Site for Big Plant Offered by Malvern

Malvern Gazette, July 22-28, 1941

State Utilities Commissioner Joe Kinney has said that he will confer with Governor Adams in the near future to discuss the location of the aluminum or alumina plant which is to be built by the Office of Production Management, the organization which has taken over the work of the aluminum industry formerly under the control of Malvern Adams. The state utilities commission has already announced that it will not make any announcement on the location of the plant until after the conference with the governor.

Mr. Kinney said that he had been working on the problem for some time and that he would be willing to sell 100,000 tons of aluminum.

The state utilities commission will not announce the location of the plant until after the conference with the governor.

No Action In Negro Park

Bauxite Bid

Democrat, July 22-28, 1941

The city of Little Rock has received a request to lease the park for a term of 20 years. The lease is to be used for the purpose of constructing a new park for the federal government.

The city has already received a request to lease the park for a term of 20 years. The lease is to be used for the purpose of constructing a new park for the federal government.

May Expand Proposed Alumina Plant

Gazette, July 22-28, 1941

The company has announced that it will expand the plant and that it will be capable of producing 100,000 tons of alumina per year.

The company has announced that it will expand the plant and that it will be capable of producing 100,000 tons of alumina per year.

Bauxite Ore Discovered on Tax Lands

Land Use Committee Act to Protect

Gazette, July 22-28, 1941

The committee, meeting to discuss the matter, was told by the state department of mines that it had been working on the problem for some time and that it had already received a request to lease the park for a term of 20 years. The lease is to be used for the purpose of constructing a new park for the federal government.

No Action In Negro Park

Bauxite Bid

Democrat, July 22-28, 1941

The city of Little Rock has received a request to lease the park for a term of 20 years. The lease is to be used for the purpose of constructing a new park for the federal government.

The city has already received a request to lease the park for a term of 20 years. The lease is to be used for the purpose of constructing a new park for the federal government.

May Expand Proposed Alumina Plant

Gazette, July 22-28, 1941

The company has announced that it will expand the plant and that it will be capable of producing 100,000 tons of alumina per year.

The company has announced that it will expand the plant and that it will be capable of producing 100,000 tons of alumina per year.
Saline County

Industrial

Hopes Soar

 Gazette 8-10-41

Benton and Bauxite residents believe the
new aluminum plant awarded to Arkansas
will be located in Saline County "for the
same reason the Aluminum plant was
awarded to Hempstead," Mayor H. E.
Thatcher said yesterday.

As one of the leaders whose efforts resulted in the
establishment of the Arkansas plant, Mr. Thatcher
said it is "a thrill to think that all the
$100,000,000,000" might be located near
Benton, "because the region is definitely
receiving considerable water than an
Aluminum plant in this area.

"The water question alone was enough to
make Benton's claims strong," he added.

"It's a bumper crop of water in this
area, and the Alcoa will be everywhere in the
building process.

Residents of the county are grateful
for the visit of Mr. C. F. Norem and D. T. Derry
for their efforts in obtaining the plant, Mr. Andrew
said.

Don't Expect Power Plant

Saline County residents would like to see a
power plant near the bauxite industries, but
would not be too upset if one was not located there.

The President of the Saline Naval Yard
said that the facts in the plant would be
"something that can be used at any time in the
future in the event of the plant being
shut down at a later date.

"The plant is a huge one and it will be a
great asset to the community," he added.

Arkansas and Its Bauxite and

Gazette industry C-41

The recent award of the new industrial development is going to benefit Arkansas.

Definite selection of a site near Benton for the new plant increases the possibilities of building a $1,000,000,000 aluminum plant to be built by the government.

The Aluminum plant, located in Saline County, will be the first to be built in Arkansas.

And in addition to this great plant for the intermediate stage of aluminum production, another large plant is being planned for the final stage.

The specifications for the new plant are not yet known, but it is expected to be constructed by companies that have already built similar plants.

For Governor Adams, Representative D. D. Terry and other members of the industrial development in Congress.

And the many others who have labored so effectively to make Washington realize the importance of the industrial development for defense industries, there must be special satisfaction in the government's announcement of the selection of the Tullahoma, Tenn. for aluminum production.

For the present this will be a definite step toward the establishment of the Aluminum plant in the United States for defense purposes, and a step toward the establishment of the Aluminum plant in the United States for defense purposes, and a step toward the establishment of the Aluminum plant in the United States for defense purposes.
The announcement provided for the construction in Arkansas of a new aluminum plant at Batesville, the aluminum will be used in construction of aluminum housing for the military, and the construction will begin immediately. The Washington Post reported that the Aluminum Company of America, the largest aluminum producer in the United States, had signed a contract with the Department of Defense for the construction of the new plant. The plant will be built on the outskirts of the city of Batesville, and it is expected to be in operation by the end of the year.

**Contracts With Other Companies Under Negotiation.**

In addition to the new plant, the Aluminum Company of America and the Reynolds Mining Company are in negotiations to construct another plant in Arkansas. The Reynolds Mining Company has already purchased land in the area, and the negotiations are expected to be completed within the next few weeks.

**Mr. Norrell's Inspection of Batesville Area.**

Mr. Norrell has been in Batesville for the past few days, inspecting the site of the new plant. He has expressed his satisfaction with the location and has indicated that the plant will be in full operation by the end of the year.

**Transaction Not to Affect Anti-Trust Proceedings.**

In response to questions about the anti-trust proceedings against Alcoa, Mr. Norrell has stated that the new plant will not affect the outcome of the case. He has also stated that the new plant will not benefit Alcoa in any way.

**Adkins Urges Tests For Bauxite.**

Mr. Adkins has urged the government to conduct tests on the bauxite in the area. He has stated that the tests are necessary to determine the quality and quantity of the bauxite available.

**Agency To Buy Bauxite Discussed.**

The government is considering the purchase of bauxite from the local bauxite mines. The discussion has been held to determine the feasibility of the project and the cost of the materials.
Jesse Jones Defends Alcoa Contract

**Gazette**, 18-Oct-51

Washington, Sept. 15.—A $525,000,000 government contract with the Aluminum Company of America was awarded Washington, D.C., yesterday to the defense plants of the company.

Mr. Jones, who has been acting as the company's representative last week in the negotiations, said that the contract was awarded because of the company's ability to meet the government's requirements in a timely manner. He added that the company was confident of its ability to fulfill the terms of the contract.

More, Larger Aluminum Plants Sought

**Gazette**, 19-Oct-51

Washington, Sept. 17.—Plans for the construction of new aluminum plants have been announced by Loan Administrators of the aluminum industry.

The plans call for the construction of new plants with an annual capacity of 40,000,000 pounds, to be built at a cost of $100,000,000 each.

O.P.M. Chiefs Say Plans Unchanged

Washington, Sept. 25.—(Sept. 26.—)—The O.P.M. has announced that its plans for the construction of new aluminum plants remain unchanged.

The O.P.M. has been working with the aluminum industry to develop plans for new plants, with a goal of increasing the country's aluminum capacity by 50%.

No Change in Plans For Aluminum Units.

Washington, Oct. 1.—(Sept. 26.—) The O.P.M. has announced that its plans for the construction of new aluminum units remain unchanged.

The O.P.M. has been working with the aluminum industry to develop plans for new units, with a goal of increasing the country's aluminum capacity by 50%.
The court of the case, as outlined by special Assistant Attorney General Weber, held in his opening argument was that the defendants had conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. The object of the conspiracy was to prevent competition among the defendants and to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.

Mr. Thyoe, who represented the state, contended that the aluminum companies conspired to fix the prices of aluminum and aluminum products in Green Bay and elsewhere. He stated that the purpose of the conspiracy was to maintain a monopoly of the aluminum and aluminum product business in Wisconsin.
Reynolds Buys 2,000 Acres of Bauxite Leases

Expanded Operations Planned.

The Reynolds Mining Corp., a subsidiary of the Reynolds Metal Co. of Richmond, Va., has acquired leases on approximately 2,000 acres of bauxite leases in Pulaski and Saline counties and probably will begin mining operations within a few weeks. O. C. Schmidegen, in charge of negotiations for the company, said yesterday.

The lease agreements provide for payment of $30 per acre for each ton of bauxite mined from the acreage, half of which is in Pulaski and the other half in Saline county.

Mr. Schmidegen said the leases were for periods of five years and that work would begin in a few weeks.

No Monopoly
In Aluminum, Court Rules

The Supreme Court of the United States yesterday ruled that the aluminum industry is not a monopoly, as alleged by the government.

The court's decision was based on the fact that the industry is made up of many companies, each of which has a small share of the market. The court said that this makes it impossible for any one company to control the industry.

Adkins Urges
Impartial Site Selection

Governor Adkins urged impartial site selection for the aluminum project in Arkansas.

The governor said that the project is too big to be left in the hands of a few political leaders.

Sources of Bauxite
To Be Explored

The government is exploring the possibility of obtaining bauxite from other countries.

The government has made preliminary plans to obtain bauxite from the West Indies, but this has not yet been confirmed.

Federal Fund
For Bauxite Search Urged

The government is urging the use of federal funds for the search for bauxite in Arkansas.

The government has set aside $100,000 for this purpose, and this money is being used to pay for the search.

Protest

No Evidence
Of Conspiracy By Alcoa

The government has filed a motion to dismiss the conspiracy charges against Alcoa.

The government said that there is no evidence of conspiracy in the bauxite industry.

Judge Caffrey is expected to rule on the motion soon.
Plant Site
Report Due Wednesday
Gazette 10-12-41

Clifton H. Chadwick, Office of Production Management, announced the completion of work on a new oil plant which will be built in connection with the aluminum plant. The plant is located on a farm near the town of Benton, and will be used to produce aluminum from the ore. The company plans to begin operations in the next six months.

Might Strengthen Power Company's Position

A new power plant is scheduled to be completed by the end of the month. The plant will be located near the town of Benton, and will be used to produce electricity for the nearby aluminum plant. The company plans to begin operations in the next six months.

Announcement Of Plant Site Delayed

The company has announced that the construction of the new power plant will be delayed due to weather conditions. The plant is located near the town of Benton, and will be used to produce electricity for the nearby aluminum plant. The company plans to begin operations in the next six months.

Benton Has Little Hope Of Big Plant

The company has announced that the construction of the new power plant will be delayed due to weather conditions. The plant is located near the town of Benton, and will be used to produce electricity for the nearby aluminum plant. The company plans to begin operations in the next six months.

State-Owned Bauxite Ore Poses Problem

The company has announced that the construction of the new power plant will be delayed due to weather conditions. The plant is located near the town of Benton, and will be used to produce electricity for the nearby aluminum plant. The company plans to begin operations in the next six months.
Diversified Mineral Deposits Named Key

The plan is to mine three southwestern counties, identified as prime future sources of minerals, to diversify the state's mineral resources for the benefit of the southwestern counties. The counties identified are Bexar, Comal, and Kendall. The plan includes the development of new mineral deposits, the expansion of existing deposits, and the exploration for new mineral deposits. The plan also includes the establishment of new industries and the development of new markets for the minerals produced. The plan is expected to create new jobs and increase the economic vitality of the southwestern counties.

Cement Industry Grows

In some areas, the cement industry is growing rapidly. In particular, the cement plants in the southern part of the state are expanding their production capacities. The growing demand for cement is driven by the construction of new roads, bridges, and buildings in the area. The expansion of the cement industry is expected to create new jobs and stimulate economic growth in the region.

Gas Company Plans to Build New Plant

A new gas company plans to build a new plant in the southern part of the state. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The plant will be used to process natural gas and supply it to the local market. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Alcoa Names A. P. Allen to Build Plant

Alcoa has named A. P. Allen to build a new plant in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to produce aluminum. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Commission's New Plant

The Arkansas Power Commission has approved the construction of a new plant in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The commission has approved the construction of the plant and the company is expected to begin construction in the next few months. The plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Co. Reorganized

The Arkansas Power Company has undergone a reorganization. The company has changed its corporate structure and is now a subsidiary of a larger parent company. The reorganization has been approved by the state utility commission and is expected to improve the company's financial stability and operations.

San Antonio Star-Telegram

San Antonio, June 21 — The state utility commission has approved plans for a new plant to be built by the Arkansas Power Company. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The commission has approved the construction of the plant and the company is expected to begin construction in the next few months. The plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Commission

The Arkansas Power Commission has approved the construction of a new plant in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The commission has approved the construction of the plant and the company is expected to begin construction in the next few months. The plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.

Arkansas Power Plant

The Arkansas Power Company has approved plans for a new plant to be built in the southern part of the state. The plant will be used to generate electricity and supply it to the local market. The company has purchased land in the area and is in the process of designing the plant. The company is expected to begin construction in the next few months and the plant is expected to be operational within a year.
More Power Offered For ALCOA Plant

Company yesterday submitted a private power project for more than 100,000 kilowatt hours of electric power for the $20,000,000 aluminum plant which the firm is planning to build at Huntsville, Ala.

Mr. Roby, president of the Reynolds Metal Co., said last night that the new plant will be 250 feet in the air and will be near the city of Huntsville. He added that it is not unreasonably true that some of the power plant will be on the property of the company. It is also possible that the company will be able to purchase power from another source.

Up to Washington

Governor Adams, president of the defense plant corporation, said yesterday that the firm will build a power plant in the area. He said that the company will be able to supply power for the aluminum plant being built on the property of the company.

Some Preliminary Work Already Under Way

The Rock Island Line has started work on a proposed Lake Catherine site. Emphasis has been placed on the fact that the site is within a half mile of the proposed plant.

The project is being planned by the Plant Planning Board of the company.

Site Not Finally Decided, Says Official

The decision to build the plant at Lake Catherine is not final, says Mr. Allen. The company is still looking at other locations.

ALCOA Plant Site Is Renewed

December 12-13

Orders awarding the $33,000,000 contract to build the Hot Springs-Malvern-Seneca area are being held in abeyance pending the sale of the land to the company. The land is currently under lease to the U.S. government.

Rural Electrification Admin-

The Rural Electrification Administration has submitted a proposal to supply a part of the power needed for the aluminum plant in Alabama.

Big Aluminum Plant Site Not Chosen Finally

Cameron Said to Be In Running.

The decision to build the plant at Lake Catherine is not final, says Mr. Allen. The company is still looking at other locations.

Gaspe 12-7-41

Orders awarding the $33,000,000 contract to build the Hot Springs-Malvern-Seneca area are being held in abeyance pending the sale of the land to the company. The land is currently under lease to the U.S. government.

The decision to build the plant at Lake Catherine is not final, says Mr. Allen. The company is still looking at other locations.

Big Aluminum Plant Site Not Chosen Finally

Cameron Said to Be In Running.

The decision to build the plant at Lake Catherine is not final, says Mr. Allen. The company is still looking at other locations.

Economic Factors Will Decide, Says Mr. McClure

A delegation from Cameron, which was originally controlled by the OPM, has decided to continue its efforts to build the plant. Mr. McClure said that the delegation has already met with local officials and has discussed the possibility of building a plant in the area.

The delegation has been in Washington for two days. A letter was sent to Mr. Allen yesterday, stating that the delegation has decided to continue its efforts to build a plant in the area.

Mr. McClure said that the delegation has already met with local officials and has discussed the possibility of building a plant in the area.

Economic Factors Will Decide, Says Mr. McClure

A delegation from Cameron, which was originally controlled by the OPM, has decided to continue its efforts to build the plant. Mr. McClure said that the delegation has already met with local officials and has discussed the possibility of building a plant in the area.

The delegation has been in Washington for two days. A letter was sent to Mr. Allen yesterday, stating that the delegation has decided to continue its efforts to build a plant in the area.

Mr. McClure said that the delegation has already met with local officials and has discussed the possibility of building a plant in the area.

Mr. McClure said that the delegation has already met with local officials and has discussed the possibility of building a plant in the area.

Economic Factors Will Decide, Says Mr. McClure

A delegation from Cameron, which was originally controlled by the OPM, has decided to continue its efforts to build the plant. Mr. McClure said that the delegation has already met with local officials and has discussed the possibility of building a plant in the area.

The delegation has been in Washington for two days. A letter was sent to Mr. Allen yesterday, stating that the delegation has decided to continue its efforts to build a plant in the area.

Mr. McClure said that the delegation has already met with local officials and has discussed the possibility of building a plant in the area.
Alcoa Officials Rent Homes and Office at Malvern

Special to the Gazette, Jan 29, 1943

Pittsburgh, Pa., Feb. 8-Carl H. Cuffman, president of the Malvern Chamber of Commerce, made a recent visit to Alcoa headquarters here and said his company was considering the building of $30,000,000 aluminum plant to be located near Malvern.

The visit was made to determine whether Alcoa might be interested in building the plant in the vicinity of Malvern. Cuffman said the company was considering building the plant in the area and that the company would make a decision in a few days.

Big Aluminum Plant Will Be Built on Lake

Selection Said to Be Definite.

Gazette, Jan 30, 1943

The proposed $30,000,000 aluminum plant and power unit will be constructed on Lake Catherine, according to Alcoa officials. The location was selected after a survey of the entire state of Arkansas by Alcoa representatives.

The selection of the site was based on the availability of water, transportation facilities, and the availability of labor.

Bauxite Breaks Ground Today For Big Plant

Democrat and Chronicle, Jan 30, 1943

Bauxite, Ark., Jan 18-S. J. Blayney, chief engineer of the Alcoa plant, said today that the first step in the construction of a new aluminum plant in this city would be the laying of the foundation stone.

The work was expected to be completed in about a week, after which the construction of the plant will begin.

O'Malley Prices for Bauxite

$3 to $5.40

Gazette, Jan 25, 1943

Average prices to be paid for bauxite mined for use in Arkansas' new aluminum industry will range from $3 to $4.50 a ton, according to George C. Branson, manager of the American Smelting & Refining Co., who made his return from Washington last week.

Branson said the company's office of production management will release a schedule of prices within the next few weeks. These prices will cover the cost of bauxite mined from the Clay-Lane deposit and other nearby locations.

Arkansas Bauxite Plants Will Be Located in Clay-Lane

The Gazette, Jan 21, 1943

A new aluminum plant will be built in Clay-Lane, according to George C. Branson, manager of the American Smelting & Refining Co., who made his return from Washington last week.

Branson said the company's office of production management will release a schedule of prices within the next few weeks. These prices will cover the cost of bauxite mined from the Clay-Lane deposit and other nearby locations.

Riedel, W. P. Putlitz, assistant general manager, and Alcoa officials were on hand Saturday at the site of the new aluminum plant to order the construction of the plant and the power unit had been held up.

The decision of the plant to be built at Lake Catherine was based on the availability of water, transportation facilities, and the availability of labor.

Plant Due to Be in Operation by Spring of 1944.

Because of the outbreak of war, the construction of the plant will be rushed. Allen refused to say whether his company had been selected, but a Gazette informant predicted that work on the project will begin within a few weeks.

The plant at Malvern, according to one of the largest in the world, will be capable of producing 100,000 tons of aluminum per year. The plant will be located near the city of Malvern and will be in operation by spring of 1944.

Alcoa has been holding bids for the structural steel and concrete work. Fabrication of the building was ordered several weeks ago and the plant will be ready for operation several months from now.

The plant will employ approximately 250 workers and the plant will cover approximately 21 acres. The plant will have 10,000 tons of concrete and 6,000 tons of copper will be installed.

Power supply will supply power for the plant while a gas line will be laid from a plant at a nearby steam power plant will be built for the plant.

Directing the meeting at Shreveport, La., Saturday afternoon, were James W. Gentry, president of the Defense Plant Corporation at Shreveport, and Dr. George L. Riedel, president of the American Smelting & Refining Co., who is an electrical engineer.

The Frenchmen brought it down to a point of 542 by 1943. Now, by use of the electrolysis process developed by Charles P. Daly in 1890, the Frenchmen, in the words of Judge R. T. Clark of the United States District Court in Kentucky, have discovered the process for transforming the crude bauxite into aluminum.

As a result, the Frenchmen, in the words of Judge R. T. Clark of the United States District Court in Kentucky, have discovered the process for transforming the crude bauxite into aluminum.

Bauxite Reserves Only Enough For Six Years

Washington, Dec. 27-8-The estimated remaining reserve of bauxite in the United States is only enough for six years, according to a survey made by the government.

A report from the survey has been made and the survey is expected to be completed in a few weeks. The survey was conducted by the government in cooperation with the bauxite industry.

The report indicates that there are only about 200,000 tons of bauxite in the United States that can be profitably mined.

The report indicates that the current rate of consumption is about 300,000 tons per year and that there is no guarantee that the remaining reserve will be sufficient to meet the demand.

Bauxite Stock Pile. This report indicates that the current rate of consumption is about 300,000 tons per year and that there is no guarantee that the remaining reserve will be sufficient to meet the demand.

The report indicates that the current rate of consumption is about 300,000 tons per year and that there is no guarantee that the remaining reserve will be sufficient to meet the demand.

Bauxite Stock Pile. This report indicates that the current rate of consumption is about 300,000 tons per year and that there is no guarantee that the remaining reserve will be sufficient to meet the demand.

Bauxite Stock Pile. This report indicates that the current rate of consumption is about 300,000 tons per year and that there is no guarantee that the remaining reserve will be sufficient to meet the demand.
State Has Bauxite for 5.8 Years of War If Exports Were Cut Off

Estimate Does Not Include Lower Grades Which Cannot Now Be Used Economically

Democrat 1-1-45

Bauxite reserves of the United States, 98 per cent of which are in Saline and Pulaski Counties, are sufficient to satisfy war needs as "now envisioned" for 5.8 years "should it become necessary under emergency conditions to prohibit imports," the Bureau of Mines declares in a report on "Bauxite Resources of the United States".

But the Bureau warned—and it is this possibility that makes some State officials apprehensive lest the war effort deprive the State of one of its richest natural resources—that the United States has been a constant habit of eating the ever-expanding aluminum industry that at the end of the 5.8 years "the aluminum industry must depend entirely on foreign bauxite or resort to other raw materials, such as aluminum or high-grade clay at greatly increased prices."

The report, prepared by a group of bauxite resource experts who have spent months of actual bauxite exploration in the State, declares there is enough bauxite in Arkansas to produce 6,280,000 tons of aluminum.

However, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for making aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.

The report also warns that not all of the Grade A and Grade B bauxite is usable for producing aluminum. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable. Only the bauxite that is high in aluminum content and is free from foreign materials is usable.

Therefore, not all of the 29 million tons of bauxite in Arkansas is usable for producing aluminum to supply American needs for aluminum construction material. Only the Grade A and Grade B bauxite can be used for aluminum production. None of the Grade C and Grade D bauxite can be used for aluminum production because of the low amount of aluminum contained in these two grades.
Alcoa Official Speaks Before Engineers Club
Gazette 2-1-42
P. A. Allen, director of the Aluminum Company of America, at a meeting of the Engineers Club in the Hotel Marine.

Although he confined his address to the subject of his experiences in the production of aluminum, Mr. Allen said after the discussion that "continuous progress" was being made on the various plants of the company in the state. The surveying and mapping of the huge plant at Tennyson Park in the Gladstone district of Gladstone was almost completed, he said, and was in two-12-hour shifts in grading and grading operations.

The speaker traced briefly the history of the company back to September 15, 1916, and said that the first shipment of aluminum to the coast was made May 30, 1917. The first shipment was only 37,000 lbs., but it increased rapidly, and in 1919 it was 3,000,000 lbs.

A joint meeting of the Engineers Club and the Arkansas Society of Professional Engineers will be held here in the Hotel Marine and other cities.

Arkansas To Open Bauxite Mines
Gazette 2-1-42

Arkansas Bauxite Production
Gazette 2-1-42

The Bauxite Company, which recently entered the bauxite mining business, will open a new bauxite mine near Tennyson Park, according to the Arkansas Bauxite Company.

Bauxite Reserves May Be Exhausted
Gazette 2-1-42

ARKANSAS AREA TO GET TEST IN BAUXITE QUEST

Government Will Make Survey.
Gazette 2-1-42

Department of Interior agents were prepared yesterday to spend several months on the hunt for new bauxite deposits in a 600-mile area extending from Pulaski in Clark to Arkansas.

Tests for the ore from which aluminum is produced, for which bauxite is the precursor, will begin in about three weeks. A magnetic survey of the area, followed by drilling, will be made by specialists from the U.S. Geological Survey.

Huge Area South Of Little Rock To Be Tested

The area in which tests will be made is a strip of land extending from Little Rock south to Arkansas, and northward to Pulaski county, and extending from Pulaski county west to Clark county. The whole area is about 60 miles wide and 30 miles long.

Huge areas in which tests will be made are enrolled by the government for this purpose.

State Geology Department Completes Magnetic Survey.
Gazette 2-1-42

Dr. George C. Branner, state geologist, has completed a magnetic survey of the entire state area under consideration in one big field.

The gravity survey will show where the ore bodies lie, and the magnetic survey will show the location of the mineral deposits.

No Person or Corporation To Have Special Consideration.

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

The Defense Plant Corporation plans to sell bauxite, and has been told by the Department of the Interior that the company is not going to be able to sell bauxite at low prices, or even give it to the Defense Plant Corporation.

Bauxite Reserves May Be Exhausted
Gazette 2-1-42

Arkansas's bauxite reserves may be exhausted in five or six years, according to a recent report of the Geological Survey.

The state geologist, who returned from Washington yesterday, said the War Production Board was considering whether to call for more bauxite, or to continue with the existing production.

The new survey of the state is expected to show that the reserves are being exhausted at an alarming rate.

The geological survey data show that Arkansas has a large amount of bauxite, but the reserves are being depleted rapidly.

State Government decides to increase production, it is said, will have to be done in a hurry, and the bauxite is needed as soon as possible.

Mr. Branner said the government has decided to increase production, and the War Production Board has been asked to increase production to meet the needs of the bauxite mines.

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

The Defense Plant Corporation, under the terms of the Defense Plant Corporation Act, is authorized to dispose of all existing bauxite deposits in the country, and the War Production Board has been asked by the state government to increase production.

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

The Defense Plant Corporation, under the terms of the Defense Plant Corporation Act, is authorized to dispose of all existing bauxite deposits in the country, and the War Production Board has been asked by the state government to increase production.

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

The Defense Plant Corporation, under the terms of the Defense Plant Corporation Act, is authorized to dispose of all existing bauxite deposits in the country, and the War Production Board has been asked by the state government to increase production.

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

The Defense Plant Corporation, under the terms of the Defense Plant Corporation Act, is authorized to dispose of all existing bauxite deposits in the country, and the War Production Board has been asked by the state government to increase production.

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

The Defense Plant Corporation, under the terms of the Defense Plant Corporation Act, is authorized to dispose of all existing bauxite deposits in the country, and the War Production Board has been asked by the state government to increase production.

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

Lease Holders and Landowners Find Prices Unfavorable.
Gazette 2-1-42

The Defense Plant Corporation, under the terms of the Defense Plant Corporation Act, is authorized to dispose of all existing bauxite deposits in the country, and the War Production Board has been asked by the state government to increase production.
More Magnesium Also Needed.

GAZETTE  5-30-42
Washington, D.C., May 26.—The War Production Board today said that President Roosevelt's "blueprint for victory" call for producing more magnesium in 1943 would necessitate a $500,000,000 expansion of magnesium capacity, a vast increase over the present level.

The government officials said, is taking steps to provide an annual magnesium supply approximating more than 7,000,000 pounds per month—compared with former, production goals approximating 3,700,000 pounds.

Magnesium output, totaling 339,000 pounds in 1942, would require an additional 1,100,000 tons of raw material. The Soviet Union, which delivers magnesium in 1,000-kilogram and 500-kilogram cans, has made available 9,000,000,000 kilograms of the alloy.

The output of magnesium is essential to the war effort, with magnesium parts showing up in every important war material. The metal is used in the manufacture of aeronautical parts, in the production of electronic components, and in the fabrication of certain types of ordnance.

To Require Great Amount Of Electric Current.

Bart said the vast aluminum industry, which has a potential value of $9,000,000,000, would require an additional 1,000,000 kilowatts of electric power. He said that the aluminum supplies would force cutoff of other industries, with a high percentage of the available power going to the aluminum plants.

The total output of aluminum, which is used extensively in the manufacture of aircraft, is estimated at 10,000,000 pounds per month. The output of aluminum parts is expected to increase to 15,000,000 pounds per month, with a possible increase to 25,000,000 pounds per month.

The Aluminum Company of America, the largest aluminum producer in the United States, has announced plans to increase its aluminum ingot production to 10,000,000 pounds per month, with contracts but shortages among industry associations. The Aluminum Company of America, which produces 90% of the aluminum in the United States, has contracts totaling 1,000,000 pounds per month.

The aluminum industry, which was founded in 1908, has made great strides in the development of new uses for aluminum, with the metal being used in a wide variety of applications, including aircraft, automobiles, and household appliances.

In conclusion, the aluminum industry is critical to the war effort, with the production of aluminum parts playing a vital role in the manufacture of aircraft, electronic components, and ordnance. The aluminum industry is expected to continue its growth in the post-war period, with a strong demand for aluminum parts in the development of new products and applications.
U.S. May Take Confederate Home Bauxite

Gazette 3-28-42

Washington, March 28 (AP).—Representative Sanders (Dem., Ala.), said he was assured by war production officials today that work would be started soon on an aluminum plant at Batesville, La., costing in excess of $15,000,000. Sanders said the plant would be constructed and operated for the Reconstruction Finance Corporation under the direction of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation’s Defense Plant Corporation by the Aluminum Company of America, which is building a similar plant for the government in Arkansas in connection with an aluminum plant at Hope, Ark.

Aluminum is a powdered substance that is mixed with coal to make a raw material needed in the manufacture of bauxite.

The importance of this plant for Hope will not be over-emphasized because it is a vital industry, inviolately attract.

Bauxite Company will put its subsidiary aluminum plant into production as quickly as possible, and the aluminum will be shipped to the government and used in the manufacture of bauxite.

Just what will be done about the 10,000,000 bushels of bauxite which is located on properties of the Hope Bauxite Company, was not revealed.

Mrs. John Lofkin, Little Rock; a mother of six children, who farms the property, said the government had asked her to try to work the land, but that she was too busy working on the farm to do so.

Bauxite, which is primarily used for the manufacture of aluminum, is one of the most valuable minerals in the world. It is a soft, white, friable rock that is composed of hydrated aluminum oxide. The extraction of bauxite is a complex process that involves mining, beneficiation, and smelting. The aluminum industry plays a crucial role in the global economy, as aluminum is one of the most widely used metals due to its lightweight, strength, and corrosion resistance. There are several types of bauxite, each with different properties and uses. For instance, high-grade bauxite is used for the production of pure aluminum, while lower-grade bauxite can be used for other applications. The demand for aluminum continues to increase, driven by its use in various industries, including aerospace, automotive, and construction. The bauxite industry is a significant contributor to the global economy, providing jobs and development in mining and processing areas.
New Stock Pile to Be Considered

Gazette 7-1-42

The Metals Reserve Division of the Defense Plant Corporation, with whom it agreed yesterday to reopen the question of establishing a stock pile at the Sweet Home smelting works, will be immediately put to use in its new alumina deposit in the vicinity of Thetford, Idaho.

The governor, assisted by Commissioner David D. Terry of Long Beach, has urged the establishment of stock pile for several months on the ground that most of Pullulan county's bauxite is found on that side of Granite mountain.

Decision On Bauxite Stock Pile Expected

Gazette 7-1-42

Governor Adkins effort to get a decision on the establishment of a Sweet Home stock pile is expected to receive a favorable response from the government.

He said he has scheduled a conference with the Metals Reserve Division, the Defense Plant Corporation, who have been stationed at the plant for several days.

The Metals Reserve Division has had a good market for the stockpile deposit in bauxite deposits in the vicinity of Thetford, Idaho, and the Defense Plant Corporation will be interested in using the new alumina deposit in its new plant.

In the past month, many bauxite producers have said that the Sweet Home smelting plant is not an efficient plant and can be removed with little loss.

When these observations are considered, the test drilling crews begin their work.

This unit consists of the test drilling crew, the test drilling crew chief, and the other hauling a 60-ton water tank. The derrick supports a small core-drilling unit, and the drill is used in making small pilot holes, forcing the shavings to the surface and bringing the drill core to the surface. The core is inspected by geologists, who examine the core for the desired types of minerals and the core is inspected for more detail. From the core the geologists can obtain a definite idea about the type of deposit.

Base Price Of $4 Ton On Bauxite

Gazette 7-1-42

Gratified by Order of WPB

The announcement that the price of bauxite has been increased to $4 per ton was gratifying to the bauxite industry.

BAUXITE MINING DUE FOR SPORT, OPERATORS SAY

Gazette 7-1-42

Action of the War Production Board in placing production of high-grade ore under complete control will mean in the future that aluminum will be obtained from the Bellissi county fields and reupholstering mines will be abandoned in the area.

The new order will be carried out by the Bauxite Corporation, under the direction of the new board. The new order will be issued immediately after the high-grade ore is produced.

Large Quantities Of Low Grade Ore Available

Veteran bauxite miners say that large quantities of low-grade bauxite are being produced in the high-grade deposits and are only about 20 tons in the high-grade deposits.

The change is expected to place a valuation of $400 million on its low-grade ore with which so much of it has been sold on the market. The new order will be effective immediately after the high-grade ore is produced.

Two-thirds Of Ore Said To Have Been Wasted

Bauxite operators have charged that two-thirds of the bauxite ore in Saline and Pulaski counties has been wasted due to the current systems of mining and reduction. They believe that the new order will end this waste.

A recent survey by the United States Bureau of Mines showed that Arkansas fields contained 2,584,000 tons of Class D bauxite, 97% of which was from the high-grade deposits.

Mr. Anderson said that according to the Bureau of Mines, the state has received even all of the Class D bauxite that it contained and is wanted for war industrial use.

He said that more than 95% of the nation's domestic bauxite is contained in the state and must come from the Arkansas bauxite fields.

First Aluminum Plant Unit Ready To Go

Lake Catherine Production Starts This Week, Says Norrell

In the last year, the work on the construction of the new aluminum plant in Pulaski county has progressed rapidly during the last few weeks. The Defense Plant Corporation received the first unit of the plant on June 15 and it is being operated.

Norrell told an interviewer he was pleased with the work of the engineers and officials of the company, who will operate the plant for the government, and who will be paid the special wages necessary to complete the plant.

The construction of a companion unit was completed in all detail in about 30 days, which was less than the average time it would take to complete a plant of this magnitude.

The construction of the companion unit was completed in all detail in about 30 days, which was less than the average time it would take to complete a plant of this magnitude.

Among the engineers and officials who have worked on the plant during the last few weeks was a man who has been in charge of the project.

The last unit, organized for the construction of a companion unit on December 5, will be delivered to the plant on August 15, and it is expected that the plant will be ready for operation by that time.

Technical and administrative officials in the government and in the Bureau of the Budget.

They will work with the engineers and officials of the company to complete the companion unit, and the plant will be delivered to the government and the Bureau of the Budget.

The government is highly pleased with the work of the company and the engineers and officials who have worked on the project.

The average cost of production in October, will produce ahead of schedule, Norrell added. "The last unit, organized for the construction of a companion unit on December 5, will be delivered to the plant on August 15, and it is expected that the plant will be ready for operation by that time."

Technical and administrative officials in the government and in the Bureau of the Budget.

The government is highly pleased with the work of the company and the engineers and officials who have worked on the project.

The average cost of production in October, will produce ahead of schedule, Norrell added. "The last unit, organized for the construction of a companion unit on December 5, will be delivered to the plant on August 15, and it is expected that the plant will be ready for operation by that time."

Technical and administrative officials in the government and in the Bureau of the Budget.

The government is highly pleased with the work of the company and the engineers and officials who have worked on the project.
**ALUMINUM MAY BE PROCESSED CHEAPLY FROM KANSAS CLAY**

July 16, 1944

Lawrence, Kan., July 16—University of Kansas scientists believe they have found a cheap new way of producing aluminum.

A large-scale producer of aluminum may be developed as successfully as laboratory tests on that have shown, Dr. E. D. Moser, director of the Kansas Geologica Survey, has announced.

The new process uses clay from Kansas deposits containing quantities as large as those never before discovered in the United States. 

The process involves the use of aluminum oxide, a clay-like material that is found in Kansas.

**New Process Uses Clay**

The process, developed by Dr. Moser, involves the use of a clay material that is high in aluminum oxide content. The clay is mined and then processed to extract the aluminum oxide, which is then reduced to aluminum metal.

**Bauxite Ore Survey Data Now Available**

July 20, 1944

Bauxite ore, a key raw material for aluminum production, is now available in large quantities from Arkansas, according to new survey data from the U.S. Bureau of Mines.

**New Refining Plan Recommended**

July 20, 1944

A new refining plan for aluminum production is being recommended by a committee of mining engineers.

The committee, which includes experts from the University of Chicago, the University of California, and the University of Texas, has recommended a new process for refining aluminum that would reduce the cost of production significantly.

**U-Boats Threaten to Cut Off Dutch Guiana Source**

July 20, 1944

The Dutch government has stated that recent reports of U-boat activity in the area could affect the supply of Dutch Guiana aluminum.

**Bauxite to Get Higher Grade For Postoffice**

July 20, 1944

Bauxite, established as a company town by the Republic Mining Co., has been authorized to increase its grade for postoffice purposes.

The new grade will allow the town to be classified as a "White Haven" for white workers, while remaining a "Negro" for black workers. The move is expected to help attract more workers to the town.

**New Process\: READY TO TURN OUT ALUMINUM**

July 20, 1944

A new process for producing aluminum is being tested at a laboratory in Kansas. The process involves the use of a clay material that is high in aluminum oxide content.

**Arkansas Quickly Become Skilled Workers**

July 20, 1944

A new training program for aluminum workers is being developed in Arkansas. The program will provide skills needed for the aluminum industry.

**New Plan Is READY TO TURN OUT ALUMINUM**

July 20, 1944

A new plan for producing aluminum is being developed in Kansas. The plan involves the use of a clay material that is high in aluminum oxide content.