Company Is Developing Reported Rich Strike of Gold and Silver In Its Mine East of Gillham
De Queen Bee 7-1-27

Gillham, Ark., June 29.—A strike of gold and silver-bearing ore was made as high as $30.40 a ton in gold and $12.50 a ton in silver, has been made at the Sevier Mining and Smelting Company, four and one-half miles east of Gillham, according to W. E. Harrell, mining engineer and prospector of 25 years experience.

Operation of the mine with a crew of four men was begun one week ago and 18 tons of the ore, consisting of gneiss and ordinary burr quartz, had been removed Monday. Although the showing of gold has been good from the start, with only a trace of silver, Harrell said the silver showing improves as the vein is penetrated.

Negotiations for outside capital to install equipment for milling the ore at the mine are now pending and expected to be completed within a short time, according to Harrell and other members of the Co.

Much work has been done at the mine and considerable machinery installed. A 750-foot shaft has been sunk to a depth of 17 feet to the vein which, according to Harrell, is 9 feet 3 inches wide and extends to the Comstock river a half mile west of the mine and westward three miles. How deep it is there is no way to determine except by penetration.

Machinery includes two air drills and a 4,000-gallon centrifugal pump. A Chevrolet engine provides the power. The ore is dynamited and taken from the mine via a huge bucket, then transported in a dump car over a high track which has been constructed to a point approximately 100 yards from the shaft, where it is dumped. Water for use at the mine is piped in from a never-ending natural spring above the mine.

Harrell said he located the gold vein while prospecting in the area in October, 1912. A year ago he returned with his son, J. E. Harrell, began preparations for mining the ore. He has bought the 40 acres on which the mine is located and lives on it with his son. Young Harrell was seriously injured by a premature explosion and came near losing his eyeshield. This delayed development plans and resulted in withdrawal of parties interested in them. They continued work after the son’s recovery, however. De Queen Bee

Geologist Finds Old Silver Mine
Denver, Colo. (AP) — Numerous leads have been found in the Crow Creek mining district in the middle of the Black Hills, according to the diet of the old silver mining district. Mr. Braden, of the Commerce Co., has been prospecting in the district for the past two years. The mine, he said, is located about 10 miles west of Rapid City and is operated by the Black Hills Mining Co.

Harrison Receives Record Of Gold Received With Reserve 12-22-39

In a letter dated August 3, 1889, to the United States government, Harrison declared that he had found a vein of gold in the Silver Hill neighborhood. This area, according to Mr. G. C. Brown, has been prospected for the past few years. However, until recently, no one had found a vein of gold in this area. Mr. Harrison’s discovery has opened up new possibilities for the development of the Silver Hill district.

Report Of Gold Received Again Search North Carolina Where Nuggets Once Were Found By the Pound

Raleigh, N. C. (AP) — After almost 20 years of searching, two prospectors once more are getting rich in North Carolina. The two prospectors are Indians and they have discovered a large gold mine in the state. The mine is located in the town of Greensboro, and is known as the “Indian Gold Mine.”

The gold mine was discovered by two Indians who had been prospecting for gold in the area. They found a vein of gold ore and decided to follow it. After a few months of mining, the Indians had accumulated enough gold to pay for their expenses and start a small mining business.

The mine was operated by the Indians for several years, but it was abandoned when prices of gold declined. In the late 1930s, a new group of prospectors discovered the mine and began operations. Today, the mine is one of the largest gold producers in the state.

Legend of Mines Long Sought
Richard Crain, a road overseer in Harrison township, was interested in learning more about the legendary silver mine on what is now the railroad bridge. He began searching for the mine in 1940, and after many years of searching, he finally located the mine in 1960.

A road was built over the mine in 1961, and a monument was erected in honor of the miners who worked there. In 1965, the mine was designated a state historic site.

That’s Gold in Them There Hills May Be True of the Arkansas Quack, ‘Tis Said

Harrison — Gold and silver “water” ore that pays $11,000 a ton to the tonnage mill in the neighborhood of Lonaconing in Allegany County, has been found in the town of Silver Hill, in the neighborhood of Lonaconing in Allegany County, according to the story of Mr. C. M. Brown, who has been prospecting for several years. Mr. Brown has been told that the mine was abandoned by the Indians because they did not know how to work it.

The mine is located in the town of Silver Hill, and is known as the “Indian Gold Mine.” It is the only gold mine in the state that has been discovered by Indians. The mine was abandoned by the Indians because they did not know how to work it.

The mine was operated by the Indians for several years, but it was abandoned when prices of gold declined. In the late 1930s, a new group of prospectors discovered the mine and began operations. Today, the mine is one of the largest gold producers in the state.

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SEARCH PLANNED FOR
"LOST" SILVER MINE
1-28-40

As soon as the weather permits, Mr. Clark and operations toward openings of the mine will be started. Many prospectors have sought the "lost" mine, supposed to be located about 10 miles down the Buffalo river. The Buffalo river is crossed by Highway 68 just south of the Buffalo river. Zinc, copper and other mineral ores have been uncovered in the area.

FAMOUS SILVER MINE BELIEVED LOCATED, LOST FOR 75 YEARS
Special to the Gazette. 1-25-40

Harrison, Aug. 31. - H. C. Law- allen and P. M. Reeves, Harrison residents, succeed in their new quest to find the lost 1867 Indian silver mine, located on Silver Hill, five miles south of St. Joe, in Harrison County, which was once the site of a large silver mine. The mine was discovered by Hugh Allen in 1867 and later worked by a group of miners from St. Joe. A long subterranean passageway, 200 feet long and 300 feet deep, is believed to exist beneath the mine, and attempts are being made to locate it.

To Drain Lake in Quest of Silver
Special to the Gazette. 1-26-41

Harrison, Jan. 26. - Bert Law- allen and Marshall and P. Reeves of Oklahoma, have leased more than 1,000 acres of the Dewitt land on Silver Hill, and are searching for the legendary Indian Silver Mine. The mine was worked by Indian miners in the late 1800s and early 1900s, but its exact location has been lost. The miners are using modern technology to search for the mine, hoping to discover a rich vein of silver.

Little Boy Rock Resident Spent Fortune in Quest

Mark Boyd of Little Rock is said to have spent a small fortune over 300 years ago trying to locate the mine. The mine was located in the mountains of Arkansas, and the search for it has been a lifelong obsession for Boyd. His family has a history of mining in the area, and Boyd believes that the mine contains valuable minerals.

The residents of the area have been using modern technology to search for the mine, hoping to discover a rich vein of silver.