4
5                     *5
6                     *6
7                     *7
8                     *8
9                     *9
0*                   *0
1*                   *1
2**                  *2
3**                  *3
4*                   **4
5                     **5
6                     **6
7                     ***7
8                     ****8
9                     *****9
023456789012345678901234567890

```

MAP OF CONDUCTIVITY OF STREAM AND LAKE BED MATERIAL

SYMBOL	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY
F	0.010000
G	0.001000
H	0.000000
1	0.000000
2	0.000000
3	0.000000
4	0.000000
5	0.000000
6	0.000000
7	0.000000
8	0.000000
9	0.000000
0	0.000000
*	0.000000
*	0.000000
	0.000000

FIGURE 4, SHEET 4 OF 7.—SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.

```

123456789012345678901234567890
2****                *****2
3**                  ***3
4*                   *4
5                    *5
6                    *6
7                    *7
8                    *8
9                    *9
0*                   *0
1*                   *1
2**                  *2
3**                  *3
4*                   **4
5                    **5
6                    ***6
7                    ***7
8                    ****8
9                    *****9
023456789012345678901234567890

```

MAP OF THICKNESS OF STREAM AND LAKE BED MATERIAL

SYMBOL	THICKNESS
I	10.
J	15.
K	20.
L	25.
1	0.
2	0.
3	0.
4	0.
5	0.
6	0.
7	0.
8	0.
9	0.
0	0.
*	0.
	0.

FIGURE 4, SHEET 5 OF 7.—SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.

```

123456789012345678901234567890
2***          NNNNPPPP*****2
3**           MNNNNNPPPPPP***3
4*            MMNNNNPPPPPP*4
5             MMMNNNNPPPPPP*5
6            MMMMMNNNNPPPPPP*6
7            MMMMMNNNNPPPPPP*7
8            MMMMMNNNNPPPPPP*8
9            MMMMMNNNNPPPPPP*9
0*           M   MMMNNNNPPPPPP*0
1*          M   MMMNNNNPPPPPP*1
2**         MMNNNPPPPPP*2
3**        MMMNNNPPPPPP*3
4*         M   MMMNNNNPPPPPP**4
5          MMMMMMMNNNNPPPP**5
6          MMMMMMMNNNNPPPP***6
7          MMMMMMMNNNNPP*7
8          MMMMMMMNNNNPP****8
9          MMMMMMMNNNNPP*****9
023456789012345678901234567890

```

MAP OF VERTICAL CONDUCTIVITY OF AQUITARD

SYMBOL	HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY
M	0.010000
N	0.001000
P	0.001000
1	0.000000
2	0.000000
3	0.000000
4	0.000000
5	0.000000
6	0.000000
7	0.000000
8	0.000000
9	0.000000
0	0.000000
*	0.000000
	0.000000

FIGURE 4, SHEET 6 OF 7.—SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.


```

123456789012345678901234567890
2****          RSTTTTTT*****2
3**            RRSTTTTTTTTT***3
4*             RRRSTTTTTTTTT*4
5              RRRSTTTTTTTTT*5
6               RRRRSTTTTTTTTT*6
7                RRSTTTTTTTTT*7
8                 RRRRSSTTTTTTT*8
9                  RRRRRSSTTTTTTT*9
0*                 R  RRSSSTTTTTTT*0
1*                R  RRSSSTTTTTTT*1
2**               RRSSSTTTTTTT*2
3**               RRSSSTTTTTTT*3
4*                R  RRRSSSSSTTTTT**4
5                 RRRRRSSSSSSTTTTT**5
6                 RRRRRSSSSSSTTTTT**6
7                 RRRRRRRSSSSSSTTT**7
8                 RRRRRRRSSSSSST***8
9                 RRRRRRRRRSSSSS*****9
023456789012345678901234567890

```

MAP OF THICKNESS OF AQUITARD

SYMBOL	THICKNESS
R	10.
S	20.
T	30.
1	0.
2	0.
3	0.
4	0.
5	0.
6	0.
7	0.
8	0.
9	0.
0	0.
*	0.

INITIAL ELEVATION OF POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE -- 0.

NUMBER OF ROWS -- 20 NUMBER OF COLUMNS -- 30

NODE SPACING -- 1000.0FEET

IN THE AREA TO THE LEFT OF COLUMN 1 AND TO THE RIGHT OF 25 THE NODE SPACING IS 5000.0 FEET

IN THE AREA ABOVE ROW 1 AND BELOW ROW 20 THE NODE SPACING IS 1000.0 FEET

FIGURE 4. SHEET 7 OF 7.—SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM.

Table 1.—Input data for GROUND-WATER FLOW program

Outline reference	Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks
1. Parameters	1 card	1-10	F10.1	XM	Node spacing (ft) in X-direction.	Code only those parameters that are uniform.
		11-20	F10.1	YM	Node spacing (ft) in Y-direction.	
		24-25	I2	M	Number of rows.	
		28-30	I3	N	Number of columns.	
		31-40	F10.1	TM	Transmissivity (ft ² /day).	
		41-50	F10.1	SM	Storage coefficient (dimensionless).	
2. Node level	M cards	1-N	I1	IV(M,N)	Node level indicating the condition of each node in the network: IV=1, point in aquifer, head not specified. IV=2, point in aquifer, head specified. IV=3, point outside aquifer.	First and last rows and first and last columns must be coded 3.
3. Nonuniform node spacing	1 card	1-2	I2	IXMIN	Column number.	Omit if X and Y are uniform.
		3-4	I2	IXMAX	Column number.	
		5-14	F10.1	XINF	Node spacing from column 1 to IXMIN and column IXMAX to N.	
		15-24	F10.1	X	Node spacing (ft) from column IXMIN to IXMAX.	
		25-27	I3	IYMIN	Row number.	
		28-30	I3	IYMAX	Row number.	
		31-40	F10.1	YINF	Node spacing (ft) from row 1 to IYMIN and row IYMAX to M.	
		41-50	F10.1	Y	Node spacing (ft) from row IYMIN to IYMAX.	
4. Optional parameters	1 card	1	I1	IPS	Data-level indicators for PS (hydraulic conductivity of streambed material) and SAM (thickness of streambed material), respectively: 1=Parameter uniform. 2=Parameter varies. 3=Parameter not modeled.	Code value of parameters that are uniform (coded 1 in columns 1 thru 4.
		2	I1	ISAM		
		3	I1	IPZ		
		4	I1	IAM	Data-level indicators for PZM and AMM, respectively: 1=Parameter uniform. 2=Parameter varies. 3=Parameter not modeled.	
		5-12	E8.1	PSM	Hydraulic conductivity (ft/day) of streambed material.	
		13-20	E8.1	SAMM	Thickness (ft) of streambed material.	
		21-28	E8.1	PZM	Hydraulic conductivity (ft/day) of aquitard normal to plane of aquifer.	
		29-36	E8.1	AMM	Thickness (ft) of aquitard.	

Table 1.—Input data for GROUND-WATER FLOW program--Continued

Outline reference	Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks	
5. Nonhomogeneous parameters	5.1 through 5.6	1 card	1-2	I2	NS	Number of symbols used.	This sequence of cards is repeated for each parameter modeled as nonhomogeneous. The first card in each sequence specifies the number of symbols used, following are 1-8 cards, as needed, indicating the alphameric representation of the mapped parameter values, following these are M cards (1 card for each row), each containing N alphameric symbols (1 symbol for each column). Sets used are stacked in the following order: 1. Transmissivity (ft ² /day). 2. Storage (dimensionless). 3. Conductivity (ft/day) of streambed. 4. Thickness (ft) of streambed. 5. Conductivity (ft/day) of confining bed. 6. Thickness (ft) of confining bed.
		1 to 8 cards	1	A1	AT(AIT,1)	Alphameric symbol, AT(AIT,1), and corresponding parameter value, AT(AIT,2).	
			2-9	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)		
			10	A1	AT(AIT,1)		
			11-18	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)		
			19	A1	AT(AIT,1)		
			20-27	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)		
			28	A1	AT(AIT,1)		
			29-36	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)		
			37	A1	AT(AIT,1)		
			38-45	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)		
			46	A1	AT(AIT,1)		
			47-54	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)		
			55	A1	AT(AIT,1)		
			56-63	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)		
64	A1	AT(AIT,1)					
65-72	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)					
	M cards	1-N	N11	CARD (KIX), KIX=1,N	CARD is the symbol representing the value of a nonhomogeneous parameter.		
6. OBSERVATION NODES	1 card	1-4	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)	Row and column, respectively, of point for which head will be printed and (or) punched for each computation time.	This card is coded blank if printout or punchout is not required. The punch cards contain the head and time. These cards are input for the RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program.	
		5-8	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		9-12	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		13-16	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		17-20	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		21-24	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		25-28	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		29-32	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		33-36	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		37-40	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		41-44	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		45-48	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		49-52	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		53-56	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		57-60	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		61-64	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
		65-68	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)			
69-72	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)					
73-76	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)					
77-80	2I2	IF(I),JF(I)					

Table 1.—Input data for GROUND-WATER FLOW program--Continued

Outline reference	Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks	
7. COMPUTATION TIMES	7 cards	1-8	E8.3	TTIME(K)	Times (days) for which head computations are made.		
		9-16	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		17-24	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		25-32	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		33-40	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		41-48	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		49-56	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		57-64	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		65-72	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
		73-80	E8.3	TTIME(K)			
	1 card	1-8	E8.3	CTIME(KC)	Times (days) for which all head values in the network will be printed.		
		9-16	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
		17-24	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
		25-32	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
		33-40	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
		41-48	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
		49-56	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
		57-64	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
		65-72	E8.3	CTIME(KC)			
73-80		E8.3	CTIME(KC)				
8. OUTPUT CODES	1 card	1	I1	IPCO(1)	Code for printout of head at designated nodes for each computation time.	Code as 1 to obtain the indicated output.	
		2	I1	IPCO(2)	Code for punching head for RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program.		
		3	I1	IPCO(3)	Code for printout of map in symbolic form of head distribution at each time specified.		Times for tabular or map printout of head is specified in card 8 of COMPUTATION TIMES.
		4	I1	IPCO(4)	Code for table printout of heads for each time specified.		
		5	I1	IPCO(5)	Code for printout of base flow to fully penetrating streams.		
9. BOUNDARY CONDITIONS	9.1	1 card	1-3	I3	NQSET	Number of boundary condition steps, can be from 1 to 12.	
	9.2	1 card	1-6	F6.1	QPER(1)	Duration (days) of each boundary step.	
			7-12	F6.1	QPER(2)		
			13-18	F6.1	QPER(3)		
			19-24	F6.1	QPER(4)		
			25-30	F6.1	QPER(5)		
			31-36	F6.1	QPER(6)		
			37-42	F6.1	QPER(7)		
			43-48	F6.1	QPER(8)		
			49-54	F6.1	QPER(9)		
			55-60	F6.1	QPER(10)		
			61-66	F6.1	QPER(11)		
			67-72	F6.1	QPER(12)		

Table 1.—Input data for GROUND-WATER FLOW program--Continued

Outline reference	Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks			
9. BOUNDARY CONDITIONS—Con.	9.3	9.3.1	1 card	1	I1	IAC	Codes for model treatment of accretion (IAC) and evapotranspiration (IET): 1=Parameter uniform. 2=Parameter varies. 3=Parameter not modeled.	These cards are repeated for each boundary set.	
			2	I1	IET				
			3-10	E8.1	ACCON	Accretion (ft/day). Code ACCON positive for recharge; negative for discharge.			Code values of parameters that are uniform throughout the aquifer.
			11-18	E8.1	ETCON	Evapotranspiration (ft/day/ft). Code ETCON positive. Evapotranspiration must be computed with reference to an initial head elevation of zero.			
	9.3.2	1 card	1-2	I2	NS	Number of symbols used.	This sequence of cards is used for ACCON and ETCON if modeled as nonhomogeneous. The first card in each sequence specifies the number of symbols used, following are 1-8 cards, as needed, indicating the alphameric characters representing mapped-parameter values. Following are M cards (one card for each row), each containing N alphameric symbols (one symbol for each column).		
	9.3.3	8 cards	1	A1	AT(AIT,1)	Alphameric symbol, AT(AIT,1), and corresponding parameter value AT(AIT,2).			
			2-9	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)				
			10	A1	AT(AIT,1)				
			11-18	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)				
			19	A1	AT(AIT,1)				
			20-27	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)				
			28	A1	AT(AIT,1)				
			29-36	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)				
			37	A1	AT(AIT,1)				
			38-45	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)				
46			A1	AT(AIT,1)					
47-54	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)							
55	A1	AT(AIT,1)							
56-63	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)							
64	A1	AT(AIT,1)							
65-72	E8.1	AT(AIT,2)							
9.3.4	M cards	1-N	NI1	CARD (KIX), KIX=1,N	CARD is the symbol representing the value of a nonhomogeneous parameter, i.e., ACCON or ETCON.				
9.4	9.4.1	1 card	1-3	I3	NQ	Number of withdrawal rates.	Use blank card if no withdrawal.		
	9.4.2	1 card	1-10	E10.3	QU	Withdrawal (ft ³ /day). Code rate positive for discharge; negative for recharge.	These cards are repeated for each withdrawal rate. Omit if no withdrawal.		
		1 card	1-2	I2	IQUN	Number of withdrawal nodes.			
		Number of cards determined by QUN	1-4	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)	Row IJQ(I,1) and column IJQ(I,2) for which withdrawal rate applies.			
			5-8	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)				
			9-12	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)				
			13-16	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)				
			17-20	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)				
			21-24	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)				
			25-28	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)				
29-32	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)							

Table 1.—Input data for GROUND-WATER FLOW program--Continued

Outline reference		Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks			
9. BOUND-ARY CONDI-TIONS--Con.	9.4--Con.	9.4.2 Con.	33-36	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			37-40	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			41-44	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			45-48	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			49-52	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			53-56	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			57-60	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			61-64	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			65-68	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			69-72	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			73-76	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			77-80	2I2	IJQ(I,1), IJQ(I,2)					
			9.5	9.5.1	1 card	1-3	I3	NSTGE	Number of river-stage values.	Use blank card if no stage used.
				9.5.2	1 card	1-5	F5.0	XSTAGE	River stage (ft).	
		1 card	1-2	I2	IXSTN	Number of stage nodes.	These cards are repeated for each river stage. Omit if no stage used.			
		Number of cards determined by XSTN.	1-4	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)	Row, IJS(I,1), and column, IJS(I,2), for which river stage applies.				
			5-8	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			9-12	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			13-16	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			17-20	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			21-24	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			25-28	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			29-32	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			33-36	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			37-40	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			41-44	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			45-48	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			49-52	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
			53-56	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)					
		57-60	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)						
		61-64	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)						
		65-68	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)						
		69-72	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)						
		73-76	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)						
		77-80	2I2	IJS(I,1), IJS(I,2)						

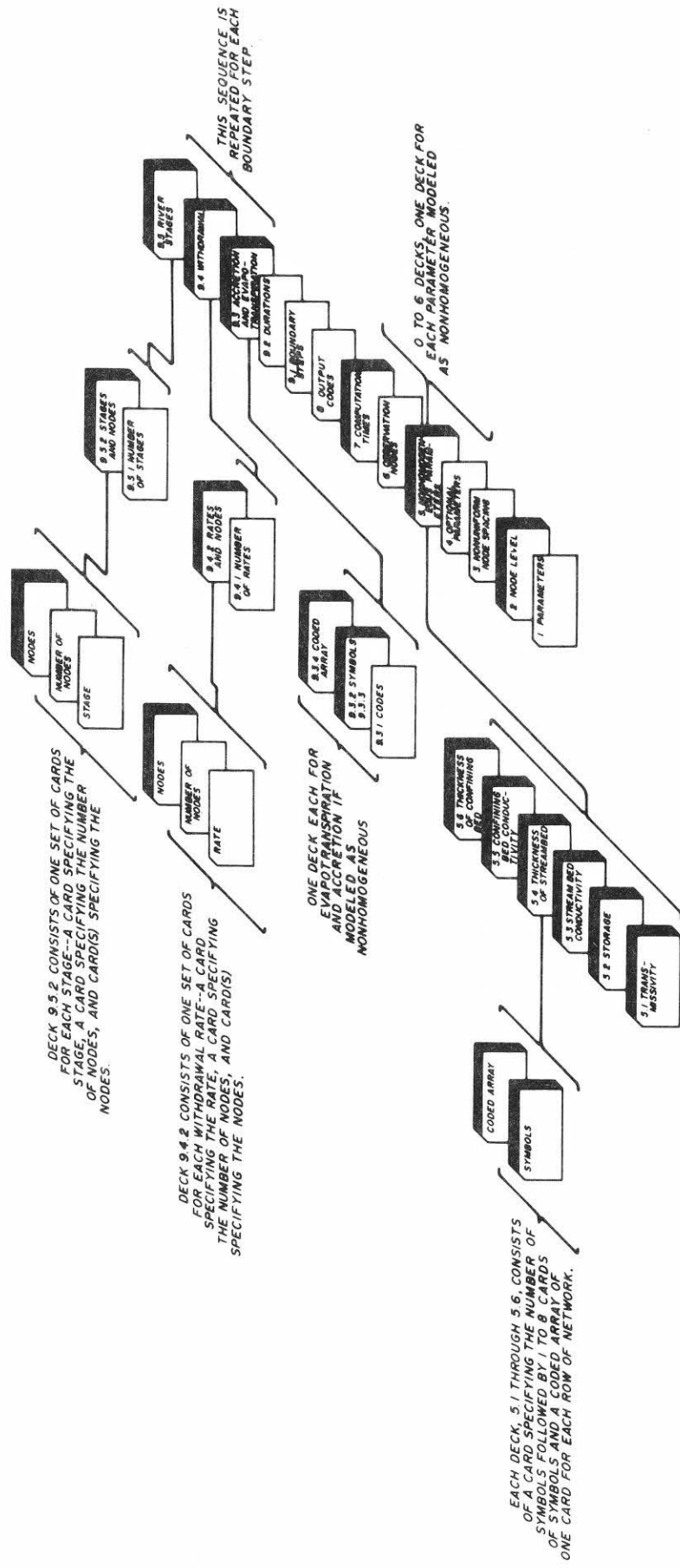


Figure 5.--Input-data deck for GROUND-WATER FLOW program.

connection with the aquifer), and 3—outside the aquifer. Each row in the matrix is coded on one card, using one column for each node in the row. Node level is coded in consecutive columns, beginning in the first column. All nodes on the perimeter of the matrix are coded 3. A printout of the node-level array is included in each problem output (figs. 3 and 4).

3. NONUNIFORM NODE SPACING

One card—card is omitted if the node spacing in both the x- and y-directions is uniform. If the node spacing varies in either the x- or y-direction, this card contains the data on node spacings in the aquifer. The format for coding these values is shown in table 1.

4. OPTIONAL PARAMETERS

One card—contains indices for hydraulic conductivities and thicknesses of the aquitard and the streambed and lakebed materials. The modeling of these parameters is optional. The indices indicate whether or not each parameter is modeled, and if so, whether the parameter is uniform or nonuniform throughout its occurrence. The values of these parameters, if modeled and if uniform throughout the aquifer, are coded on the same card with the indices.

5. NONHOMOGENEOUS PARAMETERS

This part of the deck consists of from zero to six sequences of cards—one sequence of cards for each parameter modeled as non-homogeneous. The parameters coded here are transmissivity (symbols),

storage coefficient, hydraulic conductivity and thickness of streambed and lakebed material, and hydraulic conductivity and thickness of confining beds. The first card in each sequence specifies the number of symbols used, following are one to eight cards containing the set of mapped values of the parameter and a corresponding set of single alphameric symbols by which the values are mapped. As many as 64 alphameric symbols are chosen from the 64 characters available in the IBM 360-65 system. The symbols in each row in the array are coded on a card, using one card for each row in arrays containing as many as 80 nodes. A map of each nonhomogeneous parameter is included in each problem output.

6. OBSERVATION NODES

One card—designates zero to 20 nodes at which head will be printed and (or) punched for each computation time. The punched cards provide input for the RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program. This card can be left blank if such printout is not wanted.

7. COMPUTATION TIMES

Eight cards. Cards one through seven contain computation times. Card eight contains times at which all head values in the aquifer will be printed. The times specified on the eighth card may be the same as, or different from, the computation times specified in the first seven cards.

8. OUTPUT CODES

One card—containing codes specifying program output.

9. BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

This part of the input deck specifies the boundary conditions by a sequence of cards for each of one or more step changes in boundary conditions. Boundary conditions that can be changed as step functions are the rate and distribution of pumping, stage on lakes and streams, change in evapotranspiration with change in head, and accretion to the aquifer. Modeling of each of these boundary conditions is optional.

9.1 One card—indicates the number of step changes in boundary conditions.

9.2 One card—specifies the duration of each boundary step.

9.3 Accretion and evapotranspiration.

9.3.1 One card—specifies by an index whether each parameter is modeled; if the parameter is modeled this card specifies by an index whether the parameters are uniform or nonuniform. If the parameter is uniform, the value of the parameter is coded on this card.

9.3.2 One card—specifies number of symbols used.

9.3.3 Eight cards—specifies each parameter value mapped by a single alphameric character. The first eight cards consist of the mapped values of the parameters and the corresponding alphameric character. Omit if parameters are uniform or are not modeled.

9.3.4 A set of cards—One card for each row containing alphameric symbols representing the parameter values at each node. Omit if parameters are uniform or are not modeled.

9.4 Ground-water withdrawal

9.4.1 One card—containing the number of withdrawal rates in the step.

9.4.2 One set of cards is prepared for each withdrawal rate. If there is no withdrawal, these cards are omitted. The first card of each set specifies the rate; the second card specifies the number of withdrawal nodes; the following cards specify locations for the withdrawal rate. The number of location cards is determined by the number of withdrawal nodes.

9.5 River and lake stages

9.5.1 One card—containing the number of distinct stream and lake stages in the step.

9.5.2 One set of cards is prepared for each stage value. If there are no specified stages, these cards are omitted. The first card specifies the stage; the second contains the number of nodes at which the stage is specified; the following cards specify the locations for the stage. The number of cards is determined by the number of stage nodes.

RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS

General Features

The RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program computes the river-induced changes in ground-water head in response to changes in river stage. The method of computation is based on a paper by Bedinger and Reed (1964). The program computes changes in ground-water level from daily river-stage readings. The change in head in the aquifer for each day is computed as the net response of the aquifer to all antecedent changes in river stage. The unit response of the aquifer is the change in head with time at a given point in the aquifer induced by a 1-foot change in stage along the stream boundary. The unit response is entered into the program as described under item 12 of Preparation of Input Data.

The unit response can be computed by the previous program, GROUND-WATER FLOW (fig. 2), or can be compiled from tables of the drain function compiled by Stallman (Ferris, Knowles, Brown, and Stallman, 1962), or from tables of the complementary-error function (U.S. Dept. of Commerce, 1954). GROUND-WATER FLOW provides the unit response of the unique aquifer modeled by GROUND-WATER FLOW. The drain function provides the response of a semi-infinite homogeneous aquifer bounded by a straight stream.

Five time scales are available for the printout, ranging from daily (1 day per line) to monthly (1 month per line). The printout includes the computed ground-water fluctuation, the observed ground-water levels, and the river-stage hydrograph. According to conventional coding procedure, the datum of observed water levels will be land surface; the datum of the river-stage hydrograph will be the zero of the stage. However, these datums can be shifted by any specified amount to accommodate both hydrographs on the same vertical scale. The datum for the computed ground-water hydrograph is indefinite; only relative changes are significant. The program computes changes in ground-water level and adjusts the values so that the average of computed water levels coincides with the average of the observed water levels.

A listing of this program is given in table 5. Samples of output from the RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program are given in figure 6.

Preparation of Input Data

An outline of the input-data deck for RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS is given below. The outline is keyed to table 2, which contains information for coding the input data. The input-data deck is shown diagrammatically in figure 7.

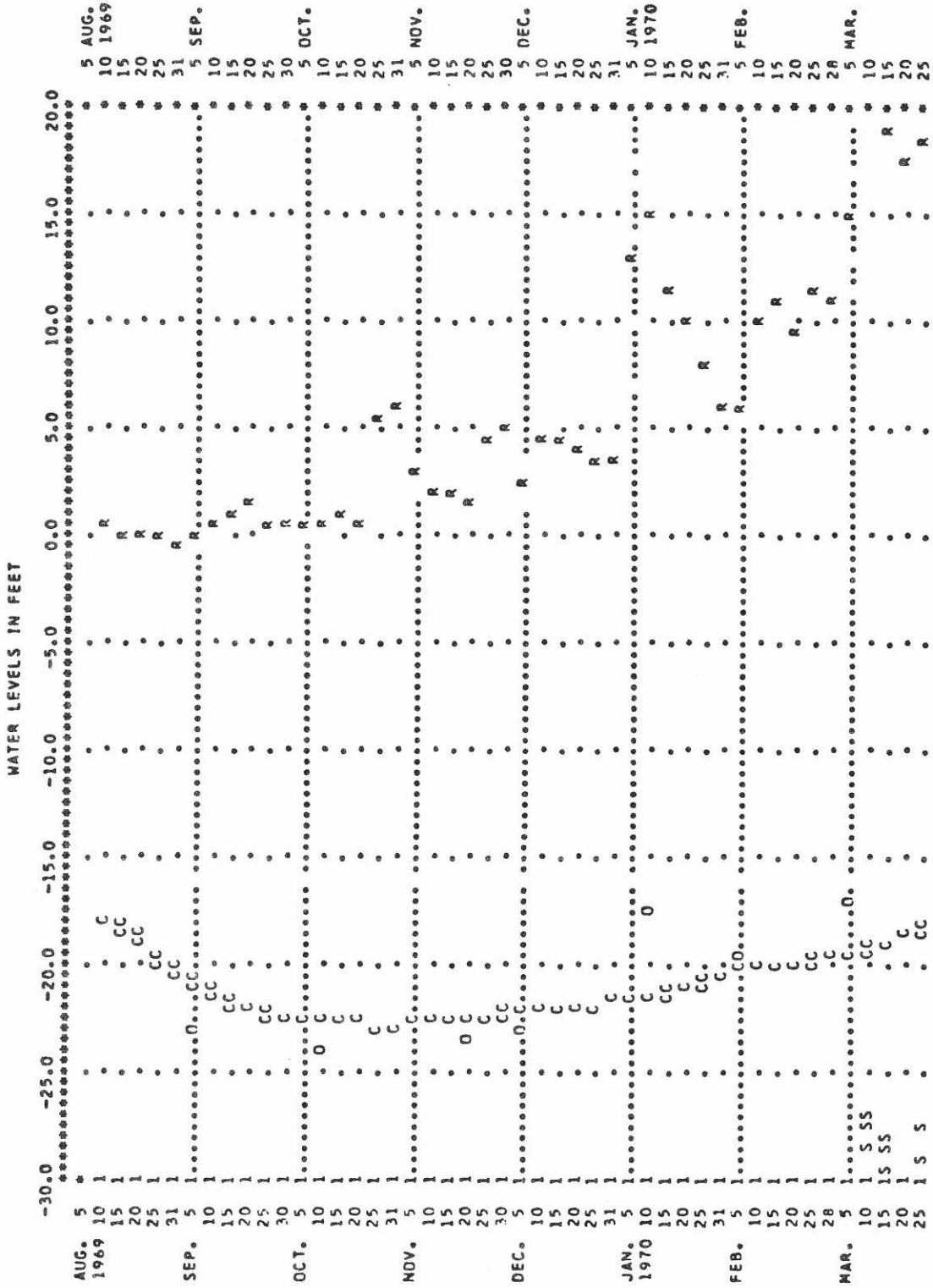


Figure 6, sheet 1 of 3.—Sample output from RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program.

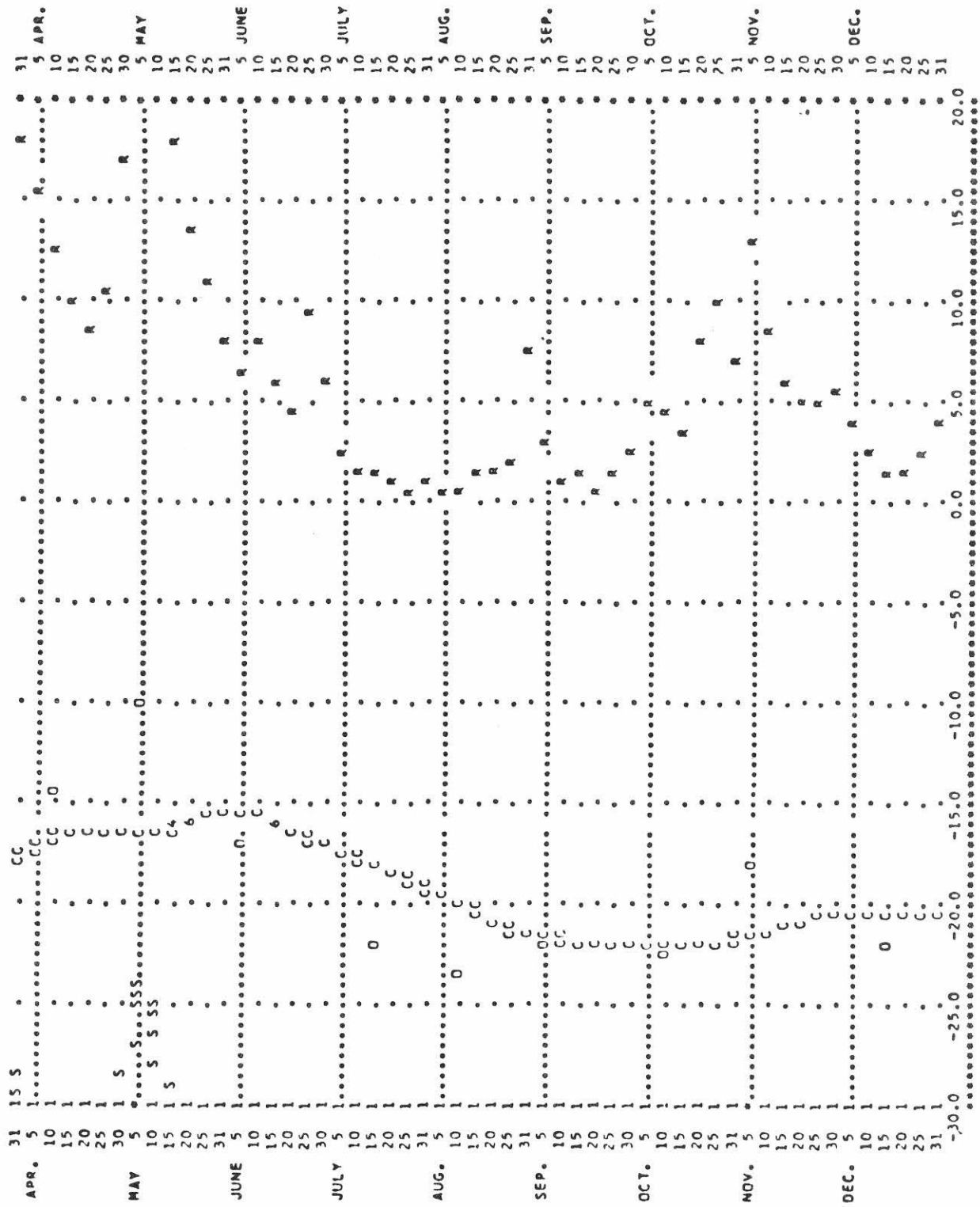


Figure 6, sheet 2 of 3.—Sample output from RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program.

EXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS

R = RIVER LEVEL HYDROGRAPH, 0.0 POINT EQUALS 0.0 FEET ABOVE ZERO OF GAGE.
C = CALCULATED HYDROGRAPH
O = OBSERVED WATER LEVEL IN WELL, 0.0 POINT EQUALS 0.0 FEET BELOW LAND SURFACE.

A NUMBER INDICATES THE NUMBER OF SYMBOLS THAT FALL AT A POINT.
POINTS PLOTTED OFF SCALE ARE INDICATED BY THE NEXT LETTER IN ALPHABETIC ORDER.

Figure 6, sheet 3 of 3.—Sample output from RIVER-INDUCED
FLUCTUATIONS program.

Table 2.—Input data for RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program

Outline reference	Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks
1. DATES	1 card	1-5	I5	IMON(1)	Beginning month and year, respectively, of hydrograph.	
		6-10	I5	NYR(1)		
		11-15	I5	IMON(2)	Ending month and year, respectively, of hydrograph.	
		16-20	I5	NYR(2)		
2. DATUMS	1 card	1-10	F10.1	RIVDAT	Datum for river hydrograph relative to zero of gage.	
		11-20	F10.1	OBSDAT	Datum for ground-water hydrograph relative to land surface.	
3. NUMBER OF RIVER STAGES	1 card	1-5	I5	ICNT	Number of daily river stages to be read.	
4. RIVER-STAGE DATA	3 cards for each month	1	I1	(1)	Card type. If applicable, punch "6" in column 1 for all cards for compatibility with other WRD programs.	
		2-9	I8	(1)	Station number.	
		10-11	I2	IYR	Last two digits of calendar year.	
		12-13	I2	IMOND	Number of the calendar month.	
		14	I1	(1)	Card number; a number, 1 to 3, indicating for which set of days the entries in columns 15-80 apply.	
		15-20 21-26 27-32 33-38 39-44 45-50 51-56 57-62 63-68 69-74 75-80	F6.2 F6-2 F6-2 F6-2 F6-2 F6-2 F6-2 F6.2 F6.2 F6.2	TEMP(J), J=1 to 31	Eleven fields for values of daily stage. For card 1, there are entries for days 1-10 of the month with columns 75-80 not used. For card 2, there are entries for days 11-20 of the month with columns 75-80 not used. For card 3, there are entries for the remainder of the days in the month with blank fields for nonexistent days in the month. Program will not run properly if there are days of no river-stage data.	
5. NUMBER OF COMPUTED HYDROGRAPHS	1 card	1-4	I4	NRUNS	Number of hydrographs to be computed.	
6. SCALES	1 card	1-25	5F5.0	HSCAL(I), I=1 to 5	Feet-of-water scale.	This sequence is repeated for multiple hydrographs.
		26-50	5F5.0	VSCAL(I), I=1 to 5	Time scale.	
7. IDENTIFICATION	1 card	1-80	20A4	IC1 to IC20	Heading for hydrograph.	
8. NUMBER OF GROUND-WATER LEVELS	1 card	1-5	I5	NICNT	Number of ground-water levels to be read.	
9. GROUND-WATER LEVELS	Group of cards containing ground-water levels, coded by instructions given in Lang and Leonard (1967).					
10. NUMBER OF UNIT-RESPONSE CARDS	1 card	1-2	I2	KLIMIT	Number of unit-response cards to be read.	
11. UNIT RESPONSE	KLIMIT cards	1-10	F10.8	DUHF(I), I=1 to KLIMIT	Head change, DUHF, in aquifer at time, TIM, in response to a unit change in stream stage.	
		11-20	F10.5	TIM(I), I=1 to KLIMIT		

¹ Not read in program. This information may be needed in other programs using stage data in this format.

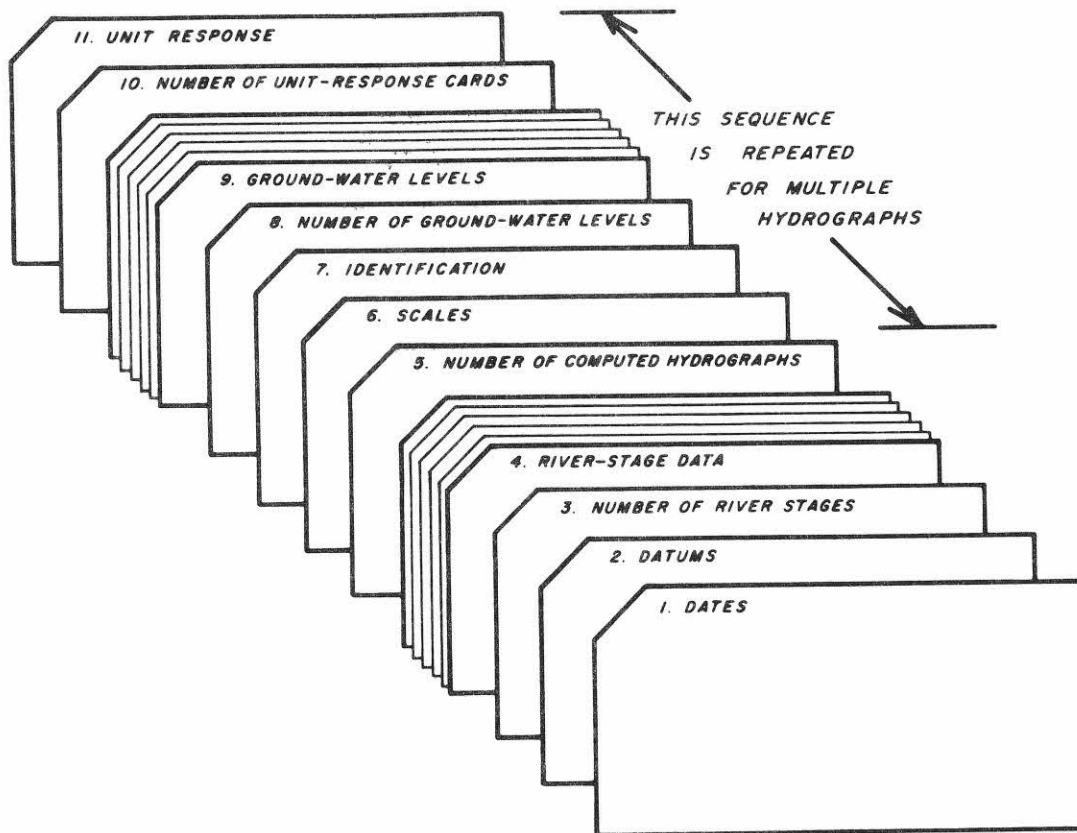


Figure 7.--Input-data deck for RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS program.

1. DATES

One card—specifying by months and year the beginning and ending date of the hydrograph. The hydrograph will begin on or after the beginning date, depending on whether the antecedent effect of changes in river stage has been satisfied. If an ending date is not specified, the hydrograph will be computed to the ending date of the river-stage data.

2. DATUMS

One card—specifying datums for the river stage and ground-water hydrographs with respect to zero of the gage and land surface, respectively.

3. NUMBER OF RIVER STAGES

One card—containing the number of consecutive daily river stages to be read.

4. RIVER-STAGE DATA

A group of cards—containing river-stage data. The stage record must begin prior to the ground-water record to obtain computed ground-water levels concurrent with the observed period of ground-water levels. The duration of antecedent river stage depends upon the unit response of the aquifer to river-stage change. (See section 12.)

5. NUMBER OF COMPUTED HYDROGRAPHS

One card—designating the number of hydrographs to be computed. Items 6 through 11 are repeated for multiple hydrographs.

6. SCALES

One card—specifying five pairs of scales, each pair consisting of a horizontal (feet of water) scale and a vertical (time) scale. The program selects a pair of scales based on the maximum variation in river stage and ground-water level. Ordinarily, the time scale is selected by the programmer and the same time scale is paired with each of five different horizontal scales.

7. IDENTIFICATION

One card—containing heading for hydrograph.

8. NUMBER OF GROUND-WATER LEVELS

One card—designating the number of ground-water levels to be read.

9. GROUND-WATER LEVELS

A group of cards—containing observed ground-water levels.

10. NUMBER OF UNIT-RESPONSE CARDS

One card—specifying the number of unit-response cards to be read.

11. UNIT RESPONSE

A group of cards—containing data on response of the aquifer at a specified point to a unit change in stream stage. This deck can be punched directly as the output from GROUND-WATER FLOW.

The duration of the unit response required for computations depends upon the transmissivity, storage, and distance from the stream. The program will compile daily coefficients for distributing daily river-stage changes until the unit response reaches 0.98. Commonly, an exceedingly long period is required for the unit response to reach 0.98. Satisfactory results have been obtained by using a maximum unit response of 0.64.

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION

General Features

EVAPOTRANSPIRATION computes the depth to the potentiometric surface for several rates of steady flow of water through unsaturated materials from the water table to the land surface. Steady evapotranspiration rates are computed through a layered confining bed from an aquifer as a function of depth to water. These computations can be used as the input variable ETCON in the GROUND-WATER FLOW program. The method of computation is based on a paper by Stallman and Reed (1966). A manual method of computation and application to electrical analogs is given in Bedinger, Reed, and others (1965). A listing of the program EVAPOTRANSPIRATION is given in table 6.

Figure 8 shows how the tension curve for a given rate of steady flow is simplified so that only two parameters are necessary to characterize it—the limiting tension and the tension

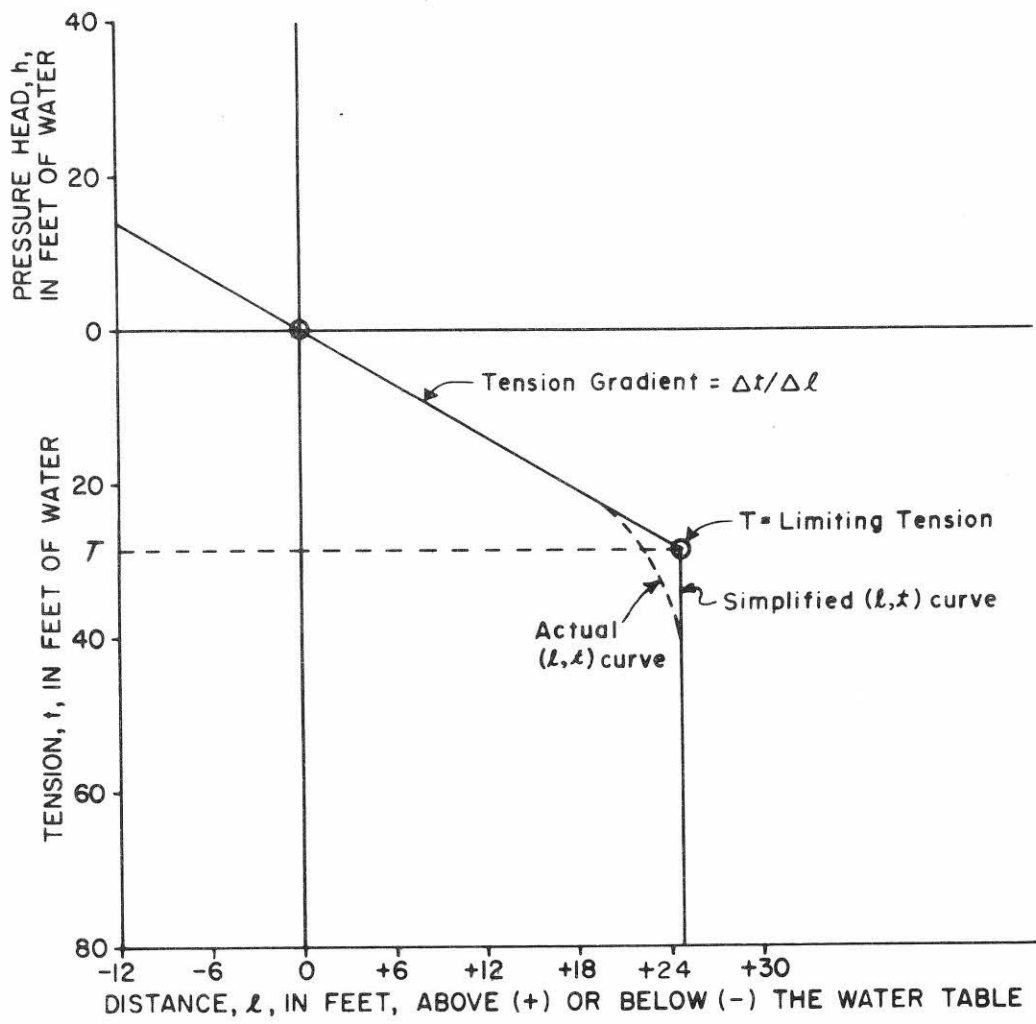


Figure 8.--Diagram showing simplified relation between tension (or pressure) and distance above or below the water table.

gradient. Methods for calculating these two parameters are given in Bedinger, Reed, and others (1965). Input data are limiting tensions and tension gradients for six velocities and for as many as 14 types of material. The program uses these data and coded lithologic logs to define the six depths to potentiometric surface associated with the six velocities. The largest velocity assigned should be equal to the potential evapotranspiration for the locality. The least velocity assigned should be greater than zero but should be less than any rate deemed significant in the study. The program then computes chords, change in evapotranspiration rate per foot change in potentiometric surface ($\Delta ET/\Delta H$), to the evapotranspiration rate versus depth relationship, beginning with a specified depth below the average and computing in 2-foot increments to a specified depth above the average.

Selection of initial values of $\Delta ET/\Delta H$ for input in GROUND-WATER FLOW must be based on an estimate of the change in potentiometric surface. Computed values of head change from GROUND-WATER FLOW are used to estimate successive values of $\Delta ET/\Delta H$ until the ΔH used in selecting $\Delta ET/\Delta H$ is sensibly equal to ΔH computed by GROUND-WATER FLOW.

Samples of output from the EVAPOTRANSPIRATION program are given in figure 9.

ROW	COLUMN			
7	11	AVERAGE DEPTH TO WATER	18.00	FEET
		TYPE OF MATERIAL	THICKNESS	
		SILTY SAND	2.0	
		SANDY SILT	5.0	
		SILTY CLAY	3.0	
		CLAY-SILT	10.0	
		DEPTH TO WATER	ET	DELTA ET/DELTA H
		19.039688	0.000100	
		16.265854	0.000550	
		15.197010	0.001000	
		12.967006	0.002700	
		10.558612	0.005500	
		8.706005	0.008200	
		28.000000	0.000100	0.000017
		26.000000	0.000100	0.000021
		24.000000	0.000100	0.000028
		22.000000	0.000100	0.000042
		20.000000	0.000100	0.000084
		18.000000	0.000269	0.000056
		16.000000	0.000662	0.000197
		14.000000	0.001913	0.000411
		12.000000	0.003824	0.000593
		10.000000	0.006314	0.000756
		8.000000	0.008200	0.000793
		6.000000	0.008200	0.000661

ROW	COLUMN			
8	12	AVERAGE DEPTH TO WATER	18.00	FEET
		TYPE OF MATERIAL	THICKNESS	
		SILTY SAND	15.0	
		DEPTH TO WATER	ET	DELTA ET/DELTA H
		19.097595	0.000100	
		16.587372	0.000550	
		15.777225	0.001000	
		14.540004	0.002700	
		13.777004	0.005500	
		13.420012	0.008200	
		28.000000	0.000100	0.000020
		26.000000	0.000100	0.000025
		24.000000	0.000100	0.000033
		22.000000	0.000100	0.000049
		20.000000	0.000100	0.000098
		18.000000	0.000297	0.000096
		16.000000	0.000876	0.000290
		14.000000	0.004682	0.001096
		12.000000	0.008200	0.001317
		10.000000	0.008200	0.000988
		8.000000	0.008200	0.000790
		6.000000	0.008200	0.000659

FIGURE 9.—SAMPLE OUTPUT FROM EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PROGRAM

Preparation of Input Data

An outline of the input data deck for EVAPOTRANSPIRATION is given below. The outline is keyed to table 3, which contains information for coding input data. The input data deck is shown diagrammatically in figure 10.

1. LIMITING TENSIONS

Fifteen cards—specifying limiting tensions for lithologic classes and velocities.

2. VELOCITIES

One card—specifying six different velocities.

3. TENSION GRADIENTS

Fourteen cards—specifying tension gradients for velocities in each lithologic class.

4. LITHOLOGY

Three cards—specifying the type of material in each lithologic class for printout.

5. RANGE

One card—specifying the range of water levels (above and below the initial water level) for which $\Delta ET/\Delta H$ is to be computed.

6. LOCATION, DEPTH TO WATER LEVEL, CODED LITHOLOGY

One or two cards, repeated for each log, specifying location, depth to water, and lithology and thickness of each unit of the aquitard.

7. TERMINATION

A blank card used to indicate the end of data deck.

Table 3.—Input data for EVAPOTRANSPIRATION program

Outline reference	Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks
1. LIMITING TENSIONS	1 card	-----	-----	-----	-----	Blank card.
	14 cards	1-4	-----	ET(I,1,2)	Vacant.	
5-8 9-12 13-16 17-20 21-24 25-28		F4.1 F4.1 F4.1 F4.1 F4.1 F4.1	ET(I,2,2) ET(I,3,2) ET(I,4,2) ET(I,5,2) ET(I,6,2) ET(I,7,2)	Array containing limiting tensions, ET, for each of 14 lithology classes, I, numbered 2 through 15, at each of 6 velocities, numbered 2 through 7. One lithology class is coded per card. Velocities are ordered from lowest to highest on each card.		
2. VELOCITIES	1 card	1-8	Blank		Vacant.	
		9-16 17-24 25-32 33-40 41-48 49-56	F8.7 F8.7 F8.7 F8.7 F8.7 F8.7	ET(1,2,1) ET(1,3,1) ET(1,4,1) ET(1,5,1) ET(1,6,1) ET(1,7,1)	Velocities ordered from least, ET(1,2,1), to greatest, ET(1,7,1). The middle subscript is the velocity number.	
3. TENSION GRADIENTS	14 cards	1-8	Blank		Vacant.	
		9-16 17-24 25-32 33-40 41-48 49-56	F8.7 F8.7 F8.7 F8.7 F8.7 F8.7	ET(I,2,1) ET(I,3,1) ET(I,4,1) ET(I,5,1) ET(I,6,1) ET(I,7,1)	Array containing tension gradients, ET, for each of 14 lithology classes, I, numbered 2 through 15, at each of 6 velocities, numbered 2 through 7. One lithology class is coded per card. Velocities are ordered from lowest to highest on each card.	
4. LITHOLOGY	3 cards	1-12	Blank	LITH(I), I=1 to 3	Vacant.	Code LITH(1), LITH(2), and LITH(3) blank.
		13-24	3A4	LITH(I), I=4 to 6	Class 2 lithology.	
		25-36	3A4	LITH(I), I=7 to 9	Class 3 lithology.	
		37-48	3A4	LITH(I), I=10 to 12	Class 4 lithology.	
		49-60	3A4	LITH(I), I=13 to 15	Class 5 lithology.	
		61-72	3A4	LITH(I), I=16 to 18	Class 6 lithology.	
		73-80, 1-4	3A4	LITH(I), I=19 to 21	Class 7 lithology.	
		5-16	3A4	LITH(I), I=22 to 24	Class 8 lithology.	
		17-28	3A4	LITH(I), I=25 to 27	Class 9 lithology.	
		29-40	3A4	LITH(I), I=28 to 30	Class 10 lithology.	
		41-52	3A4	LITH(I), I=31 to 33	Class 11 lithology.	
		53-64	3A4	LITH(I), I=34 to 36	Class 12 lithology.	
		65-76	3A4	LITH(I), I=37 to 39	Class 13 lithology.	
		77-80, 1-8	3A4	LITH(I), I=40 to 42	Class 14 lithology.	
9-20	3A4	LITH(I), I=43 to 45	Class 15 lithology.			

Table 3.—Input data for EVAPOTRANSPIRATION program--Continued

Outline reference	Number of cards	Columns	Format	Program variable	Input item	Remarks	
5. RANGE	1 card	1-2	F2.0	RANGE	Number of feet above and below average water level for which $\Delta ET/\Delta H$ is computed.		
6. LOCATION, DEPTH TO WATER LEVEL, CODED LITHOLOGY	1 or 2 cards	1st card	1-2	I2	M	Y-coordinate of data point.	This sequence is repeated for each log.
			3-4	I2	N	X-coordinate of data point.	
			5-8	F4.2	DTW	Reference depth to water for calculating $\Delta ET/\Delta H$.	
			9-10	I2	LCD(1)	LCD, class number of lithologic units, listed in order from land surface down.	
		11-14	F4.1	TH(1)	TH, thickness of lithologic units, listed in order from land surface down.		
		15-16	I2	LCD(2)			
		17-20	F4.1	TH(2)			
		21-22	I2	LCD(3)			
		23-26	F4.1	TH(3)			
		27-28	I2	LCD(4)			
		29-32	F4.1	TH(4)			
		33-34	I2	LCD(5)			
		35-38	F4.1	TH(5)			
		39-40	I2	LCD(6)			
		41-44	F4.1	TH(6)			
		45-46	I2	LCD(7)			
		47-50	F4.1	TH(7)			
		51-52	I2	LCD(8)			
		53-56	F4.1	TH(8)			
		57-58	I2	LCD(9)			
		59-62	F4.1	TH(9)			
		63-64	I2	LCD(10)			
		65-68	F4.1	TH(10)			
		69-70	I2	LCD(11)			
		71-74	F4.1	TH(11)			
		75-76	I2	LCD(12)			
77-80	F4.1	TH(12)					
		2d card	1-2	I2	LCD(13)	2d card may be omitted if TH(12) is zero.	
			3-6	F4.1	TH(13)		
			7-8	I2	LCD(14)		
			9-12	F4.1	TH(14)		
			13-14	I2	LCD(15)		
			15-18	F4.1	TH(15)		
			19-20	I2	LCD(16)		
			21-24	F4.1	TH(16)		
			25-26	I2	LCD(17)		
			27-30	F4.1	TH(17)		
			31-32	I2	LCD(18)		
			33-36	F4.1	TH(18)		
		37-38	I2	LCD(19)			
		39-42	F4.1	TH(19)			
		43-44	I2	LCD(20)			
		45-48	F4.1	TH(20)			
		49-50	I2	LCD(21)			
		51-54	F4.1	TH(21)			
		55-56	I2	LCD(22)			
		57-60	F4.1	TH(22)			
		61-62	I2	LCD(23)			
		63-66	F4.1	TH(23)			
		67-68	I2	LCD(24)			
		69-72	F4.1	TH(24)			
		73-74	I2	LCD(25)			
		75-78	F4.1	TH(25)			
7. TERMINATION	1 card					Blank card to indicate end of data.	

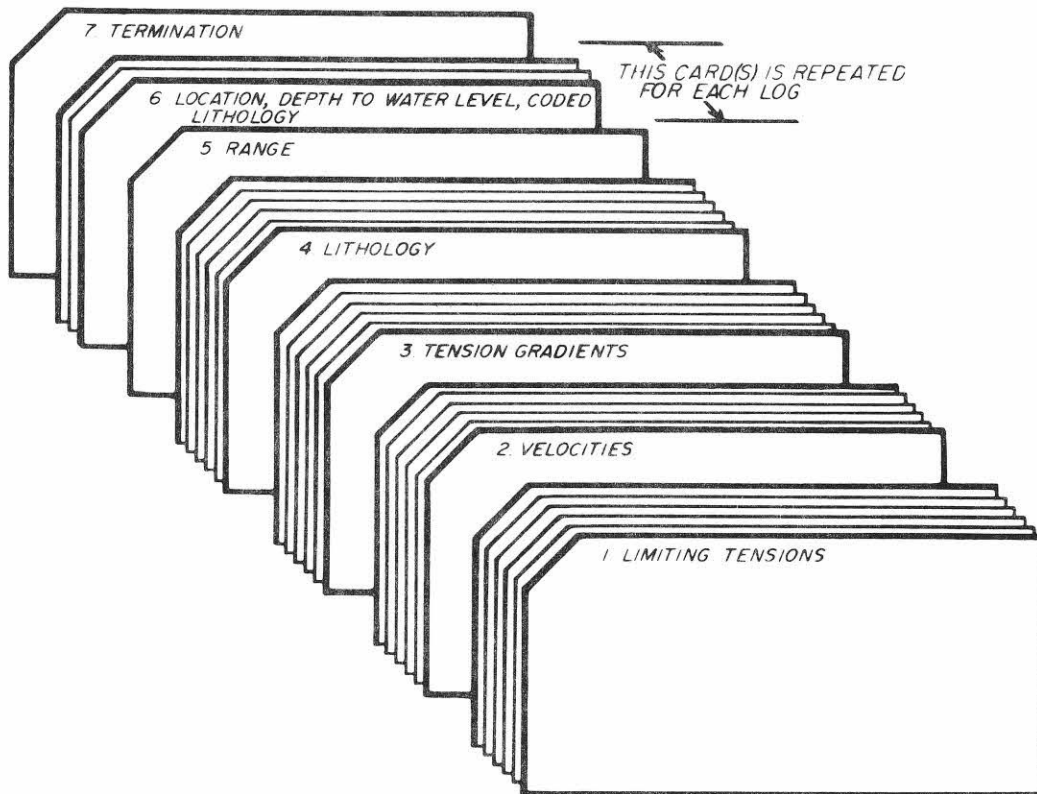


Figure 10.--Input-data deck for EVAPOTRANSPIRATION program.

INPUT-DATA FORMATS

Specifications for coding input data for GROUND-WATER FLOW, RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS, and EVAPOTRANSPIRATION are given in tables 1, 2, and 3. The "Format" column specifies the Fortran IV format for coding the indicated parameter. The position of the parameter on the card is specified under "Columns." Four format modes are used in the programs—they are F, decimal number; E, floating point form of decimal number; I, integer; and A, alphameric.

F format

The general form of decimal-point format is Fw.d, where w designates the width of the field and d designates the number of decimal positions to the right of the decimal. A coded decimal point overrides the position indicated by d in the format.

E format

The exponent format consists of a decimal-point number followed by E±XX, where ±XX indicates a power of 10 multiplier of the floating-point number. The general form of exponent format is Ew.d, in which w is the width of the field and d implies the number of decimal positions to the right of the decimal in the decimal-point number. A coded decimal overrides the implied decimal.

I format

Integer format contains numbers without a decimal point. These numbers should be right justified. Leading, trailing, and imbedded blanks in the field are interpreted as zeros.

A format

Alphanumeric format may contain alphabetic and numeric characters. "A" format is used for transmitting symbols used in alphanumeric representations of numerical data and in identification of output data.

Repeat count

An unsigned integer constant preceding the format designation F, E, I, or A is a repeat count used to denote the number of consecutive times the format code is to be used. If this constant is omitted, the code is used only once.

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TABLE 4.-GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING

C	*****	GW00010
C		GW00020
C	PROGRAM GWFLOW(1)	GW00030
C	PROGRAM GWFLOW(1)	GW00050
C	PROGRAM GWFLOW(1)	GW00040
C	PROGRAM GWFLOW(1)	GW00060
C	PROGRAMMED BY M.S. BEDINGER, J.E. REED, AND J.D. GRIFFIN	GW00080
C	DATE OF THIS VERSION -- 9 NOVEM 1971	GW00090
C		GW00070
C	*****	GW00100
C	*****	GW00110
C	*****	GW00120
C		GW00130
C	DIRECTIONS FOR CHANGING NUMBER OF ROWS (M) AND COLUMNS (N) IN	GW00140
C	NETWORK	GW00150
C	CHANGE VALUES OF M AND N IN THE FIRST CARD OF THE DATA DECK	GW00160
C	CHANGE DIMENSIONS OF FOLLOWING PARAMETERS TO (M,N):	GW00170
C	PZ,PS,HO,AM,SAM,T,S,HOS,Q,C,IV,DEL,QT,AND ACCRET	GW00180
C	CHANGE DIMENSIONS OF FOLLOWING PARAMETERSTO(M):	GW00190
C	CSD,CPZ,CPS,CET	GW00200
C	CHANGE DIMENSIONS OF FOLLOWING PARAMFTERS TO (N):	GW00210
C	RSD,RPZ,RPS,RET,W,AND G	GW00220
C	CHANGE DIMENSIONS OF H TO (M,N,3)	GW00230
C	CHANGE DIMENSIONS OF YY1,YY2,XX1,XX2 TO THE GREATER OF (M,N)	GW00231
C	CHANGE FORMAT STATEMENT 166 TO:	GW00240
C	166 FORMAT (NI) --WHERE N IS THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS	GW00250
C	CHANGE FOURTH LINE OF FORMAT STATEMENT 167 TO:	GW00260
C	SYSTEM'./(5X,NI)) -- WHERE N IS THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS	GW00270
C	COLUMNS	GW00280
C	CHANGE THE FOLLOWING FORMATS IN SUBROUTINE ALPHA:	GW00290
C	6 FORMAT (44X,NA1)--WHERE N IS NUMBR OF COLUMNS	GW00300
C	7 FORMAT (NA1)-- WHERE N IS NUMBER OF COLUMNS	GW00310
C	CHANGE DIMENSION OF IV ARRAY IN SUBROUTINE BETA TO (M,N):	GW00311
C	INTEGER*2 IV(M,N)--WHERE M,N IS NUMBR OF ROWS,COLUMNS	GW00312
C	CHANGE FORMAT 16 IN SUBROUTINE BETA:	GW00313
C	16 FORMAT(45X,NA1)--WHERE N IS THE NUMBER OF COLUMNS	GW00314
C		GW00320
C	DIRECTIONS FOR CHANGING NUMBER OF TIME INCREMENTS :	GW00330
C	CHANGE VALUES OF TTIME IN DATA DECK	GW00340
C	CHANGE DIMENSION SATATEMENTS FOR TTIME, DTIME, TIM, AND	GW00350
C	TTTEM	GW00360
C	*****	GW00370
C	INTEGER*2 IV(34,80)	
C	DIMENSION PZ(34,80), PS(34,80), HO(34,80), AM(34,80), SAM(34,80),	GW00390
C	IT(34,80), HOS(34,80), Q(34,80), C(34,80), DFL(34,80), QT(34,80), A	GW00400
C	ZCCRET(34,80), S(34,80)	GW00410
C	DIMENSION CSD(34), CPZ(34), CPS(34)	GW00420
C	DIMENSION RSD(80), RPZ(80), RPS(80), W(80), G(80)	GW00430
C	DIMENSION H(34,80,3)	GW00440
C	DIMENSION DTIME(80), TTIME(80), TTTEM(80), TIM(80), CTIME(10)	GW00450
C	DIMENSION IF(40), JF(40)	GW00460
C	DIMENSION TAT(64,2), TCARD(80)	GW00470

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

INTEGER*2 IJQ(20,2)	GW00480
DIMENSION SAT(64,2), PSAT(64,2), SAMAT(64,2), PZAT(64,2), AMAT(64,	GW00490
12)	GW00500
DIMENSION ACCAT(64,2), DELCAT(64,2)	GW00510
DIMENSION QPER(40)	GW00520
DIMENSION IJS(480,2)	GW00530
DIMENSION YY1(80), YY2(80), XX1(80), XX2(80), Q1(3), Q2(3), Q3(3),	GW00540
104(3)	GW00550
DIMENSION IPCO(5)	GW00560
DIMENSION CET(34),RET(80)	GW00570
IRD=5	GW00580
IPT=6	GW00590
SWQ=0.	GW00600
SRSD=0.0	GW00610
SRPZ=0.0	GW00620
SRPS=0.0	GW00630
QSTR=0.0	GW00640
SCET = 0.	GW00650
LC=10	GW00660
L=70	GW00670
ELEV=00.0	GW00680
READ (IRD,165) XM,YM,M,N,TM,SM	GW00690
M1=M-1	GW00700
N1=N-1	GW00710
L1=L-1	GW00720
WQ=0.	GW00730
DO 2 I=1,M	GW00740
DO 1 J=1,N	GW00750
IV(I,J)=3	GW00760
HOS(I,J)=0.0	GW00770
Q(I,J)=0.0	GW00780
C(I,J)=0.0	GW00790
H(I,J,1)=ELEV	GW00800
H(I,J,2)=ELEV	GW00810
1 H(I,J,3)=ELEV	GW00820
W(I)=1.0	GW00830
2 G(I)=0.0	GW00840
READ (IRD,166) ((IV(I,J),J=1,N),I=1,M)	GW00850
WRITE (IPT,216)	GW00860
WRITE (IPT,167) ((IV(I,J),J=1,N),I=1,M)	GW00870
IF (XM.EQ.0.0.OR.YM.EQ.0.0) GO TO 3	GW00880
X=XM	GW00890
Y=YM	GW00900
IXMIN=0	GW00910
IXMAX=100	GW00920
IXINF=0	GW00930
XINF=0.0	GW00940
IYMAX=100	GW00950
IYMIN=0	GW00960
YINF=0.0	GW00970
GO TO 4	GW00980
3 READ (IRD,168) IXMIN,IXMAX,XINF,X,IYMIN,IYMAX,YINF,Y	GW00990

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

4	CONTINUE	GW01000
	READ (IRD,169) IPS,ISAM,IPZ,IAM,PSM,SAMM,PZM,AMM	GW01010
	IF (TM-1) 6,5,5	GW01020
5	WRITE (IPT,170) TM	GW01030
6	CONTINUE	GW01040
	IF (SM,FQ,0) GO TO 7	GW01050
	WRITE (IPT,171) SM	GW01060
7	CONTINUE	GW01070
	IF (IPS-2) 8,9,9	GW01080
8	WRITE (IPT,172) PSM	GW01090
9	CONTINUE	GW01100
	IF (ISAM-2) 10,11,11	GW01110
10	WRITE (IPT,173) SAMM	GW01120
11	CONTINUE	GW01130
	IF (IPZ-2) 12,13,13	GW01140
12	WRITE (IPT,174) PZM	GW01150
13	CONTINUE	GW01160
	IF (IAM-2) 14,15,15	GW01170
14	WRITE (IPT,175) AMM	GW01180
15	CONTINUE	GW01190
	DO 17 I=1,M	GW01200
	DO 16 J=1,N	GW01210
	S(I,J)=0.0	GW01220
	T(I,J)=0.0	GW01230
	PS(I,J)=0.0	GW01240
	PZ(I,J)=0.0	GW01250
	HO(I,J)=0.0	GW01260
	AM(I,J)=0.0	GW01270
16	SAM(I,J)=0.0	GW01280
17	CONTINUE	GW01290
	IF (TM-1) 18,19,19	GW01300
18	CALL ALPHA (TAT,T,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW01310
	WRITE (IPT,176) (TAT(IAT,1),TAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW01320
	GO TO 22	GW01330
19	DO 21 I=1,M	GW01340
	DO 21 J=1,N	GW01350
	IF (IV(I,J).EQ.3) GO TO 20	GW01360
	T(I,J)=TM	GW01370
	GO TO 21	GW01380
20	T(I,J)=0.0	GW01390
21	CONTINUE	GW01400
22	CONTINUE	GW01410
	IF (SM,FQ,0) GO TO 25	GW01420
	DO 24 I=1,M	GW01430
	DO 24 J=1,N	GW01440
	IF (IV(I,J).EQ.3) GO TO 23	GW01450
	S(I,J)=SM	GW01460
	GO TO 24	GW01470
23	S(I,J)=0.0	GW01480
24	CONTINUE	GW01490
	GO TO 26	GW01500
25	CALL ALPHA (SAT,S,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW01510
	WRITE (IPT,177) (SAT(IAT,1),SAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW01520

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

26 CONTINUE	GW01530
IF (IPS-2) 28,27,28	GW01540
27 CALL ALPHA (PSAT,PS,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW01550
WRITE (IPT,178) (PSAT(IAT,1),PSAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW01560
28 CONTINUE	GW01570
IF (ISAM-2) 30,29,30	GW01580
29 CALL ALPHA (SAMAT,SAM,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW01590
WRITE (IPT,179) (SAMAT(IAT,1),SAMAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW01600
30 CONTINUE	GW01610
IF (IPZ-2) 31,34,35	GW01620
31 DO 33 I=1,M	GW01630
DO 33 J=1,N	GW01640
IF (IV(I,J).EQ.3) GO TO 32	GW01650
PZ(I,J)=PZM	GW01660
GO TO 33	GW01670
32 PZ(I,J)=0.0	GW01680
33 CONTINUE	GW01690
GO TO 35	GW01700
34 CALL ALPHA (PZAT,PZ,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW01710
WRITE (IPT,180) (PZAT(IAT,1),PZAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW01720
35 CONTINUE	GW01730
IF (IAM-2) 36,39,40	GW01740
36 DO 38 I=1,M	GW01750
DO 38 J=1,N	GW01760
IF (IV(I,J).EQ.3) GO TO 37	GW01770
AM(I,J)=AMM	GW01780
GO TO 38	GW01790
37 AM(I,J)=0.0	GW01800
38 CONTINUE	GW01810
GO TO 40	GW01820
39 CALL ALPHA (AMAT,AM,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW01830
WRITE (IPT,181) (AMAT(IAT,1),AMAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW01840
40 CONTINUE	GW01850
READ (IRD,182) (IF(I),JF(I),I=1,20)	GW01860
WRITE (IPT,183) ELEV,M,N,X	GW01870
IF (IXMIN.GT.0.OR.IXMAX.LT.100) GO TO 41	GW01880
GO TO 42	GW01890
41 WRITE (IPT,184) IXMIN,IXMAX,XINF	GW01900
42 IF (IYMIN.GT.0.OR.IYMAX.LT.100) GO TO 43	GW01910
GO TO 44	GW01920
43 WRITE (IPT,185) IYMIN,IYMAX,YINF	GW01930
44 READ (IRD,215) (TTIME(K),K=1,L)	GW01940
READ (IRD,215) (CTIME(KC),KC=1,LC)	GW01950
DO 49 KC=1,LC	GW01960
DO 48 K=2,L	GW01970
IF (CTIME(KC).EQ.0.0) GO TO 50	GW01980
IF (TTIME(K).EQ.CTIME(KC)) GO TO 49	GW01990
IF (TTIME(K).GT.CTIME(KC)) GO TO 45	GW02000
GO TO 48	GW02010
45 TTEMP=TTIME(K)	GW02020
TTIME(K)=CTIME(KC)	GW02030
K2=K+2	GW02040

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

K1=K+1	GW02050
TTTEM(K+1)=TTEMP	GW02060
DO 46 K0=K2,L	GW02070
46 TTTEM(K0)=TTIME(K0-1)	GW02080
DO 47 KT=K1,L	GW02090
47 TTIME(KT)=TTTEM(KT)	GW02100
GO TO 49	GW02110
48 CONTINUE	GW02120
49 CONTINUE	GW02130
50 CONTINUE	GW02140
DTIME(1)=0.0	GW02150
DO 51 K=2,L	GW02160
IF (TTIME(K).EQ.0.0) GO TO 52	GW02170
51 DTIME(K)=TTIME(K)-TTIME(K-1)	GW02180
52 CONTINUE	GW02190
READ (IRD,218) (IPCO(IC),IC=1,5)	GW02200
KT=1	GW02210
READ (IRD,186) NQSET	GW02220
WRITE (IPT,216)	GW02230
WRITE (IPT,187) NQSET	GW02240
READ (IRD,188) (QPER(I),I=1,NQSET)	GW02250
WRITE (IPT,189)	GW02260
WRITE (IPT,190) (I,QPER(I),I=1,NQSET)	GW02270
DO 163 N5=1,NQSET	GW02280
WRITE (IPT,207) N5	GW02290
DO 53 K=2,L	GW02300
IF (TTIME(K).LT.QPER(N5)) GO TO 53	GW02310
DTIME(K)=QPER(N5)-TTIME(K-1)	GW02320
GO TO 54	GW02330
53 CONTINUE	GW02340
GO TO 55	GW02350
54 TTIME(K)=QPER(N5)	GW02360
55 CONTINUE	GW02370
DO 56 I=1,M	GW02380
DO 56 J=1,N	GW02390
ACCRET(I,J)=0.0	GW02400
56 DEL(I,J)=0.0	GW02410
READ (IRD,191) IAC,IET,ACCON,ETCON	GW02420
IF (IAC-2) 57,58,58	GW02430
57 WRITE (IPT,192) ACCON	GW02440
58 CONTINUE	GW02450
IF (IET-2) 59,60,60	GW02460
59 WRITE (IPT,193) ETCON	GW02470
60 CONTINUE	GW02480
IF (IAC-2) 61,64,65	GW02490
61 DO 63 I=1,M	GW02500
DO 63 J=1,N	GW02510
IF (IV(I,J).EQ.3) GO TO 62	GW02520
ACCRET(I,J)=ACCON	GW02530
GO TO 63	GW02540
62 ACCRET(I,J)=0.0	GW02550
63 CONTINUE	GW02560

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

GO TO 65	GW02570
64 CALL ALPHA (ACCAT,ACCRET,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW02580
WRITE (IPT,194) (ACCAT(IAT,1),ACCAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW02590
65 CONTINUE	GW02600
IF (IFT-2) 66,69,70	GW02610
66 DO 68 I=1,M	GW02620
DO 68 J=1,N	GW02630
IF (IV(I,J).EQ.3) GO TO 67	GW02640
DFL(I,J)=ETCON	GW02650
GO TO 68	GW02660
67 DEL(I,J)=0.0	GW02670
68 CONTINUE	GW02680
GO TO 70	GW02690
69 CALL ALPHA (DELCAT,DEL,M,N,IRD,IPT,IALPHA)	GW02700
WRITE (IPT,195) (DELCAT(IAT,1),DELCAT(IAT,2),IAT=1,IALPHA)	GW02710
70 CONTINUE	GW02720
DO 71 I=1,M	GW02730
DO 71 J=1,N	GW02740
71 Q(I,J)=0.0	GW02750
READ (IRD,186) NQ	GW02760
WRITE (IPT,196) NQ	GW02770
IF (NQ.EQ.0) GO TO 74	GW02780
DO 73 NUD=1,NQ	GW02790
READ (IRD,198) QU	GW02800
WRITE (IPT,197) QU	GW02810
READ (IRD,206) IQUN	GW02820
READ (IRD,199) (IJQ(I,1),IJQ(I,2),I=1,IQUN)	GW02830
WRITE (IPT,200)	GW02840
WRITE (IPT,201) (IJQ(I,1),IJQ(I,2),I=1,IQUN)	GW02850
DO 72 I=1,IQUN	GW02860
IQ=IJQ(I,1)	GW02870
JQ=IJQ(I,2)	GW02880
72 Q(IQ,JQ)=QU	GW02890
73 CONTINUE	GW02900
74 CONTINUE	GW02910
READ (IRD,186) NSTGE	GW02920
WRITE (IPT,202) NSTGE	GW02930
IF (NSTGE.EQ.0) GO TO 79	GW02940
DO 78 NUD=1,NSTGE	GW02950
READ (IRD,204) XSTAGE	GW02960
WRITE (IPT,203) XSTAGE	GW02970
READ (IRD,206) IXSTN	GW02980
READ (IRD,205) (IJS(I,1),IJS(I,2),I=1,IXSTN)	GW02990
WRITE (IPT,200)	GW03000
WRITE (IPT,201) (IJS(I,1),IJS(I,2),I=1,IXSTN)	GW03010
DO 77 I=1,IXSTN	GW03020
IST=IJS(I,1)	GW03030
JST=IJS(I,2)	GW03040
IF (IV(IST,JST)-2) 75,76,77	GW03050
75 HOS(IST,JST)=XSTAGE	GW03060
IF (ISAM.EQ.1) SAM(IST,JST)=SAMB	GW03070
IF (IPS.EQ.1) PS(IST,JST)=PSM	GW03080

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	GO TO 77	GW03090
76	H(IST,JST,1)=XSTAGE	GW03100
	H(IST,JST,2)=XSTAGE	GW03110
	H(IST,JST,3)=XSTAGE	GW03120
77	CONTINUE	GW03130
78	CONTINUE	GW03140
79	CONTINUE	GW03150
C	CYCLE THROUGH NETWORK BY ROWS	GW03160
	DO 161 K=2,L	GW03170
	QS=0.	GW03180
	DO 114 I=2,M1	GW03190
	DO 89 J=2,N1	GW03200
	IF (J.EQ.IXMIN) GO TO 80	GW03210
	IF (J.EQ.IXMAX) GO TO 81	GW03220
	IF (J.LT.IXMIN.OR.J.GT.IXMAX) GO TO 82	GW03230
	IF (J.GT.IXMIN.AND.J.LT.IXMAX) GO TO 83	GW03240
80	XX1(J)=XINF	GW03250
	XX2(J)=X	GW03260
	GO TO 84	GW03270
81	XX1(J)=X	GW03280
	XX2(J)=XINF	GW03290
	GO TO 84	GW03300
82	XX1(J)=XINF	GW03310
	XX2(J)=XINF	GW03320
	GO TO 84	GW03330
83	XX1(J)=X	GW03340
	XX2(J)=X	GW03350
84	CONTINUE	GW03360
	IF (I.EQ.IYMIN) GO TO 85	GW03370
	IF (I.EQ.IYMAX) GO TO 86	GW03380
	IF (I.LT.IYMIN.OR.I.GT.IYMAX) GO TO 87	GW03390
	IF (I.GT.IYMIN.AND.I.LT.IYMAX) GO TO 88	GW03400
85	YY1(J)=YINF	GW03410
	YY2(J)=Y	GW03420
	GO TO 89	GW03430
86	YY1(J)=Y	GW03440
	YY2(J)=YINF	GW03450
	GO TO 89	GW03460
87	YY1(J)=YINF	GW03470
	YY2(J)=YINF	GW03480
	GO TO 89	GW03490
88	YY1(J)=Y	GW03500
	YY2(J)=Y	GW03510
89	CONTINUE	GW03520
	DO 104 J=2,N1	GW03530
	X1=XX1(J)	GW03540
	X2=XX2(J)	GW03550
	Y1=YY1(J)	GW03560
	Y2=YY2(J)	GW03570
	RSD(J)=(S(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(2.*DTIME(K))	GW03580
	RET(J) = DEL(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2)/R.	GW03590
	RPZ(J)=0.0	GW03600

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

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IF (AM(I,J).NE.0.0) RPZ(J)=(PZ(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(8.*AM(I,J)) GW03610
RPS(J)=0.0 GW03620
IF (SAM(I,J).NE.0.0) RPS(J)=(PS(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(8.*SAM(I,J)) GW03630
1) GW03640
IF (IV(I,J)-2) 90,98,99 GW03650
C IV(I,J,K) = 1, H IS NOT SPECIFIED GW03660
C IV(I,J,K) = 2, H IS SPECIFIED GW03670
C IV(I,J,K) = 3, NODE IS OUTSIDE FLOW SYSTEM GW03680
90 C(I,J)=((T(I,J)+T(I,J+1))*(Y1+Y2))/(4.*X2) GW03690
A=((T(I,J-1)+T(I,J))*(Y1+Y2))/(4.*X1) GW03700
B=-(A+C(I,J))-RSD(J)-RPZ(J)-RPS(J)-RET(J) GW03710
IF (IV(I,J-1).NE.3) GO TO 92 GW03720
IF (IV(I,J+1).NE.3) GO TO 91 GW03730
C J-1 AND J+1 ARE OUTSIDE AQUIFER GW03740
C(I,J)=0.0 GW03750
A=0.0 GW03760
B=-RSD(J)-RPZ(J)-RPS(J)-RET(J) GW03770
GO TO 93 GW03780
C J-1 IS OUTSIDE AQUIFER, J+1 IS INSIDE AQUIFER GW03790
91 C(I,J)=C(I,J)*2. GW03800
A=0.0 GW03810
B=-C(I,J)-RSD(J)-RPZ(J)-RPS(J)-RET(J) GW03820
GO TO 93 GW03830
92 IF (IV(I,J+1).NE.3) GO TO 93 GW03840
C J-1 IS INSIDE AQUIFER, J+1 IS OUTSIDE GW03850
A=A*2. GW03860
C(I,J)=0.0 GW03870
B=-A-RSD(J)-RPZ(J)-RPS(J)-RET(J) GW03880
93 CONTINUE GW03890
QPZ=0.0 GW03900
IF (AM(I,J).NE.0.0) QPZ=(PZ(I,J)*H0(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(4.*AM(I GW03910
1,J)) GW03920
QPS=0.0 GW03930
IF (SAM(I,J).NE.0.0) QPS=(PS(I,J)*H0S(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(4.*SA GW03940
1M(I,J)) GW03950
WQ=Q(I,J)-QPZ-QPS+DEL(I,J)*H(I,J,1)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2)/R.- (ACCRET(I,J GW03960
1)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/4. GW03970
IF (IV(I-1,J).EQ.3) GO TO 94 GW03980
IF (IV(I+1,J)-2) 96,96,95 GW03990
94 IF (IV(I+1,J).EQ.3) D=(-RSD(J)+RPZ(J)+RPS(J))*H(I,J,1)+WQ GW04000
IF (IV(I+1,J).EQ.3) GO TO 97 GW04010
D=((T(I,J)+T(I+1,J))/Y2*(X1+X2)/2.-RSD(J)+RPZ(J)+RPS(J))*H(I,J,1)- GW04020
1((T(I,J)+T(I+1,J))/Y2*(X1+X2)/2.)*H(I+1,J,1)+WQ GW04030
GO TO 97 GW04040
95 D=-((T(I-1,J)+T(I,J))/Y1*(X1+X2)/2.)*H(I-1,J,1)+((T(I-1,J)+T(I,J)) GW04050
1/Y1*(X1+X2)/2.-RSD(J)+RPZ(J)+RPS(J))*H(I,J,1)+WQ GW04060
GO TO 97 GW04070
96 IF (IV(I-1,J).NE.3.OR.IV(I+1,J).NE.3) D=-((T(I-1,J)+T(I,J))*(X1+X2 GW04080
1)/(4.*Y1))*H(I-1,J,1)+((T(I-1,J)+T(I,J))*(X1+X2)/(4.*Y1)+T(I,J)+T GW04090
2(I+1,J))*(X1+X2)/(4.*Y2)-RSD(J)+RPZ(J)+RPS(J))*H(I,J,1)-((T(I,J)+T GW04100
3(I+1,J))*(X1+X2)/(4.*Y2))*H(I+1,J,1)+WQ GW04110
97 IF (IV(I,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I,J+1).EQ.3) WQ=WQ/2. GW04120

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TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

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IF (IV(I-1,J).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J).EQ.3) WQ=WQ/2.          GW04130
SWQ=SWQ+WQ*DTIME(K)/2.          GW04140
W(J)=B-A*C(I,J-1)/W(J-1)        GW04150
G(J)=(D-A*G(J-1))/W(J)          GW04160
IF (ABS(G(J)).LT.1.0E-20) G(J)=0. GW04170
GO TO 99                          GW04180
98 G(J)=H(I,J,2)                  GW04190
W(J)=1.0                          GW04200
C(I,J)=0.0                         GW04210
99 IF (N1-J) 100,100,103          GW04220
C
100 IF (N-J) IS ZERO, COLUMN HAS BEEN RUN COMPUTING W AND G GW04230
CONTINUE                          GW04240
IF (IV(I,N).EQ.1) H(I,N,2)=G(N)  GW04250
DO 102 JIN=1,N1                  GW04260
JDUM=N-JIN                       GW04270
IF (H(I,JDUM+1,2).GE.1.0E-20.OR.H(I,JDUM+1,2).LE.-1.0E-20) GO TO 1 GW04280
101                               GW04290
H(I,JDUM+1,2)=0.0                GW04300
101 CONTINUE                     GW04310
IF (IV(I,JDUM).EQ.1) H(I,JDUM,2)=G(JDUM)-(C(I,JDUM)*H(I,JDUM+1,2)) GW04320
1/W(JDUM)                         GW04330
102 CONTINUE                     GW04340
103 CONTINUE                     GW04350
104 CONTINUE                     GW04360
DO 113 J=2,N1                   GW04370
DO 112 KX=1,2                   GW04380
IF (IV(I,J).NE.2) GO TO 113      GW04390
IF (IV(I-1,J).EQ.3) GO TO 105    GW04400
Q1(KX)=(T(I-1,J)/2.+T(I,J)/2.)*(H(I-1,J,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/YY1(J)*(X GW04410
1X1(J)/2.+XX2(J)/2.)           GW04420
IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 106      GW04430
IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3) Q1(KX)=Q1(KX)/2. GW04440
GO TO 106                       GW04450
105 Q1(KX)=0.                    GW04460
106 IF (IV(I+1,J).EQ.3) GO TO 107 GW04470
Q2(KX)=(T(I,J)/2.+T(I+1,J)/2.)*(H(I+1,J,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/YY2(J)*(XX1 GW04480
1(J)/2.+XX2(J)/2.)           GW04490
IF (IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 108      GW04500
IF (IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) Q2(KX)=Q2(KX)/2. GW04510
GO TO 108                       GW04520
107 Q2(KX)=0.                    GW04530
108 IF (IV(I,J-1).EQ.3) GO TO 109 GW04540
Q3(KX)=(T(I,J-1)/2.+T(I,J)/2.)*(H(I,J-1,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/XX1(J)*(YY1 GW04550
1(J)/2.+YY2(J)/2.)           GW04560
IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3) GO TO 110      GW04570
IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3) Q3(KX)=Q3(KX)/2. GW04580
GO TO 110                       GW04590
109 Q3(KX)=0.                    GW04600
110 IF (IV(I,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 111 GW04610
Q4(KX)=(T(I,J)/2.+T(I,J+1)/2.)*(H(I,J+1,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/XX2(J)*(YY1 GW04620
1(J)/2.+YY2(J)/2.)           GW04630
IF (IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 112      GW04640

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TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	IF (IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) Q4(KX)=Q4(KY)/2.	GW04650
	GO TO 112	GW04660
111	Q4(KX)=0.	GW04670
112	CONTINUE	GW04680
	QS=QS+(Q1(1)+Q1(2)+Q2(1)+Q2(2)+Q3(1)+Q3(2)+Q4(1)+Q4(2))/2.	GW04690
113	CONTINUE	GW04700
114	CONTINUE	GW04710
C	CYCLE THROUGH NETWORK BY COLUMNS	GW04720
	DO 151 J=2,N1	GW04730
	DO 124 I=2,M1	GW04740
	IF (J.EQ.IXMIN) GO TO 115	GW04750
	IF (J.EQ.IXMAX) GO TO 116	GW04760
	IF (J.LT.IXMIN.OR.J.GT.IXMAX) GO TO 117	GW04770
	IF (J.GT.IXMIN.AND.J.LT.IXMAX) GO TO 118	GW04780
115	XX1(I)=XINF	GW04790
	XX2(I)=X	GW04800
	GO TO 119	GW04810
116	XX1(I)=X	GW04820
	XX2(I)=XINF	GW04830
	GO TO 119	GW04840
117	XX1(I)=XINF	GW04850
	XX2(I)=XINF	GW04860
	GO TO 119	GW04870
118	XX1(I)=X	GW04880
	XX2(I)=X	GW04890
119	CONTINUE	GW04900
	IF (I.EQ.IYMIN) GO TO 120	GW04910
	IF (I.EQ.IYMAX) GO TO 121	GW04920
	IF (I.LT.IYMIN.OR.I.GT.IYMAX) GO TO 122	GW04930
	IF (I.GT.IYMIN.AND.I.LT.IYMAX) GO TO 123	GW04940
120	YY1(I)=YINF	GW04950
	YY2(I)=Y	GW04960
	GO TO 124	GW04970
121	YY1(I)=Y	GW04980
	YY2(I)=YINF	GW04990
	GO TO 124	GW05000
122	YY1(I)=YINF	GW05010
	YY2(I)=YINF	GW05020
	GO TO 124	GW05030
123	YY1(I)=Y	GW05040
	YY2(I)=Y	GW05050
124	CONTINUE	GW05060
	DO 141 I=2,M1	GW05070
	X1=XX1(I)	GW05080
	X2=XX2(I)	GW05090
	Y1=YY1(I)	GW05100
	Y2=YY2(I)	GW05110
	CSD(I)=(S(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(2.*DTIME(K))	GW05120
	CET(I) = DEL(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2)/8.	GW05130
	CPZ(I)=0.0	GW05140
	IF (AM(I,J).NE.0.0) CPZ(I)=(PZ(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(R.*AM(I,J))	GW05150
	CPS(I)=0.0	GW05160

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

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IF (SAM(I,J).NE.0.0) CPS(I)=(PS(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(8.*SAM(I,J)  GW05170
1)  GW05180
IF (IV(I,J)-2) 125,133,134  GW05190
125 C(I,J)=((T(I,J)+T(I+1,J))*(X1+X2))/(4.*Y2)  GW05200
A=((T(I-1,J)+T(I,J))*(X1+X2))/(4.*Y1)  GW05210
B=-(A+C(I,J))-CSD(I)-CPZ(I)-CPS(I)-CET(I)  GW05220
IF (IV(I-1,J).NE.3) GO TO 127  GW05230
IF (IV(I+1,J).NE.3) GO TO 126  GW05240
C(I,J)=0.0  GW05250
A=0.0  GW05260
B=-CSD(I)-CPZ(I)-CPS(I)-CFT(I)  GW05270
GO TO 128  GW05280
126 C(I,J)=C(I,J)*2.  GW05290
A=0.0  GW05300
B=-C(I,J)-CSD(I)-CPZ(I)-CPS(I)-CET(I)  GW05310
GO TO 128  GW05320
127 IF (IV(I+1,J).NE.3) GO TO 128  GW05330
A=A*2.  GW05340
C(I,J)=0.0  GW05350
B=-A-CSD(I)-CPZ(I)-CPS(I)-CFT(I)  GW05360
128 CONTINUE  GW05370
QPZ=0.0  GW05380
IF (AM(I,J).NE.0.0) QPZ=(PZ(I,J)*HO(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+Y2))/(4.*AM(I  GW05390
1,J))  GW05400
QPS=0.0  GW05410
IF (SAM(I,J).NE.0.0) QPS=(PS(I,J)*HOS(I,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/(4.*SA  GW05420
1M(I,J))  GW05430
WQ=Q(I,J)-QPZ-QPS+(DEL(I,J)*H(I,J,2)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/8.-(ACCRET(I  GW05440
1,J)*(Y1+Y2)*(X1+X2))/4.  GW05450
IF (IV(I,J-1).EQ.3) GO TO 129  GW05460
IF (IV(I,J-1) .EQ.3) GO TO 116  GW05470
IF (IV(I,J+1)-2) 131,131,130  GW05480
129 IF (IV(I,J+1).EQ.3) D=(-CSD(I)+CPZ(I)+CPS(I))*H(I,J,2)+WQ  GW05490
IF (IV(I,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 132  GW05500
D=((T(I,J)+T(I,J+1))/X2*(Y1+Y2)/2.-CSD(I)+CPZ(I)+CPS(I))*H(I,J,2)-  GW05510
1((T(I,J)+T(I,J+1))/X2*(Y1+Y2)/2.)*H(I,J+1,2)+WQ  GW05520
GO TO 132  GW05530
130 D=-((T(I,J-1)+T(I,J))/X1*(Y1+Y2)/2.)*H(I,J-1,2)+((T(I,J-1)+T(I,J))  GW05540
1/X1*(Y1+Y2)/2.-CSD(I)+CPZ(I)+CPS(I))*H(I,J,2)+WQ  GW05550
GO TO 132  GW05560
131 IF (IV(I,J-1).NE.3.OR.IV(I,J+1).NE.3) D=-((T(I,J-1)+T(I,J))*(Y1+Y2  GW05570
1)/(4.*X1))*H(I,J-1,2)+((T(I,J-1)+T(I,J))*(Y1+Y2)/(4.*Y1)+(T(I,J)+T  GW05580
2(I,J+1))*(Y1+Y2)/(4.*X2)-CSD(I)+CPZ(I)+CPS(I))*H(I,J,2)-((T(I,J)+T  GW05590
3(I,J+1))*(Y1+Y2)/(4.*X2))*H(I,J+1,2)+WQ  GW05600
132 IF (IV(I,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I,J+1).EQ.3) WQ=WQ/2.  GW05610
IF (IV(I-1,J).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J).EQ.3) WQ=WQ/2.  GW05620
SWQ=SWQ+WQ*DTIME(K)/2.  GW05630
W(I)=B-A*C(I-1,J)/W(I-1)  GW05640
G(I)=(D-A*G(I-1))/W(I)  GW05650
IF (ABS(G(I)).LT.1.0E-20) G(I)=0.  GW05660
GO TO 134  GW05670
133 G(I)=H(I,J,3)  GW05680

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TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

```

W(I)=1.0
C(I,J)=0.0
134 IF (M1-I) 135,135,140
135 CONTINUE
IF (IV(M,J).EQ.1) H(M,J,3)=G(M)
M2=M-2
DO 139 IM=1,M2
IDUM=M-IM
IF (H(IDUM+1,J,3).GE.1.0E-20.OR.H(IDUM+1,J,3).LE.-1.0E-20) GO TO 1
136 H(IDUM+1,J,3)=0.0
136 CONTINUE
IF (IV(IDUM,J).EQ.1) H(IDUM,J,3)=G(IDUM)-C(IDUM,J)*H(IDUM+1,J,3)/W
1(IDUM)
IF (IV(IDUM,J).NE.1) GO TO 139
IF (IV(IDUM,J-1).NE.3.AND.IV(IDUM,J+1).NE.3) GO TO 137
CSD(IDUM)=CSD(IDUM)/2.
CPZ(IDUM)=CPZ(IDUM)/2.
CPS(IDUM)=CPS(IDUM)/2.
CET(IDUM) = CET(IDUM)/2.
137 IF (IV(IDUM-1,J).NE.3.AND.IV(IDUM+1,J).NE.3) GO TO 139
CSD(IDUM)=CSD(IDUM)/2.
CPZ(IDUM)=CPZ(IDUM)/2.
CPS(IDUM)=CPS(IDUM)/2.
CET(IDUM) = CET(IDUM)/2.
138 SRSD=SRSD+(H(IDUM,J,3)-H(IDUM,J,1))*CSD(IDUM)*DTIME(K)/2.
SHED=(H(IDUM,J,1)+2.*H(IDUM,J,2)+H(IDUM,J,3))/4.
SRPZ=SRPZ+SHED*CPZ(IDUM)*DTIME(K)*2.
SRPS=SRPS+SHED*CPS(IDUM)*DTIME(K)*2.
SCET = SCET+SHED*CET(IDUM)*DTIME(K)
139 CONTINUE
140 CONTINUE
141 CONTINUE
DO 150 I=2,M1
DO 149 KX=2,3
IF (IV(I,J).NE.2) GO TO 150
IF (IV(I-1,J).EQ.3) GO TO 142
Q1(KX)=(T(I-1,J)/2.+T(I,J)/2.)*(H(I-1,J,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/YY1(I)*(X
1X1(I)/2.+XX2(I)/2.)
IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 143
IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3) Q1(KX)=Q1(KX)/2.
GO TO 143
142 Q1(KX)=0.
143 IF (IV(I+1,J).EQ.3) GO TO 144
Q2(KX)=(T(I,J)/2.+T(I+1,J)/2.)*(H(I+1,J,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/YY2(I)*(XX1
1(I)/2.+XX2(I)/2.)
IF (IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 145
IF (IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) Q2(KX)=Q2(KX)/2.
GO TO 145
144 Q2(KX)=0.
145 IF (IV(I,J-1).EQ.3) GO TO 146
Q3(KX)=(T(I,J-1)/2.+T(I,J)/2.)*(H(I,J-1,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/XX1(I)*(YY1
1(I)/2.+YY2(I)/2.)

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TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3) GO TO 147	GW06210
	IF (IV(I-1,J-1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J-1).EQ.3) Q3(KX)=Q3(KY)/2.	GW06220
	GO TO 147	GW06230
146	Q3(KX)=0.	GW06240
147	IF (IV(I,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 148	GW06250
	Q4(KX)=(T(I,J)/2.+T(I,J+1)/2.)*(H(I,J+1,KX)-H(I,J,KX))/XX2(I)*(YY1	GW06260
	1(I)/2.+YY2(I)/2.)	GW06270
	IF (IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3.AND.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) GO TO 149	GW06280
	IF (IV(I-1,J+1).EQ.3.OR.IV(I+1,J+1).EQ.3) Q4(KX)=Q4(KY)/2.	GW06290
	GO TO 149	GW06300
148	Q4(KX)=0.	GW06310
149	CONTINUE	GW06320
	QT(I,J)=Q1(3)+Q2(3)+Q3(3)+Q4(3)	GW06330
	QS=QS+(QT(I,J)+Q1(2)+Q2(2)+Q3(2)+Q4(2))/2.	GW06340
150	CONTINUE	GW06350
151	CONTINUE	GW06360
	QS=QS/2.	GW06365
	QTT=QS*DTIME(K)	GW06370
	QSTR=QSTR+QTT	GW06380
C	CBAL -- CUMULATIVE RESIDUAL FROM MASS BALANCE COMPUTATION	GW06390
	CBAL=-SRSD-SWQ-QSTR-SRPZ-SRPS-SCET	GW06400
	BAL=(CBAL*100.)/((ARS(SRSD)+ARS(SRPZ)+ARS(SRPS)+ABS(OC-TR)+ARS(SWQ)	GW06410
	1+ARS(SCET))/2.)	GW06420
	IDF=K	GW06430
	TIM(IDF)=TTIME(K)	GW06440
C	IPCO(1)=1 --PRINT HEADS AT DESIGNATED NODES AT EACH COMPUTATION	GW06450
	IF (IPCO(1).NE.1) GO TO 154	GW06460
	WRITE (IPT,208) TIM(IDF)	GW06470
	WRITE (IPT,217) BAL	GW06480
	WRITE (IPT,209)	GW06490
	DO 153 I=1,20	GW06500
	JT=JF(I)	GW06510
	IT=IF(I)	GW06520
	IF (IT.GT.0.OR.JT.GT.0) GO TO 152	GW06530
	GO TO 153	GW06540
152	WRITE (IPT,211) IT,JT,H(IT,JT,3)	GW06550
153	CONTINUE	GW06560
C	IPCO(2) -- PUNCH CARDS FOR RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM	GW06570
154	IF (IPCO(2).NE.1) GO TO 156	GW06580
	DO 155 I=1,20	GW06590
	IT=IF(I)	GW06600
	JT=JF(I)	GW06610
	IF (IT.EQ.0.OR.JT.EQ.0) GO TO 156	GW06620
	DUHF=H(IT,JT,3)	GW06630
	WRITE (A,210) DUHF,TIM(IDF),IT,JT	GW06640
155	CONTINUE	GW06650
156	CONTINUE	GW06660
	DO 158 KC=1,LC	GW06670
	IF (TTIME(K).EQ.CTIME(KC)) GO TO 157	GW06680
	GO TO 158	GW06690
157	CONTINUE	GW06700
C	IPCO(3)=1 --PRINT MAP OF HEADS IN SYMBOLIC FORM AT CT+MFS	GW06710

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	IF (IPCO(3).EQ.1) CALL BETA (H,M,N,TTIME,PS,Q,IV,K,L,BAL)	GW06720
C	IF IPCO(5)=1-- PRINT FLOW TO FULLY PENETRATING STREAMS	GW06721
	IF (IPCO(5).NE.1)GO TO 221	GW06722
	WRITE (IPT,220) QS	GW06723
C	IPCO(4)=1 --PRINT ALL HEAD VALUES AT CTIMES	GW06730
221	IF (IPCO(4).NE.1) GO TO 159	GW06740
	WRITE (IPT,216)	GW06750
	WRITE (IPT,212) TTIME(K)	GW06760
	WRITE (IPT,217) BAL	GW06770
	WRITE (IPT,213)	GW06780
	WRITE (IPT,214) ((J,I,H(I,J,3),J=1,N),I=1,M)	GW06790
	GO TO 159	GW06800
158	CONTINUE	GW06810
159	CONTINUE	GW06820
	DO 160 I=1,M	GW06830
	DO 160 J=1,N	GW06840
160	H(I,J,1)=H(I,J,3)	GW06850
	IF (TTIME(K).EQ.QPER(N5)) GO TO 162	GW06860
161	CONTINUE	GW06870
162	LIMIT=IDF	GW06880
163	CONTINUE	GW06890
	STOP	GW06900
C		GW06910
C		GW06920
165	FORMAT (2F10.1,2I5,2F10.1)	GW06930
166	FORMAT (80I1)	GW06940
167	FORMAT (//45X,'NODE LEVEL MAP OF FLOW SYSTEM',//45X,'EXPLANATION',	GW06950
	1//45X,'1 -- INSIDE FLOW SYSTEM WITH HEAD NOT SPECIFIED',//45X,'2 --	GW06960
	2INSIDE FLOW SYSTEM WITH HEAD SPECIFIED',//45X,'3 -- OUTSIDE FLOW S	GW06970
	SYSTEM',//(50X,80I1))	GW06980
168	FORMAT (2I2,2F10.1,2I2,2F10.1)	GW06990
169	FORMAT (4I1,4E8.1)	GW07000
170	FORMAT (//45X,'TRANSMISSIVITY -- ',F10.1)	GW07010
171	FORMAT (//45X,'COEFFICIENT OF STORAGE -- ',F12.6)	GW07020
172	FORMAT (//45X,'CONDUCTIVITY OF STREAM AND LAKE BED MATERIAL -- ',F	GW07030
	112.6)	GW07040
173	FORMAT (//45X,'THICKNESS OF STREAM AND LAKE BED MATERIAL -- ',F5.0	GW07050
	1)	GW07060
174	FORMAT (//45X,'CONDUCTIVITY OF AQUITARD -- ',F12.6)	GW07070
175	FORMAT (//45X,'THICKNESS OF AQUITARD -- ',F5.0)	GW07080
176	FORMAT (//45X,'TRANSMISSIVITY MAP OF AQUIFER',//45X,'EXPLANATION',/	GW07090
	1//45X,'SYMBOL',3X,'TRANSMISSIVITY',/(47X,A1,14X,F10.1))	GW07100
177	FORMAT (//45X,'COEFFICIENT OF STORAGE MAP OF AQUIFER',//45X,'SYMBO	GW07110
	1L',3X,'COEFFICIENT OF STORAGE',/(47X,A1,14X,F10.8))	GW07120
178	FORMAT (//45X,'MAP OF CONDUCTIVITY OF STREAM AND LAKE BED MATERIAL	GW07130
	1',//45X,'SYMBOL',5X,'HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY',/(47X,A1,14X,F12.6))	GW07140
179	FORMAT (//45X,'MAP OF THICKNESS OF STREAM AND LAKE BED MATERIAL',/	GW07150
	1//45X,'SYMBOL',13X,'THICKNESS',/(47X,A1,19X,F5.0))	GW07160
180	FORMAT (//45X,'MAP OF VERTICAL CONDUCTIVITY OF AQUITARD',//45X,'SY	GW07170
	1MBOL',8X,'HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY',/(47X,A1,14X,F12.6))	GW07180
181	FORMAT (//45X,'MAP OF THICKNESS OF AQUITARD',//45X,'SYMBOL',14X,'T	GW07190
	1THICKNESS',/(47X,A1,19X,F5.0))	GW07200

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

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182 FORMAT (40I2)
183 FORMAT (//45X,'INITIAL ELEVATION OF POTENTIOMETRIC SURFACE -- ',F5
1.0, //45X,'NUMBER OF ROWS -- ',I5,3X,'NUMBER OF COLUMNS -- ',I5, //4
25X,'NODE SPACING -- ',F10.1,'FEET')
184 FORMAT (/30X,'IN THE AREA TO THE LEFT OF COLUMN',I2,I2,'AND TO
1THE RIGHT OF ',I2,I2,'THE NODE SPACING IS',I2,F10.1,'FEET')
185 FORMAT (/30X,'IN THE AREA ABOVE ROW',I2,I2,'AND BELOW ROW',I2,I2,
12,I2,'THE NODE SPACING IS',I2,F10.1,'FEET')
186 FORMAT (I3)
187 FORMAT (//45X,'NUMBER OF BOUNDARY SETS -- ',I3)
188 FORMAT (I2F6.1)
189 FORMAT (45X,'BOUNDARY SET',5X,'DURATION')
190 FORMAT (50X,I2,6X,F12.2)
191 FORMAT (2I1,2F8.1)
192 FORMAT (45X,'ACCRETION RATE TO AQUIFER, IN FEET PER DAY -- ',F12.6
1)
193 FORMAT (45X,'CHANGE IN EVAPOTRANSPIRATION,',/45X,'IN FEET PER DAY,
1 PER CHANGE IN HEAD, IN FEET -- ',F12.6)
194 FORMAT (//45X,'MAP OF ACCRETION TO AQUIFER',/45X,'SYMBOL',3X,'ACCR
1ETION, IN FEET PER DAY',/(47X,A1,14X,F12.6))
195 FORMAT (//45X,'MAP OF CHANGE IN EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PER UNIT CHANGE
1 IN HEAD',/45X,'SYMBOL',3X,'CHANGE IN EVAPOTRANSPIRATION, IN FEET
2PER DAY',/61X,'PER FOOT CHANGE IN HEAD',/(47X,A1,14X,F12.6))
196 FORMAT (//45X,'NUMBER OF WITHDRAWAL RATES -- ',I3)
197 FORMAT (//45X,'WITHDRAWAL RATE, CURTIC FEET PER DAY -- ',F12.2)
198 FORMAT (E10.3)
199 FORMAT (40I2)
200 FORMAT (44X,4(3X,'ROW',I2,'COL',I2))
201 FORMAT (47X,I2,2X,I2,4X,I2,2X,I2,4X,I2,2X,I2,4X,I2,2X,I2)
202 FORMAT (//45X,'NUMBER OF STREAM STAGES -- ',I3)
203 FORMAT (45X,'STREAM STAGE -- ',F12.6)
204 FORMAT (F5.0)
205 FORMAT (40I2)
206 FORMAT (I2)
207 FORMAT (////45X,'BOUNDARY CONDITIONS FOR SET',I5)
208 FORMAT (//45X,'TIME, IN DAYS -- ',F12.5)
209 FORMAT (/45X,'ROW',3X,'COLUMN',8X,'HEAD')
210 FORMAT (F10.8,F10.5,50X,2I5)
211 FORMAT (46X,I2,5X,I2,5X,F12.5)
212 FORMAT (//45X,'TIME, IN DAYS -- ',F10.1)
213 FORMAT (/I2,4(2X,'COL',I2,2X,'ROW',I2,'HEAD',5X))
214 FORMAT (/5(2I5,F11.3))
215 FORMAT (I0F8.3)
216 FORMAT (I1I1)
217 FORMAT (/45X,'CUMULATIVE MASS BALANCE RESIDUAL, PERCENT OF TOTAL F
1LUX -- ',F10.3)
218 FORMAT (5I1)
220 FORMAT (//45X,'FLOW TO STREAM, IN CUBIC FEET PER DAY_',E11.3)
END
SUBROUTINE ALPHA (AT,PAR,M,N,IRD,IPT,NS)
DIMENSION AT(64,2)
DIMENSION PAR(M,N)
DIMENSION CARD(80)
IRD=5

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GW07210
GW07220
GW07230
GW07240
GW07250
GW07260
GW07270
GW07280
GW07290
GW07300
GW07310
GW07320
GW07330
GW07340
GW07350
GW07360
GW07370
GW07380
GW07390
GW07400
GW07410
GW07420
GW07430
GW07440
GW07450
GW07460
GW07470
GW07480
GW07490
GW07500
GW07510
GW07520
GW07530
GW07540
GW07550
GW07560
GW07570
GW07580
GW07590
GW07600
GW07610
GW07620
GW07630
GW07640
GW07650
GW07660
GW07670
GW07675
GW07680
GW07690
GW07700
GW07710
GW07720
GW07730

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	IPT=6	GW07740
	READ (IRD,8) NS	GW07750
	READ (IRD,5) (AT(IAT,1),AT(IAT,2),IAT=1,NS)	GW07760
	WRITE (IPT,9)	GW07770
	DO 4 MIX=1,M	GW07780
	READ (IRD,7) (CARD(KIX),KIX=1,N)	GW07790
	WRITE (IPT,6) (CARD(KIX),KIX=1,N)	GW07800
	DO 3 J=1,N	GW07810
	DO 1 I=1,NS	GW07820
	IF (CAPD(J).EQ.AT(I,1)) GO TO 2	GW07830
	1 CONTINUE	GW07840
	2 PAR(MIX,J)=AT(I,2)	GW07850
	3 CONTINUE	GW07860
	4 CONTINUE	GW07870
	RETURN	GW07880
C		GW07890
C		GW07900
	8 FORMAT (I2)	GW07940
	9 FORMAT (IH1)	GW07950
	5 FORMAT (8(A1,E8.1))	GW07910
	6 FORMAT (44X,80A1)	GW07920
	7 FORMAT (80A1)	GW07930
	END	GW07960
	SUBROUTINE BETA (H,M,N,TTIME,PS,Q,IV,K,L,BAL)	GW07970
	DIMENSION TOW(80), SYMROL(25)	GW07980
	DIMENSION H(M,N,3), TTIME(L), HEDRGE(30)	GW07990
	DIMENSION PS(M,N), Q(M,N), PNT(80)	GW08000
	INTEGFR=2 IV(34,80)	GW08010
	DATA SYMROL/' ','S','M','N','O','P','Q','R','S','T','U' /	GW08020
	1,'K','L','M','N','O','P','Q','R','S','T','U' /	GW08030
	DATA TOW/'1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15',	GW08040
	15,'16','17','18','19','20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30',	GW08050
	2,'1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17',	GW08060
	3R,'19','20','21','22','23','24','25','26','27','28','29','30','1','2','3','4'	GW08070
	4,'5','6','7','8','9','10','11','12','13','14','15','16','17','18','19','20' /	GW08080
	IRD=5	GW08090
	IPT=6	GW08100
C	EXAMINE HEADS TO DETERMINE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM HEADS	GW08110
	XXM=0.0	GW08120
	XXN=9999999.	GW08130
	M1=M-1	
	N1=N-1	GW08140
	DO 1 I=2,M1	
	DO 1 J=2,N1	
	IF (H(I,J,3).GT.XXM) XXM=H(I,J,3)	GW08170
	1 IF (H(I,J,3).LT.XXN) XXN=H(I,J,3)	GW08180
	XIT=20.0	GW08190
	DIV=ABS((XXM-XXN)/XIT)	GW08200
	IXIT=XIT+5.	GW08210
	WRITE (IPT,18) TTIME(K)	GW08220
	WRITE (IPT,22) BAL	GW08230
	WRITE (IPT,19)	GW08240

TABLE 4.—GROUND-WATER FLOW PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	HEDRGE(5)=XMN	GW08250
	DO 2 I=6,IXIT	GW08260
	2 HEDRGE(I)=HEDRGE(I-1)+DIV	GW08270
	DO 4 I=5,IXIT	GW08280
	IF (I.EQ.IXIT) GO TO 3	GW08290
	GO TO 4	GW08300
	3 WRITE (IPT,21) SYMBOL(I),HEDRGE(I)	GW08310
	WRITE (IPT,20)	GW08320
	GO TO 5	GW08330
	4 WRITE (IPT,17) SYMBOL(I),HEDRGE(I),HEDRGE(I+1)	GW08340
C	RUN THROUGH MATRIX ONE ROW AT A TIME	GW08350
	5 DO 15 I=1,M	GW08360
	DO 14 J=2,N1	GW08370
	PNT(N)=TOW(I)	GW08380
	PNT(1)=TOW(I)	GW08390
	IF (I.EQ.1.OR.I.EQ.M) GO TO 6	GW08400
	GO TO 7	GW08410
	6 WRITE (IPT,16) (TOW(IT),IT=1,N)	GW08420
	GO TO 15	GW08430
C	CHECK IF POINT IS LOCATION OF WELL, STREAM, LAKE	GW08440
	7 IF (IV(I,J).EQ.3) GO TO 8	GW08450
	IF (IV(I,J).EQ.2) GO TO 9	GW08460
	IF (Q(I,J).GT.0.0) GO TO 10	GW08470
	IF (PS(I,J).GT.0.0) GO TO 11	GW08480
	GO TO 12	GW08490
	8 IH=1	GW08500
	GO TO 13	GW08510
	9 IH=2	GW08520
	GO TO 13	GW08530
	10 IH=3	GW08540
	GO TO 13	GW08550
	11 IH=4	GW08560
	GO TO 13	GW08570
C	SELECT SYMBOL FOR HEAD	GW08580
	12 IH=ABS((H(I,J,3)-XMN)/DIV)+5.0	GW08590
	13 PNT(J)=SYMBOL(IH)	GW08600
	14 CONTINUE	GW08610
C	WRITE ONE LINE	GW08620
	WRITE (IPT,16) (PNT(J),J=1,N)	GW08630
	15 CONTINUE	GW08640
	RETURN	GW08650
C		GW08660
C		GW08670
	16 FORMAT (45X,80A1)	GW08680
	17 FORMAT (47X,A1,6X,F10.2,'-',F10.2)	GW08690
	18 FORMAT ('1',45X' MAP OF HEAD DISTRIBUTION IN AQUIFER',//45X,'TIME	GW08700
	1-- ',F10.2,//45X,'S -- FULLY PENETRATING STREAM OR LAKE',//45X,'=	GW08710
	2-- PARTIALLY PENETRATING STREAM OR LAKE',//45X,'* -- DUMPING WELL	GW08720
	3'//)	GW08730
	19 FORMAT (//45X,'SYMBOL',13X,'HEAD,IN FEET',//)	GW08740
	20 FORMAT (//)	GW08750
	21 FORMAT (47X,A1,6X,F12.2)	GW08760
	22 FORMAT (/45X,'CUMULATIVE MASS BALANCE RESIDUAL, PERCENT OF TOTAL F	GW08770
	1LUX -- ',F10.3)	GW08780
	END	GW08790

TABLE 5.-RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING

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C *****RI 00010
C *****RI 00020
C *****RI 00030
C *****RI 00040
C RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM PI 00050
C RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM PI 00060
C RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM PI 00070
C *****RI 00080
C PROGRAMMED BY M.S. BEDINGER, J.E. REED, AND J.D. GRIFFIN PI 00090
C UTILIZING PROGRAM BY BRENT LOWELL PI 00100
C *****RI 00110
C DATE OF THIS VERSION -- 30 JULY 1971 PI 00120
C *****PI 00130
C *****PI 00140
C DIMENSIONS THAT MAY INCREASE WITH AMOUNT OF INPUT
C *****
C ARRAY NAME * MINIMUM DIMENSION
C *****
C IYR *
C MON * 3000+ICNT
C IDAY *
C *****
C W1 *
C ICODE *
C IDAP * 3*(ICNT-KCNT)
C PLOTH *
C IOFF *
C IPLT *
C *****
C SO *
C ORS *
C DATHLD *
C DIFF * ICNT
C DUH *
C COEF *
C DELTA *
C *****
C NMON *
C NIDAY *
C NIYR * NICNT
C SIGN *
C DOBS *
C *****
C TIM * LIMIT
C DUHF *
C *****
C HYDR * ICNT-KCNT
C *****
C -----RI 00150
C DIMENSTON DUHF(100) , DUH(1000) , COFF(1000) , DFLTA(1000) , RI 00160
C 1HYDR(1000) , SO(1000) , DIFF(1000) , OBS(1000) , DAT4LD(1000) , TIPI 00170
C 2M(100) , NMON(1000) , NIDAY(1000) , NIYR(1000) , SIGN(1000) , DORS(1000) PI 00180

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TABLE 5.—RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

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INTEGFR*2 JD(1000) RI 00200
DIMENSION TEMP(31) RI 00210
COMMON /HYORG/ W1(3000),IC0DE(3000),IYR(4000),MON(4000),IDAY(4000) RI 02730
1,HSCAL(5),VSCAL(5),IMON(2),NYR(2)
COMMON /DDORG/ NA(46),MN(13),MDAY(12)
INTEGFR*2 IC0DE,IYR,MON,IDAY RI 00240
COMMON /HEAD/ IC1,IC2,IC3,IC4,IC5,IC6,IC7,IC8,IC9,IC10,IC11,IC12,IRI 00250
IC13,IC14,IC15,IC16,IC17,IC18,IC19,IC20 RI 00260
EQUIVALENCE (COEF(1),W1(1)),(DUH(1),DELTA(1),IC0DE(1)) RI 00270
60 READ (5,31) (IMON(I),NYR(I),I=1,2) RI 00680
61 READ (5,33) RIVDAT,OBSDAT RI 00750
DO 50 I=1,1000
50 SO(I)=0.
DO 54 I=1,2000
IYR(I)=NA(37)
MON(I)=NA(37)
54 IDAY(I)=NA(37)
C ICNT - NUMBER OF RIVER STAGES TO BE READ IN RI 00760
62 READ (5,34) ICNT RI 00770
C READ IN DATA RI 00780
C MON(I) = MONTH OF MEASUREMENT RI 00790
C IDAY(I) = DAY OF MEASUREMENT RI 00800
C IYR(I) = YEAR OF MEASUREMENT RI 00810
C SO(I) = RIVER STAGE OR LEVEL IN FEET OF ELEVATION ABOVE RI 00820
C MEAN SEA LEVEL RI 00830
I=0 RI 00840
4 READ (5,35) IYRD,IMOND,(TEMP(J),J=1,10) RI 00850
IF (MOD(IYRD,4).EQ.0.AND.IMOND.EQ.2) MDAY(2)=29 RI 00860
ISTOPM=MDAY(IMOND) RI 00870
63 READ (5,36) (TEMP(J),J=11,ISTOPM) RI 00880
MDAY(2)=28 RI 00890
DO 5 J=1,ISTOPM RI 00900
I=I+1 RI 00910
IYR(I)=IYRD RI 00920
MON(I)=IMOND RI 00930
IDAY(I)=J RI 00940
5 SO(I)=TEMP(J) RI 00950
IF (I.LT.ICNT) GO TO 4 RI 00960
C NRUNS IS NUMBER OF RUNS TO BE MADE
51 FORMAT (I4)
64 READ (5,51) NRUNS
DO 52 IZ=1,NRUNS RI 00310
ITIME=1 RI 00320
1 DO 2 I=1,1000 RI 00340
DUH(I)=0. RI 00350
COEF(I)=0. RI 00360
DELTA(I)=0. RI 00370
HYDR(I)=0. RI 00390
DIFF(I)=0. RI 00400
ORS(I)=-34. RI 00410
2 DATHLD(I)=0. RI 00430
DO 3 I=1,2000

```

TABLE 5.—RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

```

W1(I)=0. RI 00440
3 ICODE(I)=NA(37) RI 00450
C HSCAL - SCALE IN FEET ACROSS A 10-INCH HYDROGRAPH. PROGRAM SELECT RI 00490
C ONE OF FIVE SCALES READ IN RI 00500
C VSCAL - TIME SCALF INTERVAL. PROGRAM SELECTS ONE OF FIVE SCALES RI 00510
C CORRESPONDING TO THE HSCAL (I.E. IF HSCAL (2) IS SFLECTED, RI 00520
C VSCAL(2) WILL RE SELECTED RI 00530
C VSCAL THAT CAN RE USED -- RI 00540
C 1. = 1 DAY PER LINE RI 00550
C 2.5 = 2.5 DAYS PFR LINE RI 00560
C 5. = 5 DAYS PER LINE RI 00570
C 10. = 10 DAYS PER LINE RI 00580
C 30. = 30 DAYS PER LINE RI 00590
65 READ (5,30) (HSCAL(I),I=1,5),(VSCAL(I),I=1,5) RI 00600
IF (HSCAL(1).EQ.0.) GO TO 27 RI 00610
C IMON(I), NYR(I) , I=1,2 - BFGINNING AND ENDING DATES ( MONTH AND RI 00620
C YEAR) OF HYDROGRAPH, RESPECTIVELY. HYDROGRAPH WILL BEGIN AT RI 00630
C IMON(1), NYR(1) IF EFFECT OF ANTFCEDENT RIVER STAGFS HAVE BEEN RI 00640
C ACCOUNTED FOR RI 00650
C IF IMON(2), NYR(2) IS CODED BLANK. HYDROGRAPH WILL PLOT TO END OF RI 00660
C DATA RI 00670
66 READ (5,32) IC1,IC2,IC3,IC4,IC5,IC6,IC7,IC8,IC9,IC10,IC11,IC12,IC1 RI 00690
13,IC14,IC15,IC16,IC17,IC18,IC19,IC20 RI 00700
C RIVDAT - DATUM FOR RIVER HYDROGRAPH WITH REFERENCE TO ZERO OF RI 00710
C GAGE RI 00720
C ORSDAT - DATUM FOR GROUNDWATER HYDROGRAPH WITH REFERENCE TO RI 00730
C LAND SURFACE RI 00740
C NICNT - NUMBER OF GROUND-WATER LEVELS TO BE READ IN RI 00970
67 READ (5,37) NICNT RI 00980
C DOBS(1) MUST NOT RE AT AN EARLIER DATE THAN SO(1) RI 00990
C AND DOBS(NICNT) MUST NOT RE A LATFR DATE THAN SO(ICNT) RI 01000
68 READ (5,38) (NMON(I),NIDAY(I),NIYR(I),SIGN(I),DORS(I),I=1,NICNT) RI 01010
DO 8 I=1,NICNT RI 01020
DO 6 J=1,ICNT RI 01030
IF (NIYR(I).EQ.IYR(J).AND.NMON(I).EQ.MON(J).AND.NIDAY(I).EQ.IDAY(J) RI 01040
1)) GO TO 7 RI 01050
6 CONTINUE RI 01060
7 ORS(J)=DORS(I) RI 01070
JD(I)=J RI 01080
DOBS(I)=ORSDAT-DORS(I) RI 01090
8 CONTINUE RI 01100
DO 9 I=1,ICNT RI 01110
ORS(I)=ORSDAT-ORS(I) RI 01120
9 CONTINUE RI 01130
SUMOR=0. RI 01140
DO 10 I=2,NICNT RI 01150
SUMOR=SUMOR+(JD(I)-JD(I-1))*(DORS(I)+DORS(I-1))/2. RI 01160
10 CONTINUE RI 01170
AOBS=SUMOR/(JD(NICNT)-JD(1)) RI 01180
C RI 01190
C COMPUTE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN STREAM STAGES AND STORE IN ARRAY DIFF RI 01200
C RI 01210

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TABLE 5.—RIVER—INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

```

      IK=ICNT-1
      DO 11 I=2,IK
11  DATHLD(I)=SO(I)-RIVDAT
      DO 12 I=2,IK
12  DIFF(I-1)=DATHLD(I)-DATHLD(I-1)
69  READ (5,41) KLIMIT
      LIMIT=KLIMIT+1
C    DUHF(I) MUST BE A MONOTONIC SEQUENCE WITH TIM(1) = DUHF(1) = 0.
70  READ (5,42) (DUHF(I),TIM(I),I=2,LIMIT)
C    AND WITH DUHF(LIMIT) = 1. OR WITH TIM(LIMIT) > OR = ICNT*ITIME
      DUHF(1)=0.
      TIM(1)=0.
      DO 17 K=1,ICNT
      TIME=FLOAT(K)*FLOAT(ITIME)
      DO 16 J=1,LIMIT
      IF (TIME-TIM(J)) 13,14,15
13  DUH(K)=DUHF(J-1)+((TIME-TIM(J-1))/(TIM(J)-TIM(J-1)))*(DUHF(J)-DUHF
      1(J-1))
      GO TO 17
14  DUH(K)=DUHF(J)
      GO TO 17
15  IF (TIME.GE.TIM(LIMIT)) DUH(K)=DUHF(LIMIT)
16  CONTINUE
17  CONTINUE
C    WRITE (6,43)
C
C    CALCULATE COEFFICIENT OF DISTRIBUTIVE EFFECT AND STORE
C    IN ARRAY COEF
C
      COEF(1)=DUH(1)
      DO 18 J=2,ICNT
      COEF(J)=DUH(J)-DUH(J-1)
C    STOP CALCULATING COEF WHEN DUH EQUALS OR EXCEEDS .98
C    ALTERNATE STOP OCCURS WHEN LAST DUH IS REACHED
      IF (DUH(J).GE.0.98) GO TO 19
      GO TO 18
18  CONTINUE
19  KCNT=TIM(LIMIT)/FLOAT(ITIME)
C    KCNT - VARIABLE INDICATING THE NUMBER OF SIGNIFICANT ANTECEDENT
C    RIVER STAGES IN COMPUTING RIVER INDUCED WATER LEVEL
C    WRITE (6,31) KCNT
C    WRITE (6,45) (DUH(I),I=1,KCNT)
C    WRITE (6,45) (COEF(J),J=1,KCNT)
      J2=ICNT-KCNT
      IKIC=1
      DO 21 I=1,ICNT
      DELTA(I)=0.
      IB=1
      IC=I
C    ARRAY ARRAY CONTAINS VALUES PRODUCED BY MULTIPLYING COEF*DIFF
C    ARRAY DELTA CONTAINS THE SUMMATION OF VALUES ACROSS EACH ROW OF
C    ARRAY ARRAY

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TABLE 5.—RIVER—INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	DO 20 J=1,IKIC	RI 01740
	TEMJG=COFF(IB)*DIFF(IC)	RI 01750
	DELTA(I)=DELTA(I)+TEMJG	RI 01760
	IR=IB+1	RI 01770
	IC=IC-1	RI 01780
20	CONTINUE	RI 01790
	IKIC=IKIC+1	RI 01800
	IF (IKIC.GE.KCNT) IKIC=KCNT	RI 01810
21	CONTINUE	RI 01820
C	ARRAY HYDR CONTAINS THE VALUES TO BE PLACED ON HYDROGRAPH - THIS	RI 01830
C	IS OBTAINED BY SUCCESSIVELY ADDING THE DAILY VALUES CONTAINED IN	RI 01840
C	ARRAY DELTA	RI 01850
	HYDR(1)=DELTA(KCNT-1)	RI 01860
	L=KCNT-1	RI 01870
	DO 22 I=2,J2	RI 01880
	L=L+1	RI 01890
	HYDR(I)=HYDR(I-1)+DELTA(L)	RI 01900
22	CONTINUE	RI 01910
C	WRITE(6,45) (HYDR(I),I=1,1000)	
45	FORMAT (10E11.3)	
	KLUD=JD(1)	RI 01920
	KLOD=JD(NICNT)	RI 01930
	SUMHY=0.	RI 01940
	DO 23 I=KLUD,KLOD	RI 01950
	SUMHY=SUMHY+HYDR(I-1)	RI 01960
23	CONTINUE	RI 01970
	AHYDR=SUMHY/(JD(NICNT)-JD(1))	RI 01980
	WRITE (6,39) AHYDR	RI 01990
	JDUM=J2+1	RI 02000
	DO 24 I=2,JDUM	RI 02010
24	HYDR(I-1)=HYDR(I-1)+AORS-AHYDR	RI 02020
C	SET THE VALUES CONTAINED IN IYR,MON,IDAY BACK IN SAME ARRAY BY	RI 02030
C	3000 POSITIONS(AS LONG AS LESS THAN 1000 DAYS OF RECORD ARE	RI 02040
C	USED). THIS IS DONE TO AVOID DESTRUCTION WHEN VALUES ARE	RI 02050
C	REPLACED BELOW TO GO INTO SUBROUTINE HYDROG	RI 02060
C	VALUES MUST BE SET BACK AT LEAST THREE TIMES THE NUMBER OF DAYS	RI 02070
	DO 25 I=1,ICNT	RI 02080
	IYR(I+3000)=IYR(I)	RI 02090
	MON(I+3000)=MON(I)	RI 02100
25	IDAY(I+3000)=IDAY(I)	RI 02110
	J=0	RI 02120
	K=0	RI 02130
C	THE FOLLOWING TO STATEMENT 26 SETS RIVER CHANGES, CALCULATED	RI 02140
C	WELL FLUCTUATIONS, PLOTTING SYMBOL, AND DATES INTO ARRAYS	RI 02150
C	FOR USE BY SUBROUTINE HYDROG WHICH WILL PLOT THE HYDROGRAPHS.	RI 02160
	DO 26 I=KCNT,IK	RI 02170
	J=J+1	RI 02180
	K=K+1	RI 02190
C	RIVER HYDROGRAPH VALUES	RI 02200
	IYR(J)=IYR(I+3000)	RI 02210
	MON(J)=MON(I+3000)	RI 02220
	IDAY(J)=IDAY(I+3000)	RI 02230

TABLE 5.-RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING-CONTINUED

```

10). IPT(100) RI 02710
INTEGER*2 ICODE,IYR,MON,IDAY RI 02720
COMMON /HYORG/ W1(3000),ICODE(3000),IYP(4000),MON(4000),IDAY(4000) RI 02730
1,VSCAL(5),VSCAL(5),IMON(2),NYR(2)
COMMON /DDORG/ NA(46),MN(13),MDAY(12)
COMMON /HEAD/ IC1,IC2,IC3,IC4,IC5,IC6,IC7,IC8,IC9,IC10,IC11,IC12,IRI 02750
IC13,IC14,IC15,IC16,IC17,IC18,IC19,IC20 RI 02760
DO 1 I=1,3000 RI 02770
C IDAP(I) = NA(37) RI 02780
C IDAP(I) = 0 RI 02790
PLOTH(I)=0. RI 02800
IOFF(I)=0 RI 02810
1 IPLT(I)=NA(37) RI 02820
DO 2 I=1,100 RI 02830
2 IPT(I)=NA(37) RI 02840
WRITE (6,76) RI 02850
C CHANGE VERTICAL SCALE VALUES(VSCAL) TO VALUES USED IN PROGRAM RI 02860
DO 3 I=1,5 RI 02870
IF (VSCAL(I).EQ.1.) VSCAL(I)=5.1 RI 02880
IF (VSCAL(I).EQ.2.5) VSCAL(I)=2. RI 02890
IF (VSCAL(I).EQ.5.) VSCAL(I)=1. RI 02900
IF (VSCAL(I).EQ.10.) VSCAL(I)=.5 RI 02910
IF (VSCAL(I).EQ.30.) VSCAL(I)=.1666667 RI 02920
3 IF (VSCAL(I).EQ.5.1) VSCAL(I)=5. RI 02930
C SCTOP ARRAY--STORAGE FOR HORIZONTAL SCALE PRINTED BEFORE AND RI 02940
C AFTER EACH HYDROGRAPH RI 02950
C IDAP ARRAY--LINES ON WHICH DATA ARE PLOTTED (VERTICAL). RI 02960
C PLOTH ARRAY--PLOT POSITION OF DATA ON THE HORIZONTAL. RI 02970
C IOFF ARRAY--NUMBER OF TIMES PLOT IS OFF SCALE. RI 02980
C IPLT ARRAY--CHARACTER OF PLOTTED POINT. RI 02990
C IPT ARRAY--100 CHARACTER ARRAY FOR ARRANGING AND PRINTING RI 03000
C A LINE OF THE HYDROGRAPH. RI 03010
C IF HIGH AND LOW WATER LEVELS ARE AT FRONT OF RECORDS AND THEY ARE RI 03020
C NOT IN TIME SEQUENCE, MOVE STARTING POSITION UNTIL ORDERED DATA RI 03030
C ARE ENCOUNTERED. RI 03040
C JYXX - POSITION OF FIRST PROPERLY TIME SEQUENCED WATER LEVEL IN RI 03050
C DATA ARRAYS. RI 03060
JYXX=1 RI 03070
C AYRR - USED FOR CHECK OF DATA BEING IN TIME SEQUENCE. RI 03080
AYRR=IYR(1)*12.0+MON(1)+IDAY(1)/100. RI 03090
C AYRR = (FLOAT(IYR(1)) * 12.) + FLOAT(MON(1))+(FLOAT(IDAY(1))/100.) RI 03100
DO 4 I=2,NY RI 03110
C BYRR - USED FOR CHECK OF DATA BEING IN TIME SEQUENCE. RI 03120
C BYRR = (FLOAT(IYR(I)) * 12.) + FLOAT(MON(I))+(FLOAT(IDAY(I))/100.) RI 03130
BYRR=IYR(I)*12.0+MON(I)+IDAY(I)/100. RI 03140
IF (AYRR.GT.BYRR) JYXX=I RI 03150
4 AYRR=BYRR RI 03160
C DETERMINE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM WATER LEVELS. RI 03170
C SET PLOT RANGE (TIME) RI 03180
C LOWER TIME LIMIT. RI 03190
C KY - POSITION OF FIRST WATER LEVEL IN DATA ARRAY (DATE SORTED). RI 03200
KY=0 RI 03210

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TABLE 5.-RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING-CONTINUED

C	JYR - USED FOR SORTING FIRST WATER LEVEL (DATE FROM CONTROL CARD).	RI 03220
	JYR=(NYR(1)*12)+IMON(1)	RI 03230
	DO 5 I=JYXX,NY	RI 03240
C	KYR - USED FOR SORTING FIRST WATER LEVEL (DATE FROM DATA ARRAY).	RI 03250
	KYR=(IYR(I)*12)+MON(I)	RI 03260
	IF (KYR.GE.JYR) GO TO 6	RI 03270
	5 CONTINUE	RI 03280
	6 KY=I	RI 03290
C	UPPER TIME LIMIT.	RI 03300
C	JY - POSITION OF LAST WATER LEVEL IN DATA ARRAY (DATE SORTED).	RI 03310
	JY=0	RI 03320
	IF (NYR(2).LT.1) GO TO 8	RI 03330
C	JJYR - USED FOR SORTING LAST WATER LEVEL (DATE FROM CONTROL CARD).	RI 03340
	JJYR=(NYR(2)*12)+IMON(2)	RI 03350
	DO 7 I=KY,NY	RI 03360
C	KKYR - USED FOR SORTING LAST WATER LEVEL (DATE FROM DATA ARRAY).	RI 03370
	KKYR=(IYR(I)*12)+MON(I)	RI 03380
	IF (KKYR.GT.JJYR) GO TO 9	RI 03390
	7 CONTINUE	RI 03400
	8 JY=NY	RI 03410
	GO TO 10	RI 03420
	9 JY=I-1	RI 03430
	10 CONTINUE	RI 03440
C	DETERMINE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM WATER-LEVELS FOR HYDROGRAPHS	RI 03450
C	BMX - MAXIMUM WATER LEVEL.	RI 03460
	BMX=(-100000.)	RI 03470
C	BMI - MINIMUM WATER LEVEL.	RI 03480
	BMI=100000.	RI 03490
	DO 11 I=KY,JY	RI 03500
	BMX=AMAX1(BMX,W1(I))	RI 03510
	BMI=AMIN1(BMI,W1(I))	RI 03520
	11 CONTINUE	RI 03530
C	DIFF - DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM WATER LEVEL.	RI 03540
	DIFF=BMX-BMI	RI 03550
	DO 12 I=1,5	RI 03560
	IF (HSCAL(I).GT.DIFF) GO TO 14	RI 03570
	12 CONTINUE	RI 03580
	I=5	RI 03590
	13 IF (HSCAL(I).GT.0.5) GO TO 14	RI 03600
	I=I-1	RI 03610
	GO TO 13	RI 03620
C	SCALH - HORIZONTAL SCALE FOR HYDROGRAPH (SELECTED FROM HSCAL	RI 03630
C	ARRAY).	RI 03640
	14 SCALH=HSCAL(I)	RI 03650
C	SCALV - VERTICAL SCALE FOR HYDROGRAPH (SELECTED FROM VSCAL	RI 03660
C	ARRAY).	RI 03670
	SCALV=VSCAL(I)	RI 03680
C	DETERMINE RANGE OF SCALE	RI 03690
	IF (SCALH.LE.10.) GO TO 15	RI 03700
C	KMM, DMI, IMI, CMI - USED TO DETERMINE LOWEST EVEN SCALE VALUE.	RI 03710
	KMM=BMI/10.	RI 03720
	DMI=KMM*10	RI 03730

TABLE 5.—RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

```

IF ((DMI+(-10.)*SCALH).LT.BMX.AND.(DMI+(-1.)*SCALH).GT.BMX) GO TO RI 03740
115 RI 03750
  BMI=DMI+(-10.) RI 03760
  BMX=BMI+SCALH RI 03770
  GO TO 16 RI 03780
15 BMI=BMI+(-1.5) RI 03790
  IMI=BMI RI 03800
  CMI=IMI RI 03810
C IMX - MAXIMUM SCALE VALUE, EQUAL TO LOWEST SCALE VALUE RI 03820
C PLUS SCALH. RI 03830
  IMX=CMI+SCALH RI 03840
  GO TO 17 RI 03850
16 IMX=BMX RI 03860
  IMI=BMI RI 03870
17 SCTOP(11)=IMX RI 03880
  SCTOP(1)=IMI RI 03890
  DO 18 I=2,10 RI 03900
18 SCTOP(I)=SCTOP(I-1)-((SCTOP(1)-SCTOP(11))/10.) RI 03910
C DETERMINE PLOT POSITION - PLOTH--POSITION ON LINE, IDAP--LINE OF RI 03920
C DO 954 I = 1,2000 RI 03930
C IDAP(I) = 0 RI 03940
C 954 PLOTH(I) = 0. RI 03950
C PLOT, IOFF--TIMES PLOT IS OFF SCALE. RI 03960
  J=0 RI 03970
  DO 28 I=KY,JY RI 03980
  J=J+1 RI 03990
C SLOTH, LOTH, KOTH - USED TO DETERMINE PLOT POSITION OF WATER LEVEL RI 04000
C ON HORIZONTAL LINE (PLOTH VALUE). RI 04010
  SLOTH=(W1(I)-SCTOP(11))/(SCALH/100.) RI 04020
  LOTH=SLOTH RI 04030
  KOTH=SLOTH*100. RI 04040
  KOTH=KOTH-(LOTH*100) RI 04050
  IF (KOTH.GE.50) PLOTH(J)=PLOTH(J)+1. RI 04060
  IF (KOTH.LE.(-50)) PLOTH(J)=PLOTH(J)-1. RI 04070
C IL - SWITCH FOR CHANGING PLOT SYMBOL ON OFF SCALE PLOT. RI 04080
  IL=0 RI 04090
  PLOTH(J)=LOTH+100+IFIX(PLOTH(J)) RI 04100
  IF (PLOTH(J).GE.101.) IL=1 RI 04110
  IOFF(J)=0 RI 04120
19 IF (PLOTH(J).LE.100.) GO TO 20 RI 04130
  PLOTH(J)=PLOTH(J)-100. RI 04140
  IOFF(J)=IOFF(J)+1 RI 04150
  GO TO 19 RI 04160
20 IF (PLOTH(J).LT.0.) PLOTH(J)=PLOTH(J)+100. RI 04170
  IF (SCALV.GE.5.) GO TO 22 RI 04180
C IVT - DATE (YEAR AND MONTH) CONVERTED TO SINGLE NUMBER FOR RI 04190
C DETERMINING LINE FOR PLOT. RI 04200
  IVT=((IYR(I)-IYR(KY))*12)+(MON(I)-MON(KY)) RI 04210
C AVT - IVT IN REAL NUMBER FORM. RI 04220
  AVT=IVT RI 04230
C AINES - LINE OF PLOT MINUS DAY INCREMENT. RI 04240
  AINES=AVT*(SCALV*6.) RI 04250

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TABLE 5.—RIVER—INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

	IF (SCALV.LT..17) GO TO 21	RI 04260
C	DAYV = DAY INCREMENT FOR DETERMINING LINE OF PLOT(IDAP =	RI 04270
C	AINES + DAYV).	RI 04280
	DAYV=IDAY(I)	RI 04290
	DAYV=DAYV*(SCALV/5.)	RI 04300
C	IDV, JDV, ADV, IDA - VARIABLES USED IN DETERMINING LINE INCREMENT	RI 04310
C	FOR IDAP.	RI 04320
	IDV=DAYV	RI 04330
	JDV=DAYV*100.	RI 04340
	ADV=JDV-(IDV*100)	RI 04350
	IF (ADV.GE.1.) DAYV=DAYV+1.	RI 04360
	IDA=DAYV	RI 04370
	DAYV=IDA	RI 04380
	IF (DAYV.GT.(SCALV*6.)) DAYV=DAYV-1.	RI 04390
C	LINE ON WHICH DATA IS TO BE PLOTTED--IDAP(J)	RI 04400
	IDAP(J)=AINES+DAYV	RI 04410
	GO TO 27	RI 04420
C	SET UP IDAP(LINE OF PLOT VALUE) FOR DAILY HYDROGRAPH.	RI 04430
21	IDAP(J)=AINES+1.	RI 04440
	GO TO 27	RI 04450
22	IVT=0	RI 04460
C	MDA - MONTH OF WATER LEVEL BEING EXAMINED.	RI 04470
	MDA=MON(I)	RI 04480
C	NDA - MONTH OF FIRST WATER LEVEL TO BE OUTPUT.	RI 04490
	NDA=MON(KY)	RI 04500
	IF (MDA.LT.NDA) GO TO 24	RI 04510
	IF ((MDA-NDA).EQ.0) GO TO 26	RI 04520
	MDA=MDA-1	RI 04530
	DO 23 IR=NDA,MDA	RI 04540
23	IVT=IVT+MDAY(IR)	RI 04550
	GO TO 26	RI 04560
24	NDA=NDA-1	RI 04570
	DO 25 IS=MDA,NDA	RI 04580
25	IVT=IVT-MDAY(IS)	RI 04590
26	AVT=IVT+((IYR(I)-IYR(KY))*365)	RI 04600
	AINES=AVT*(SCALV/5.)	RI 04610
	DAYV=IDAY(I)	RI 04620
	IDAP(J)=AINES+DAYV	RI 04630
	JMM=4	RI 04640
C	KZZ - EQUAL TO KY-FIRST DATA VALUE ARRAY POSITION.	RI 04650
	KZZ=KY	RI 04660
C	JZZ - EQUAL TO ARRAY POSITION OF DATA VALUE BEING EXAMINED.	RI 04670
	JZZ=1	RI 04680
C	CHECK FOR LEAP YEAR.	RI 04690
C	860 DO 862 IG = JMM,96,4	RI 04700
C	DO 862 NZZ = KZZ,JZZ	RI 04710
C	862 IF (IYR(NZZ) .EQ. IG) GO TO 863	RI 04720
C	IF (IYR(NZZ) .EQ. IG) GO TO 863	RI 04730
C	862 CONTINUE	RI 04740
C	GO TO 826	RI 04750
C	863 JMM = IG + 4	RI 04760
C	IF (IYR(KY) .EQ. IG .AND. MON(KY) .GT. 2) GO TO 826	RI 04770
C	IF (MON(I) .GT. 2) IDAP(J) = IDAP(J) + 1	RI 04780

TABLE 5.—RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

C	GO TO 860	RI 04790
	IYRJG=IYR(I)	RI 04800
	IF (MOD(IYRJG,4).EQ.0.AND.MON(I).GE.2) IDAP(J)=IDAP(J)+1	RI 04810
27	IPLT(J)=NA(39)	RI 04820
	IF (IL.EQ.1) IPLT(J)=NA(40)	RI 04830
C	ICDE - EQUAL TO ICODE OF DATA VALUE BEING EXAMINED.	RI 04840
	ICDE=ICODE(I)	RI 04850
	IF (ICDE.NE.37) IPLT(J)=NA(ICDE)	RI 04860
C	IF (IL.EQ.1.AND.ICDE.NE.37) IPLT(J) = NA(ICDE + 13)	RI 04870
	IF (IL.EQ.1.AND.ICDE.NE.37) IPLT(J)=NA(ICDE+1)	RI 04880
	IF ((ICDE.EQ.11.OR.ICDE.EQ.24).AND.W1(I).EQ..0) IPLT(J)=NA(37)	RI 04890
	IF (ICDE.EQ.25.AND.W1(I).EQ.34.) IPLT(J)=NA(37)	RI 04900
28	CONTINUE	RI 04910
C	IDAP(J)--VERTICAL LINE OF PLOT, PLOTH(J)--VALUE OF PLOTTED POINT	RI 04920
C	IPLT--CHARACTER OF PLOTTED POINT	RI 04930
C	ITV--TOTAL NUMBER OF LINES	RI 04940
C	MYEAR, KYEAR - YEAR OF FIRST MEASUREMENT TO BE PLOTTED.	RI 04950
	MYEAR=IYR(KY)+1900	RI 04960
C	IRG - MONTH OF FIRST MEASUREMENT TO BE PLOTTED.	RI 04970
	IRG=MON(KY)	RI 04980
C	KOUT - COUNTER FOR SPACING LINES, PRINTING MONTHS ON PROPER LINES.	RI 04990
	KOUT=0	RI 05000
	IF (SCALV.GE.5.) GO TO 29	RI 05010
	IK=SCALV*6.	RI 05020
C	ITV - TOTAL NUMBER OF LINES OF HYDROGRAPH.	RI 05030
	ITV=(((IYR(JY)-IYR(KY))*12)+(MON(JY)-MON(KY))+1)*IK	RI 05040
	GO TO 37	RI 05050
29	ITV=0	RI 05060
C	MDX, NDX, IK - VARIABLES USED IN CALCULATING LINES ON A DAILY	RI 05070
C	HYDROGRAPH.	RI 05080
	MDX=MON(JY)	RI 05090
	NDX=MON(KY)	RI 05100
	IK=MDAY(NDX)	RI 05110
	IF (MDX.LT.NDX) GO TO 31	RI 05120
	DO 30 I=NDX,MDX	RI 05130
30	ITV=ITV+MDAY(I)	RI 05140
	GO TO 33	RI 05150
31	NDX=NDX-1	RI 05160
	DO 32 I=MDX,NDX	RI 05170
32	ITV=ITV-MDAY(I)	RI 05180
33	ITV=(((IYR(JY)-IYR(KY))*365)+ITV	RI 05190
	DO 36 IJ=4,96,4	RI 05200
	DO 34 JI=KY,JY	RI 05210
	IF (IYR(JI).EQ.IJ) GO TO 35	RI 05220
34	CONTINUE	RI 05230
	GO TO 36	RI 05240
35	ITV=ITV+1	RI 05250
36	CONTINUE	RI 05260
37	WRITE (6,77) IC1,IC2,IC3,IC4,IC5,IC6,IC7,IC8,IC9,IC10,IC11,IC12,IC13,	RI 05270
	IC14,IC15,IC16,IC17,IC18,IC19,IC20	RI 05280
	WRITE (6,78)	RI 05290
C	SET ALL MINUS SCALE VALUES TO PLUS VALUES.	RI 05300

TABLE 5.—RIVER—INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

C	DO 213 I = 1,11	RI 05310
C	IF (SCTOP(I) .GF. 0.) GO TO 213	RI 05320
C	SCTOP(I) = SCTOP(I) * (-1.)	RI 05330
C	213 CONTINUE	RI 05340
C	DETERMINE PROPER SCALE TITLE TO PRINT.	RI 05350
	WRITE (6,79)	RI 05360
C	PRINT SCALE VALUES.	RI 05370
	WRITE (6,80) (SCTOP(I),I=1,11)	RI 05380
	J=1	RI 05390
C	PRINT PLOT BOUNDARY.	RI 05400
	WRITE (6,81)	RI 05410
C	IAS - COUNTER TO PRINT OUT LEFT HAND EDGE OF HYDROGRAPH, EITHER	RI 05420
C	AN * OR NUMBER FOR OFF-SCALE INDICATOR.	RI 05430
	IAS=42	RI 05440
C	JAS - COUNTER TO SET-UP LINE.	RI 05450
	JAS=7	RI 05460
	KYEAR=MYEAR	RI 05470
C	STATEMENTS THROUGH 1000 ARRANGES AND PLOTS HYDROGRAPH.	RI 05480
	DO 75 I=1,ITV	RI 05490
C	BLANK PLOT ARRAY (IPT).	RI 05500
	DO 38 K=1,100	RI 05510
38	IPT(K)=NA(37)	RI 05520
C	SET INTO IPT ARRAY INTERMEDIATE LINES OF DOTS.	RI 05530
	IF (KOUT.EQ.IK.AND.SCALV.GE.1.) GO TO 39	RI 05540
	GO TO 41	RI 05550
39	DO 40 IOJ=1,100	RI 05560
40	IPT(IOJ)=NA(38)	RI 05570
	GO TO 48	RI 05580
41	IF (SCALV.LT..17) GO TO 42	RI 05590
	IF (SCALV.EQ.0.5.AND.JAS.EQ.I) GO TO 43	RI 05600
	GO TO 46	RI 05610
42	IF (I.GT.3.AND.(IRG.EQ.5.OR.IBG.EQ.11).AND.I.LT.(ITV-2)) GO TO 44	RI 05620
	GO TO 46	RI 05630
43	IF (JAS.EQ.ITV) GO TO 46	RI 05640
	JAS=JAS+6	RI 05650
44	DO 45 JOI=1,100	RI 05660
45	IPT(JOI)=NA(38)	RI 05670
	GO TO 48	RI 05680
46	DO 47 ITY=10,90,10	RI 05690
47	IPT(ITY)=NA(38)	RI 05700
48	IPT(100)=NA(42)	RI 05710
	KOUT=KOUT+1	RI 05720
C	PDAY - LENGTH OF MONTH IN DAYS(FROM MDAY ARRAY).	RI 05730
	PDAY=MDAY(IBG)	RI 05740
C	IF DAILY SCALE, DETERMINE NUMBER OF PLOT LINES FOR MONTH.	RI 05750
	IF (SCALV.GE.5.) IK=PDAY*(SCALV/5.)	RI 05760
	IF (SCALV.LT..17) GO TO 50	RI 05770
C	CHECK FOR LEAP YEAR.	RI 05780
	DO 49 NIT=1900,2000,4	RI 05790
49	IF (IBG.EQ.2.AND.KYEAR.EQ.NIT) IK=(PDAY*(SCALV/5.))+1.	RI 05800
	IF (KOUT.LE.IK) GO TO 51	RI 05810
	KOUT=1	RI 05820

TABLE 5.-RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING-CONTINUED

50	IF (SCALV.LT..17.AND.I.EQ.1) GO TO 51	RI 05830
	IBG=IBG+1	RI 05840
	IF (IBG.EQ.13) IBG=1	RI 05850
C	CHECK FOR PLOTTING OF VALUE ON LINE.	RI 05860
51	IF (IDAP(J).EQ.I) GO TO 52	RI 05870
	GO TO 60	RI 05880
C	SET PLOT SYMBOL ON LINE.	RI 05890
C	IP - PLOT POSITION ON HORIZONTAL LINE FROM PLOTH ARRAY TO PUT	RI 05900
C	INTO IPT ARRAY.	RI 05910
52	IP=PLOTH(J)	RI 05920
	IPT(IP)=IPLT(J)	RI 05930
C	NR - COUNTER FOR MORE THAN ONE NUMBER AT A POSITION.	RI 05940
	NR=2	RI 05950
C	CHECK FOR MORE THAN ONE VALUE ON LINE.	RI 05960
53	IF (J.FQ.(JY-KY+1)) GO TO 56	RI 05970
	IF (IDAP(J).NE.IDAP(J+1)) GO TO 55	RI 05980
C	CHECK FOR MORE THAN ONE PLOT AT SAME POSITION ON LINE.	RI 05990
	IF (PLOTH(J).EQ.PLOTH(J+1)) GO TO 54	RI 06000
	J=J+1	RI 06010
C	SET ADDITIONAL VALUES ON LINE.	RI 06020
	IP=PLOTH(J)	RI 06030
	IPT(IP)=IPLT(J)	RI 06040
	GO TO 53	RI 06050
C	SET IN NUMBER IF MORE THAN ONE VALUE IS AT SAME POSITION.	RI 06060
54	NR=NR+1	RI 06070
	IPT(IP)=NA(NR)	RI 06080
	J=J+1	RI 06090
	GO TO 53	RI 06100
C	NDP - VARIABLE TO MOVE OR NOT TO MOVE TO NEXT LINE OF HYDROGRAPH	RI 06110
C	CONTROL IS IDAP ARRAY.	RI 06120
55	NDP=1	RI 06130
	GO TO 57	RI 06140
56	NDP=0	RI 06150
C	SET NUMBER FOR OFF-SCALE INDICATOR IN LEFT-HAND COLUMN OF PLOT	RI 06160
C	OR * IF NOT OFF SCALE.	RI 06170
57	IF (IOFF(J).LT.1) GO TO 58	RI 06180
	IAS=1+IOFF(J)	RI 06190
C	ISA - COUNTER FROM IOFF ARRAY, FOR OBTAINING CORRECT IAS VALUE--	RI 06200
C	OFF-SCALE INDICATOR IN LEFT COLUMN.	RI 06210
C	ISA = IOFF(J)	RI 06220
C	DO 741 IE= 1, ISA	RI 06230
C	741 IAS = IAS + 1	RI 06240
	GO TO 59	RI 06250
C	742 IF (IPT(IP) .EQ. NA(37)) GO TO 745	RI 06260
C	IAS = 42	RI 06270
58	IAS=42	RI 06280
	IF (IPT(IP).EQ.NA(37)) GO TO 59	RI 06290
C	J - LINE COUNTER.	RI 06300
59	J=NDP+J	RI 06310
C	NK - INDEX FOR PRINTING MONTH(MN ARRAY).	RI 06320
60	NK=IBG	RI 06330
C	JOUT, AOUT, MOUT, LOUT--VARIABLES USED TO DETERMINE WHETHER OR	RI 06340

TABLE 5.—RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

C		NOT TO PRINT DAYS AT SIDE OF HYDROGRAPH.	RI 06350
	JOUT=0		RI 06360
	IF (SCALV.LT..17) GO TO 72		RI 06370
	IF (KOUT.NE.1) NK=13		RI 06380
	IF (SCALV.GE.5.) GO TO 63		RI 06390
	AOUT=KOUT		RI 06400
	AOUT=(AOUT/SCALV)*5.		RI 06410
	MOUT=AOUT		RI 06420
	LOUT=AOUT*100.		RI 06430
	JOUT=LOUT-(MOUT*100)		RI 06440
	IF (JOUT.GE.1) GO TO 64		RI 06450
C	NOUT - DAY COUNTER, PRINTED ON SIDE OF HYDROGRAPH.		RI 06460
	NOUT=AOUT		RI 06470
	IF (IRG.EQ.2.AND.NOUT.GT.28) NOUT=28		RI 06480
	DO 61 IKT=1900,2000,4		RI 06490
61	IF (KYFAR.EQ.IKT.AND.IRG.FQ.2.AND.NOUT.EQ.28) NOUT=29		RI 06500
	IF (IRG.EQ.1.OR.IRG.EQ.3.OR.IRG.EQ.5.OR.IRG.EQ.7.OR.IRG.EQ.8.OR.IRG.EQ.10.OR.IRG.EQ.12) GO TO 62		RI 06510
	GO TO 64		RI 06530
62	IF (NOUT.NE.30) GO TO 64		RI 06540
	NOUT=31		RI 06550
	GO TO 64		RI 06560
63	AOUT=KOUT		RI 06570
	NOUT=AOUT*(5./SCALV)		RI 06580
C	THIS SECTION OF CODE AVERAGES MULTIPLE RIVER STAGE VALUES ON ONE		RI 06590
C	LINE AND PLOTS THE AVERAGE FOR THE ON-PLOT VALUES		RI 06600
64	CONTINUE		RI 06610
	PTKT=0.0		RI 06620
	IPTM1=0		RI 06630
	DO 65 ILIM=1,100		RI 06640
	IF (IPT(ILIM).NE.NA(28)) GO TO 65		RI 06650
	IPTM2=IPT(ILIM)		RI 06660
	IPT(ILIM)=NA(37)		RI 06670
	IPTM1=ILIM+IPTM1		RI 06680
	PTKT=PTKT+1.0		RI 06690
65	CONTINUE		RI 06700
	IF (PTKT.EQ.0) GO TO 66		RI 06710
	IPTM1=IPTM1/PTKT+0.5		RI 06720
	IPT(IPTM1)=IPTM2		RI 06730
66	CONTINUE		RI 06740
	IF (KOUT.NE.1) GO TO 68		RI 06750
C	896 IF (KOUT.NE.1) GO TO 88A		RI 06760
	IF (JOUT.GE.1) GO TO 67		RI 06770
C	A LINE WITH MONTH AND DAY PRINTED - MN, NOUT.		RI 06780
	WRITE (6,82) MN(NK),NOUT,NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100),NOUT,MN(NK)		RI 06790
	GO TO 75		RI 06800
C	A LINE WITH MONTH PRINTED - MN.		RI 06810
67	WRITE (6,83) MN(NK),NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100),MN(NK)		RI 06820
	GO TO 75		RI 06830
68	IF (I.EQ.2) GO TO 70		RI 06840
	IF (KOUT.EQ.2.AND.IRG.FQ.1) GO TO 70		RI 06850
	IF (JOUT.GE.1) GO TO 69		RI 06860

TABLE 5.—RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

C	A LINE WITH DAY PRINTED - NOUT.	RI 06870
	WRITE (6,84) NOUT,NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100),NOUT	RI 06880
	GO TO 75	RI 06890
C	A LINE WITH NO SIDE TIME SCALE.	RI 06900
69	WRITE (6,85) NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100)	RI 06910
	GO TO 75	RI 06920
70	IF (JOUT.GF.1) GO TO 71	RI 06930
C	A LINE WITH YEAR AND DAY PRINTED - MYEAR, NOUT.	RI 06940
	WRITE (6,86) MYEAR,NOUT,NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100),NOUT,MYEAR	RI 06950
	GO TO 74	RI 06960
C	A LINE WITH YEAR PRINTED - MYEAR.	RI 06970
71	WRITE (6,87) MYEAR,NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100),MYEAR	RI 06980
	GO TO 74	RI 06990
C	MONTHLY HYDROGRAPH.	RI 07000
72	IF (NK.EQ.1) GO TO 73	RI 07010
	IF (I.EQ.1) GO TO 73	RI 07020
C	A LINE WITH MONTH PRINTED - MN.	RI 07030
	WRITE (6,88) MN(NK),NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100),MN(NK)	RI 07040
	GO TO 75	RI 07050
C	A LINE WITH YEAR AND MONTH PRINTED - MYEAR, MN.	RI 07060
73	WRITE (6,89) MYEAR,MN(NK),NA(IAS),(IPT(KJK),KJK=1,100),MN(NK),MYEAR	RI 07070
	IR	RI 07080
74	KYEAR=MYEAR	RI 07090
	MYEAR=MYEAR+1	RI 07100
75	CONTINUE	RI 07110
	WRITE (6,80) (SCTOP(I),I=1,11)	RI 07120
	WRITE (6,81)	RI 07130
	WRITE (6,90) RIVDAT,ORSDAT	RI 07140
	DEBUG SURCHK	
	RETURN	RI 07150
C		RI 07160
C		RI 07170
76	FORMAT (1H1)	RI 07180
77	FORMAT (20A4)	RI 07190
78	FORMAT (////////)	RI 07200
79	FORMAT (/,50X,22H WATER LEVELS IN FEET /)	RI 07210
80	FORMAT (8X,11(F7.1,3X))	RI 07220
81	FORMAT (13X,101(1H*))	RI 07230
82	FORMAT (4X,A4,1X,I2,2X,A1,100A1,2X,I2,1X,A4)	RI 07240
83	FORMAT (4X,A4,5X,A1,100A1,5X,A4)	RI 07250
84	FORMAT (9X,I2,2X,A1,100A1,2X,I2)	RI 07260
85	FORMAT (13X,A1,100A1)	RI 07270
86	FORMAT (4X,I4,1X,I2,2X,A1,100A1,2X,I2,1X,I4)	RI 07280
87	FORMAT (4X,I4,5X,A1,100A1,5X,I4)	RI 07290
88	FORMAT (7X,A4,2X,A1,100A1,2X,A4)	RI 07300
89	FORMAT (1X,I4,2X,A4,2X,A1,100A1,2X,A4,2X,I4)	RI 07310
90	FORMAT (///,13X,22HEXPLANATION OF SYMBOLS//16X,44HR = RIVER LEVEL	RI 07320
	1HYDROGRAPH, 0.0 POINT EQUALS,F10.2,24HFEET ABOVE ZERO OF GAGE./16XRI	RI 07330
	2,26HC = CALCULATED HYDROGRAPH /16X,50HO = OBSERVED WATER LEVEL IN	RI 07340
	3WELL, 0.0 POINT EQUALS,F10.2,24HFEET BELOW LAND SURFACE./21X,62HARI	RI 07350
	4 NUMBER INDICATES THE NUMBER OF SYMBOLS THAT FALL AT A POINT./21X,RI	RI 07360
	578HPOINTS PLOTTED OFF SCALE ARE INDICATED BY THE NEXT LETTER IN ALRI	RI 07370
	6PHABETIC ORDER.)	RI 07380

TABLE 5.—RIVER-INDUCED FLUCTUATIONS PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

```

END
BLOCK DATA
COMMON /DDORG/ NA(46),MN(13),MDAY(12)
DATA NA/'0','1','2','3','4','5','6','7','8','9','A','B','C','D',
*'F','G','H','I','J','K','L','M','N','O','P','Q','R','S','T',
*'U','V','W','X','Y','Z',' ','.',',','+','-','/','*',' ','19',' ',
*' '/
DATA MN/'JAN.','FEB.','MAR.','APR.','MAY ','JUNF','JUI Y','AUG.','.
*'SEP.','OCT.','NOV.','DEC.',' ' /
DATA MDAY/31,28,31,30,31,30,31,31,30,31,30,31/
END
    
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TABLE 6.—EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PROGRAM LISTING

```

C*****ET 00010
C*****ET 00020
C          ET 00030
C          ET 00040
C          EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PROGRAM      ET 00050
C          EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PROGRAM      ET 00060
C          EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PROGRAM      ET 00070
C          ET 00080
C          ET 00090
C          PROGRAMMED BY J. E. REED        ET 00100
C          ET 00110
C          ET 00120
C          DATE OF THIS VERSION -- 30 JULY 1971 ET 00130
C*****ET 00140
C*****ET 00150
      DIMENSION ET(15,7,2), LITH(45), ETCRV(6,6), LCD(25), TH(25)      ET 00160
      READ (5,22) ((ET(I,J,2),J=1,7),I=1,15)                          ET 00170
      READ (5,23) ((ET(I,J,1),J=1,7),I=1,15)                          ET 00180
      READ (5,24) (LITH(I),I=1,45)                                     ET 00190
      READ (5,25) RANGE                                               ET 00200
      READ (5,26) M,N,DTW,((LCD(I),TH(I)),I=1,12)                     ET 00210
1  WRITE (6,27)                                                        ET 00220
      WRITE (6,28) M,N                                                ET 00230
      WRITE (6,29) DTW                                               ET 00240
      WRITE (6,30)                                                    ET 00250
      IF (TH(12).EQ.0.) GO TO 2                                       ET 00260
      READ (5,31) ((LCD(I),TH(I)),I=13,25)                            ET 00270
2  DO 9 J=2,7                                                         ET 00280
      ETCRV(J-1,2)=ET(1,J,1)                                         ET 00290
      TTOP=500.                                                       ET 00300
      DEPTH=0.                                                         ET 00310
      DO 4 I=1,25                                                      ET 00320
      IF (TH(I).EQ.0.) GO TO 5                                       ET 00330
      IC=LCD(I)                                                        ET 00340
      IF (J.GT.2) GO TO 3                                             ET 00350
      LIC=3*IC                                                         ET 00360
      WRITE (6,32) LITH(LIC-2),LITH(LIC-1),LITH(LIC),TH(I)          ET 00370
3  CONTINUE                                                           ET 00380
      IF (TTOP.GT.ET(IC,J,2)) TTOP=ET(IC,J,2)                        ET 00390
      DEPTH=DEPTH+TH(I)                                               ET 00400
      TTOP=TTOP-TH(I)*ET(IC,J,1)                                     ET 00410
4  CONTINUE                                                           ET 00420
5  IF (TTOP=0.) 6,6,7                                                ET 00430
6  DEPTH=DEPTH+TTOP                                                  ET 00440
      GO TO 8                                                         ET 00450
7  IF (TTOP.GT.ET(2,J,2)) TTOP=ET(2,J,2)                            ET 00460
      DEPTH=DEPTH+TTOP/ET(2,J,1)                                     ET 00470
8  ETCRV(J-1,1)=DEPTH                                               ET 00480
9  CONTINUE                                                           ET 00490
      WRITE (6,33)                                                    ET 00500
      WRITE (6,34) ((ETCRV(I,J),J=1,2),I=1,6)                       ET 00510
      N=1                                                             ET 00520

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TABLE 6.—EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

```

M=1
10 IF (DTW.GE.ETCRV(1,1)) GO TO 14
    IF (DTW.LE.ETCRV(6,1)) GO TO 12
    DO 11 I=1,5
    IF ((DTW.LT.ETCRV(I,1)).AND.(DTW.GT.ETCRV(I+1,1))) GO TO 13
11 CONTINUE
12 ETV=ETCRV(6,2)
    GO TO 15
13 ETV=ETCRV(I,2)+((ETCRV(I+1,2)-ETCRV(I,2))*(DTW-ETCRV(I,1)))/(ETCRV
    1(I+1,1)-ETCRV(I,1))
    GO TO 15
14 ETV=(ETCRV(1,2))
15 IF (N.GT.1) GO TO 16
    N=N+1
    DAT1=DTW
    DAT2=ETV
    DTW=DTW+RANGE
    GO TO 10
16 IF ((DTW-DAT1).NE.0.) DEL=(ETV-DAT2)/(DTW-DAT1)
    IF ((DTW-DAT1).EQ.0.) GO TO 18
    IF (M.GT.1) GO TO 19
17 DEL=-DEL
    WRITE (6,35) DTW,ETV,DEL
    IF (DTW.LT.(DAT1-RANGE)) GO TO 20
    DTW=DTW-2.
    GO TO 10
18 XDEL=DEL
    XETV=ETV
    DTW=DTW-2.
    M=M+1
    GO TO 10
19 DEL=(XDEL+DEL)/2.
    ETV=XETV
    DTW=DTW+2.
    M=M-1
    GO TO 17
20 READ (5,26) M,N,DTW,((LCD(I),TH(I)),I=1,12)
    IF (M.EQ.0) GO TO 21
    GO TO 1
21 STOP
C
22 FORMAT (7F4.1)
23 FORMAT (7F8.7)
24 FORMAT (20A4)
25 FORMAT (F2.0)
26 FORMAT (2I2,F4.2,12(I2,F4.1))
27 FORMAT (9X,'ROW',4X,'COLUMN')
28 FORMAT (10X,I2,5X,I2)
29 FORMAT (3X,'AVERAGE DEPTH TO WATER',2X,F5.2,2X,'FEET')
30 FORMAT (3X,'TYPE OF MATERIAL',5X,'THICKNESS')
31 FORMAT (13(I2,F4.1),2X)
32 FORMAT (5X,3A4,9X,F5.1)

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```

ET 00530
ET 00540
FT 00550
ET 00560
FT 00570
ET 00580
FT 00590
ET 00600
ET 00610
ET 00620
ET 00630
ET 00640
ET 00650
ET 00660
ET 00670
ET 00680
ET 00690
ET 00700
ET 00710
ET 00720
ET 00730
ET 00740
ET 00750
ET 00760
ET 00770
ET 00780
ET 00790
FT 00800
ET 00810
ET 00820
ET 00830
ET 00840
ET 00850
ET 00860
ET 00870
ET 00880
ET 00890
ET 00900
FT 00910
ET 00920
FT 00930
ET 00940
ET 00950
FT 00960
ET 00970
ET 00980
ET 00990
ET 01000
ET 01010
ET 01020
FT 01040

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TABLE 6.—EVAPOTRANSPIRATION PROGRAM LISTING—CONTINUED

33	FORMAT (3X,'DEPTH TO WATER',12X,'ET',11X,'DELTA ET/DELT A H')	FT 01050
34	FORMAT (5X,F10.6,10X,F10.6)	ET 01060
35	FORMAT (5X,2(F10.6,10X),F10.6)	ET 01070
	END	FT 01080

